

*Search for third generation
squarks at CMS*

Mariarosaria D'Alfonso

(CERN)

on behalf of the CMS collaboration

Introduction

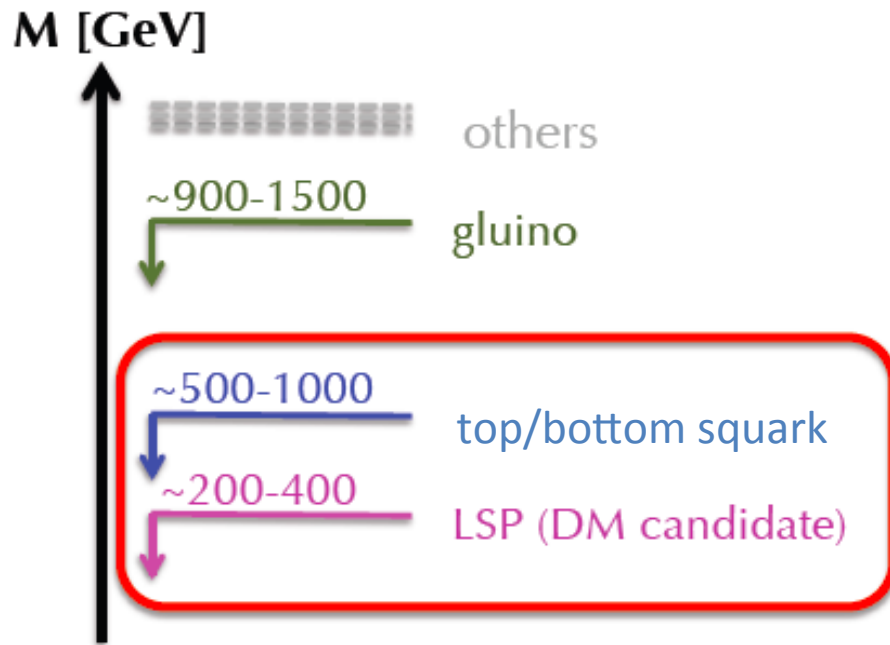
The existence of dark matter (DM) is overwhelming but its properties are unknown.

→ This motivates us to search for DM candidate in colliders produced in cascade of the others particles.

The Higgs boson with a mass of 125 GeV exists. The EWK breaking mechanism gives a special role to the particles of the third generation.

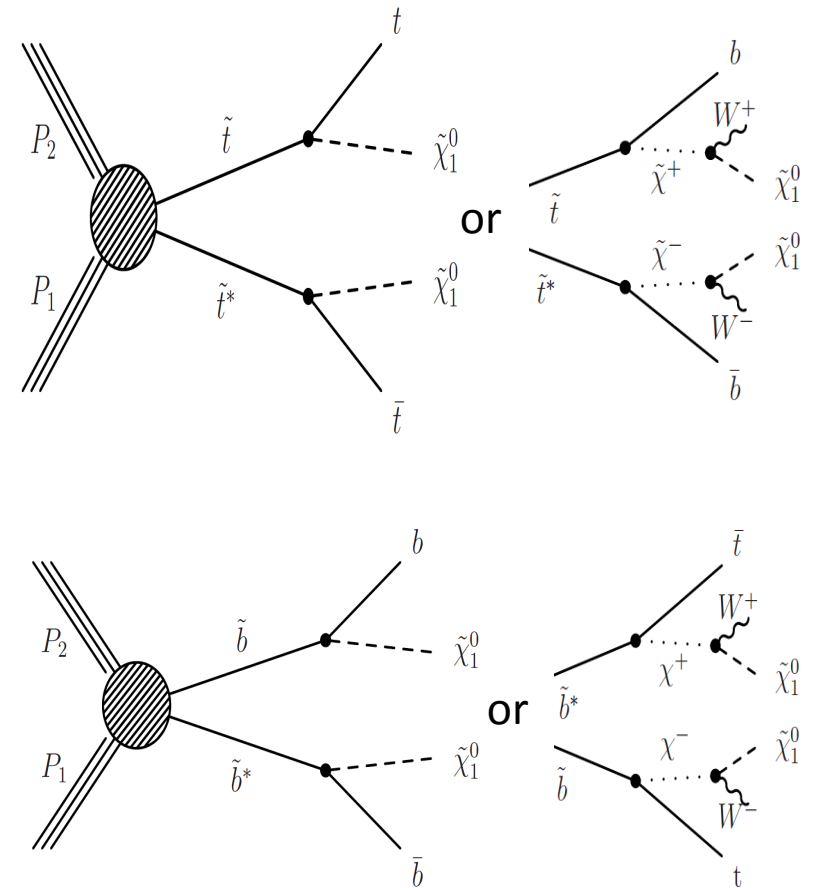
→ This motivates us to search for third generation partners.

Stop/sbottom production

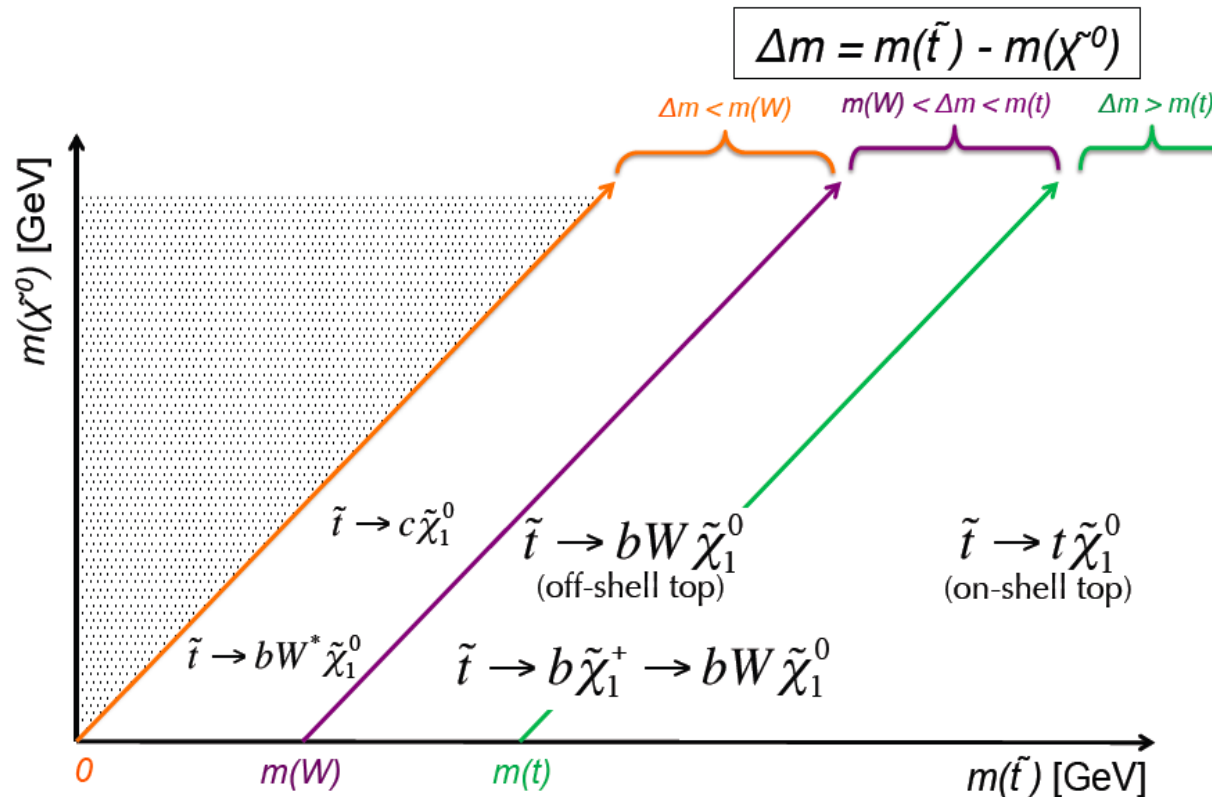


Typical cross section stop/sbottom:
 2 pb @ 300 GeV
 0.025 pb @ 600 GeV

SM $T\bar{T}$ $\sim 230 \text{ pb}^{-1}$



Top Squark decays



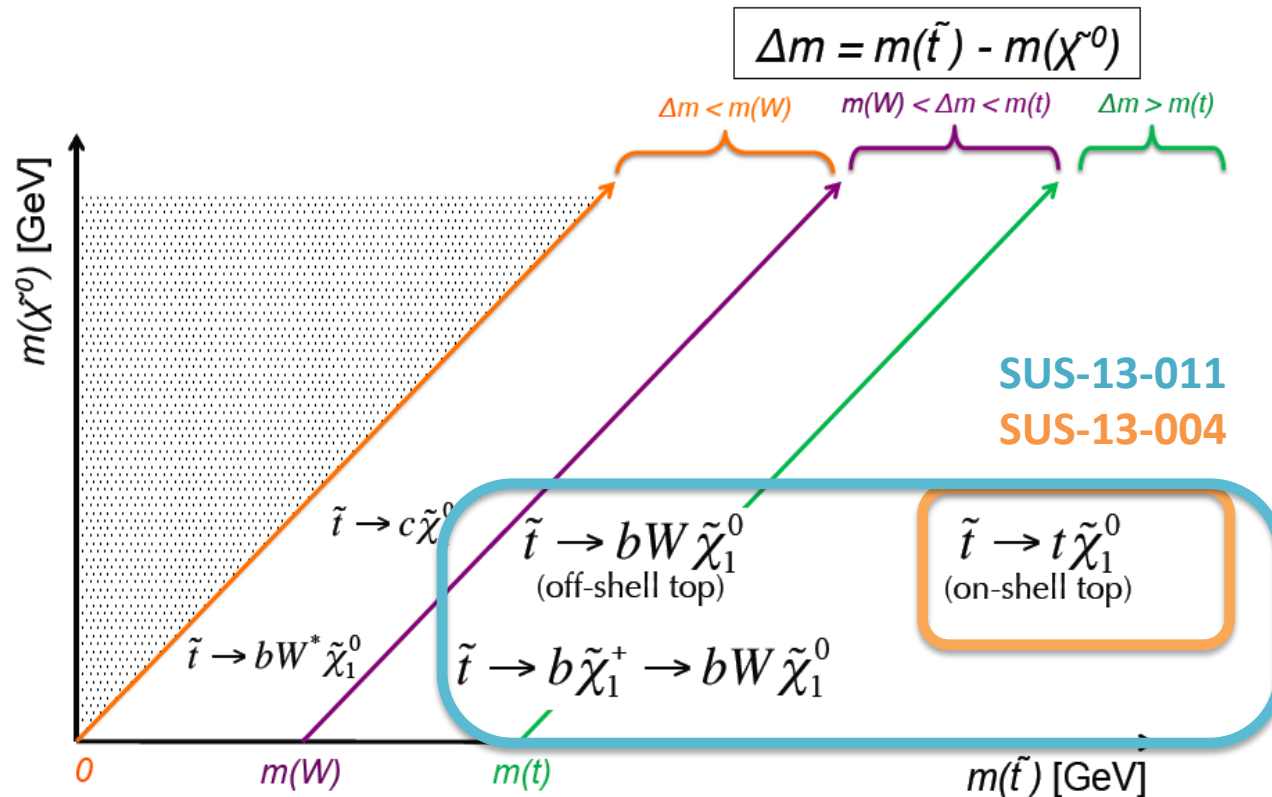
No single signature dominates:

fully hadronic (many bkg but largest BR)

semi-leptonic (clean and moderate BR)

Opposite-sign dileptons (very clean, low BR)

Top Squark decays



SUS-13-011 (1 e/mu): <http://arxiv.org/abs/1308.1586>

Discriminating variables: MET, MT(l/met)

SUS-13-004 (0 lepton / 1 e/mu):

Discriminating variables: razor

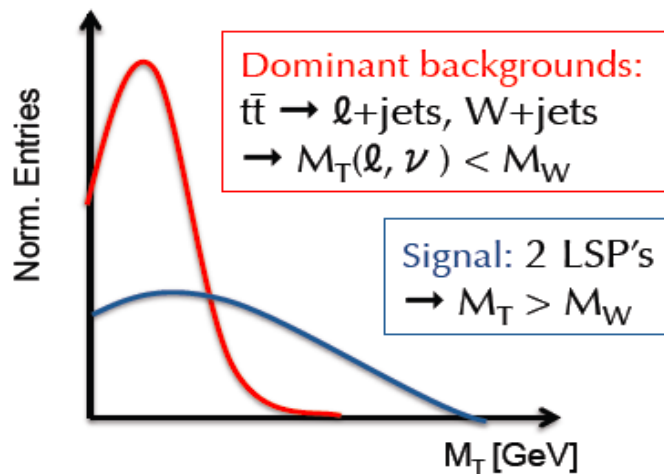
SUS-13-011

Event pre-selection

- 1 high p_T isolated e or μ
- ≥ 4 jets with ≥ 1 b-jet
- Veto events with a second lepton
- Moderate E_T^{miss}

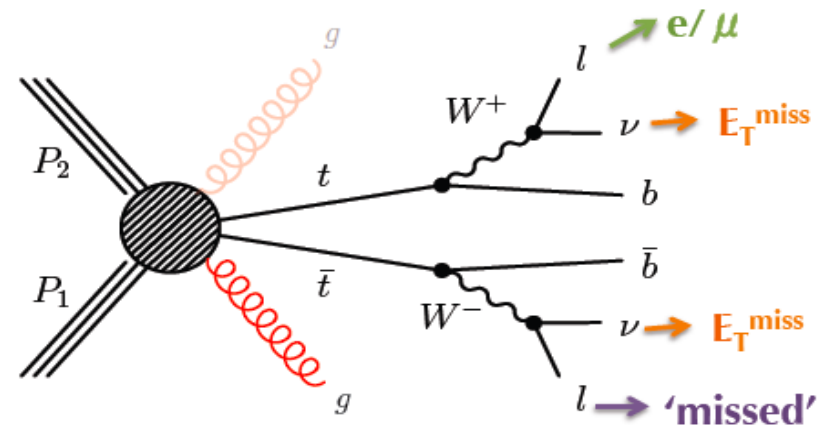
Search in M_T tail

$$M_T(\ell, E_T^{\text{miss}}) \gg M_W$$



Main backgrounds

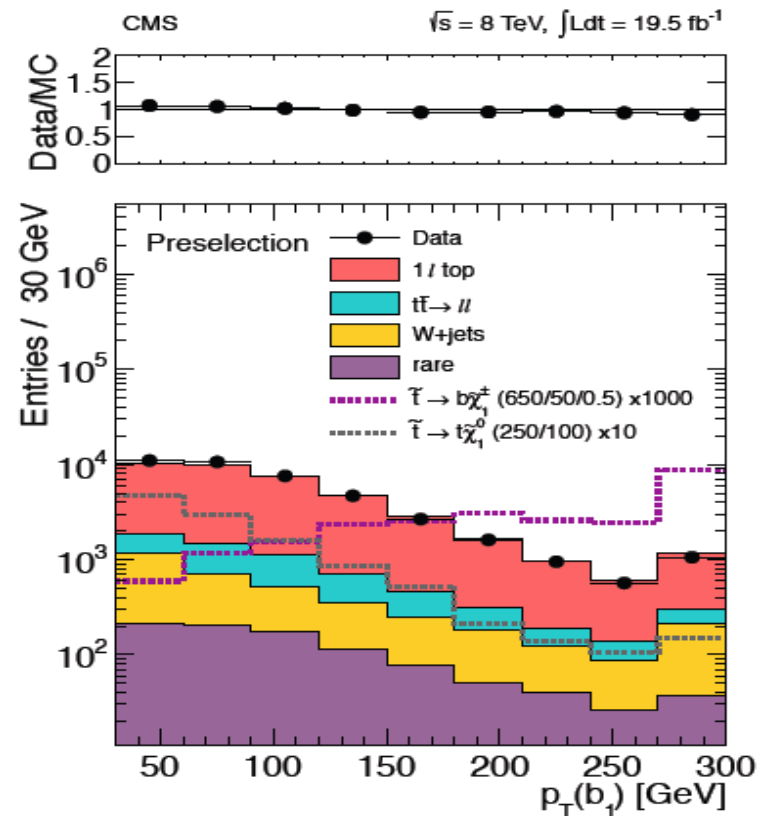
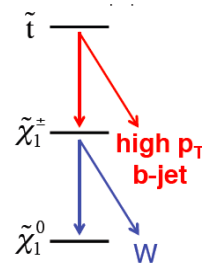
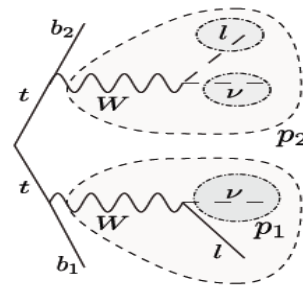
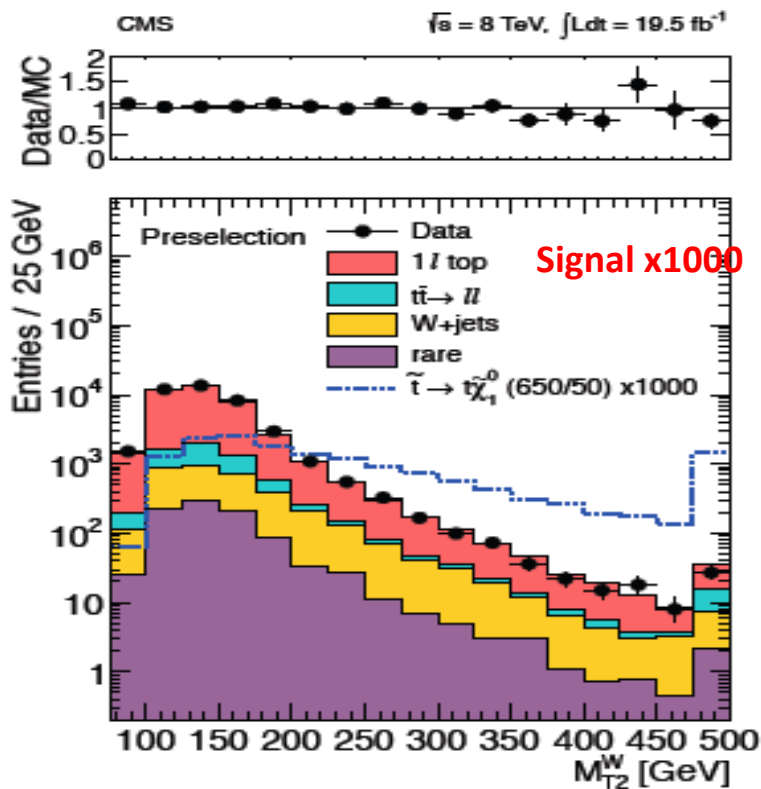
- $t\bar{t} \rightarrow \ell\ell$ dominant in M_T tail



- Single lepton backgrounds:
 $t\bar{t} \rightarrow \ell + \text{jets}$ & single top s/t-channel (1 ℓ top), W+jets
- Rare processes:
 mainly $t\bar{t} + W/Z/\gamma$, tW

Discriminating variables

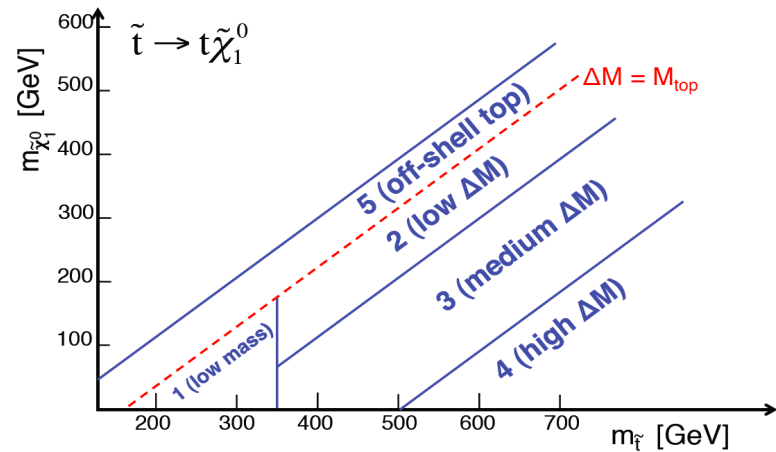
Comparison data vs. MC of the kinematic distributions after event preselection, shows that the MC model well the data.



Discriminating variables

Different signal regions target different decay modes and a range of signal kinematics.

DBT and **cut based** analysis in place

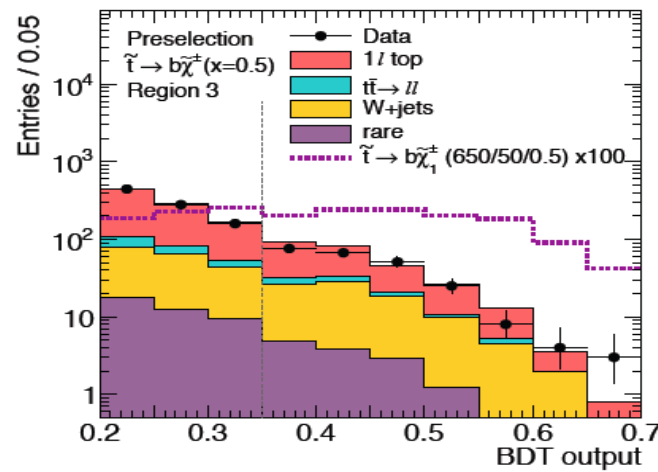
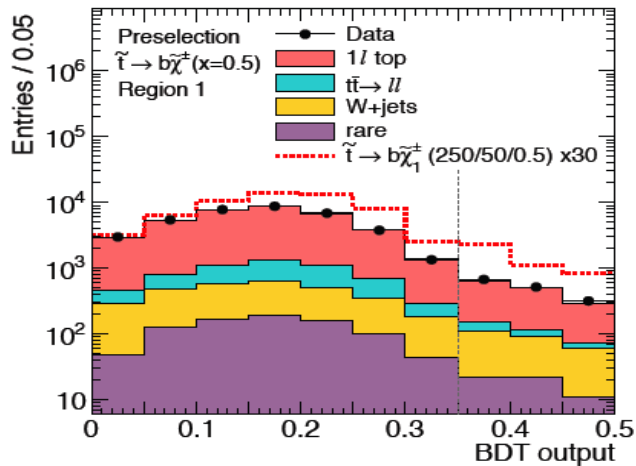
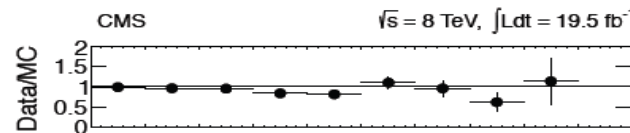
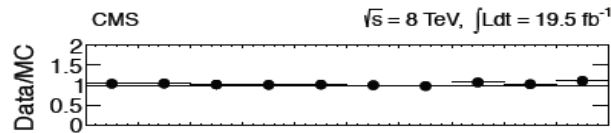
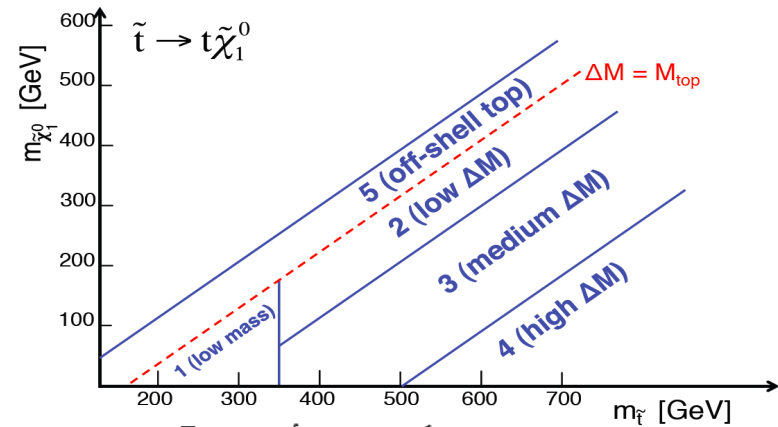


Selection	$\tilde{t} \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$			$\tilde{t} \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^+$		
	BDT	cut-based		BDT	cut-based	
		Low ΔM	High ΔM		Low ΔM	High ΔM
E_T^{miss} (GeV)	yes	> 150, 200, 250, 300	> 150, 200, 250, 300	yes	> 100, 150, 200, 250	> 100, 150, 200, 250
M_{T2}^W (GeV)	yes		> 200	yes		> 200
min $\Delta\phi$	yes	> 0.8	> 0.8	yes	> 0.8	> 0.8
H_T^{ratio}	yes			yes		
hadronic top χ^2	(on-shell top)	< 5	< 5			
leading b-jet p_T (GeV)	(off-shell top)			yes		> 100
$\Delta R(\ell, \text{leading b-jet})$				yes		
lepton p_T				(off shell W)		

Discriminating variables

Different signal regions target different decay modes and a range of signal kinematics.

BDT and **cut based** analysis performed.



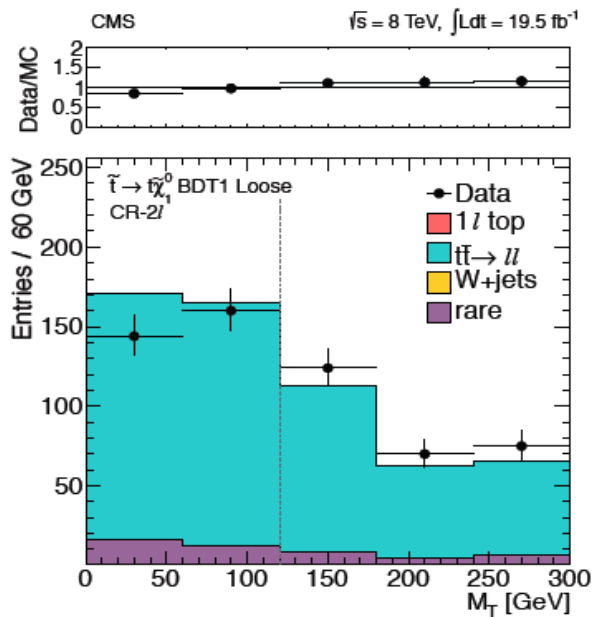
BDT output well modelled too.

Control region data/MC comparison

Estimate backgrounds from MC \rightarrow normalized to the MT peak
 MT tails validated with control samples \rightarrow extract scale factor.

2 l

$t\bar{t}$ validation

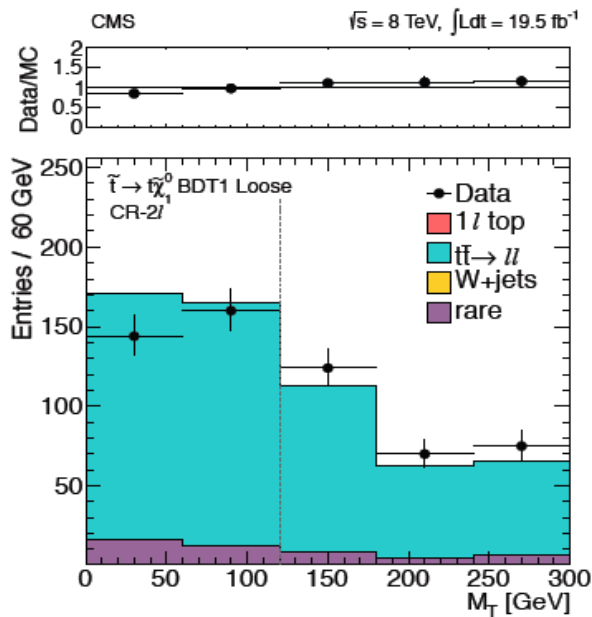


Control region data/MC comparison

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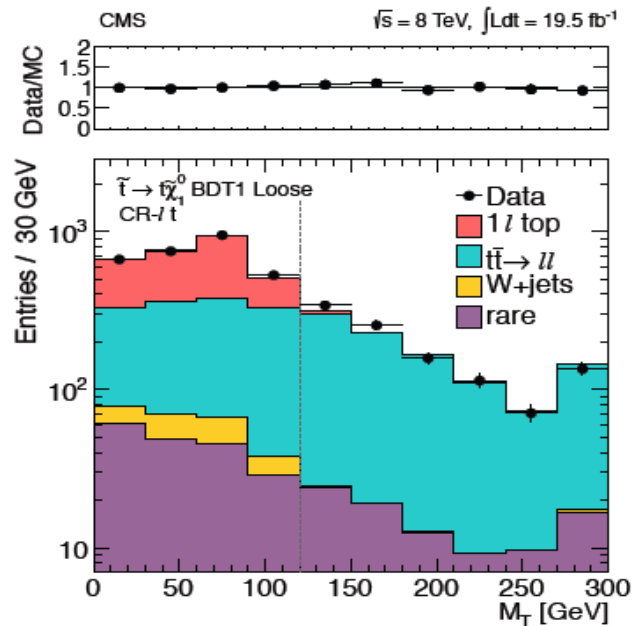
2ℓ

$t\bar{t}$ validation



$\ell + \text{track} / \tau_{\text{had}}$

$t\bar{t}$ validation

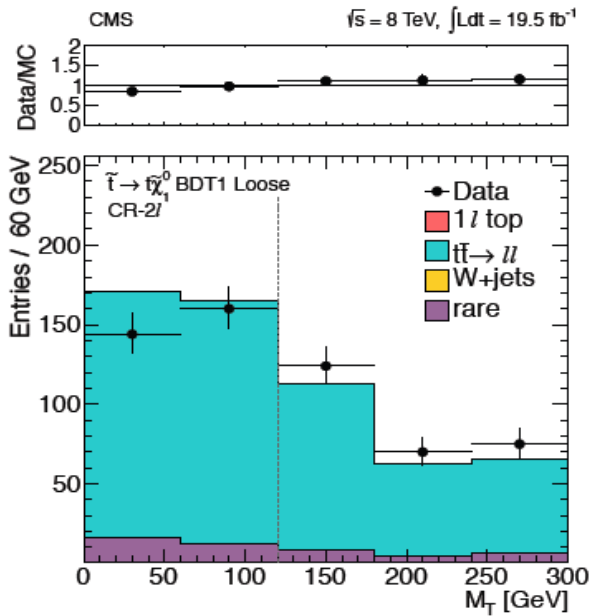


Control region data/MC comparison

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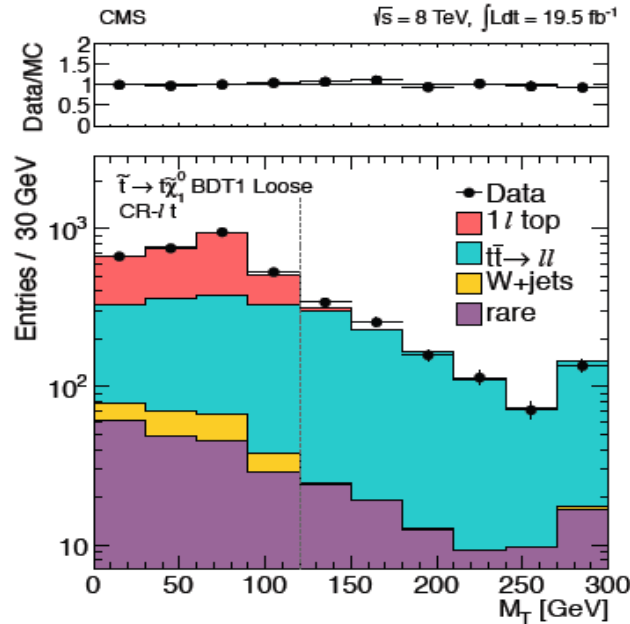
2 ℓ

tt validation



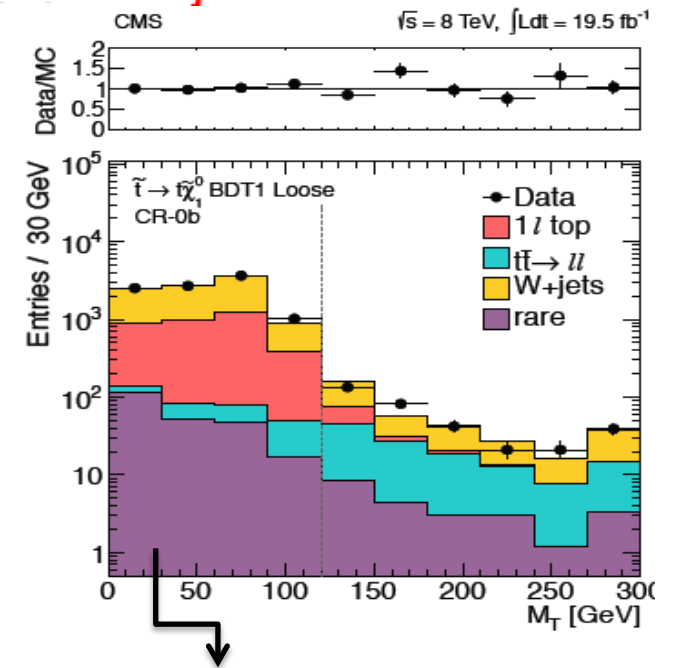
ℓ + track / τ_{had}

tt validation



b-veto

W+jets validation

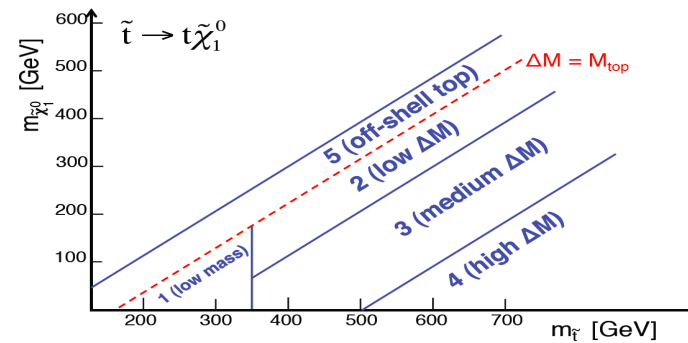


Extrapolation for the ttbar 1l

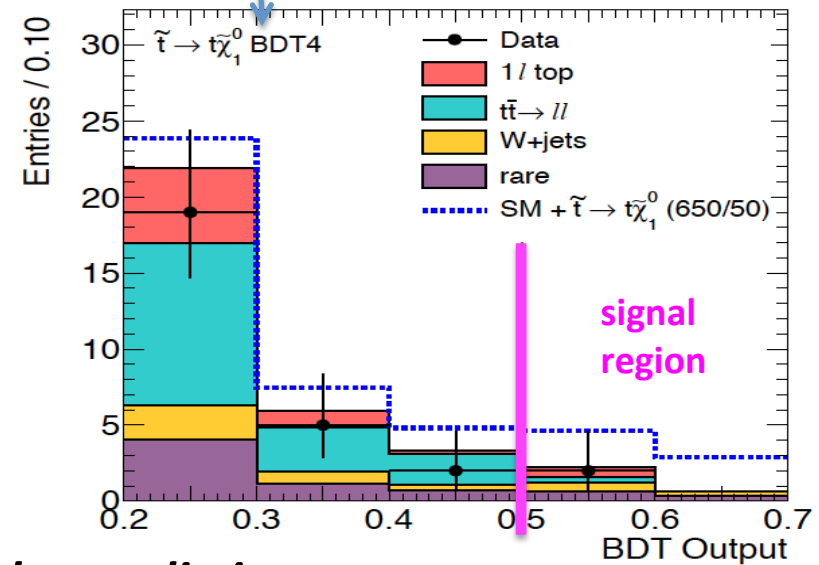
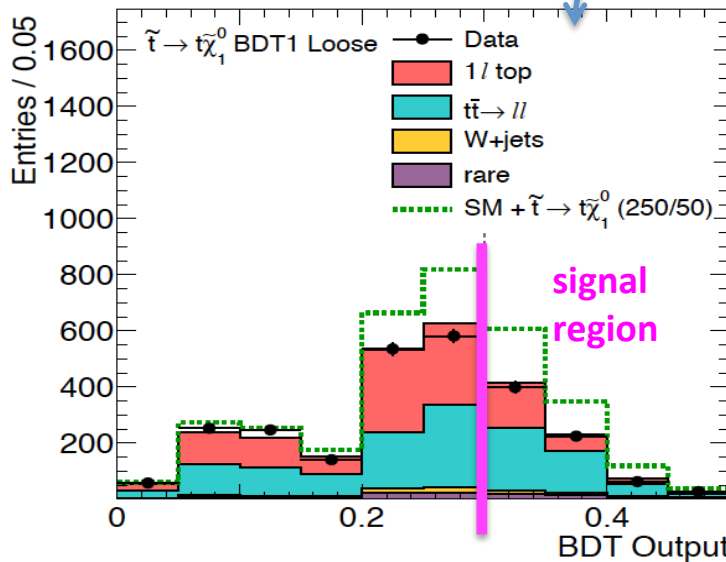
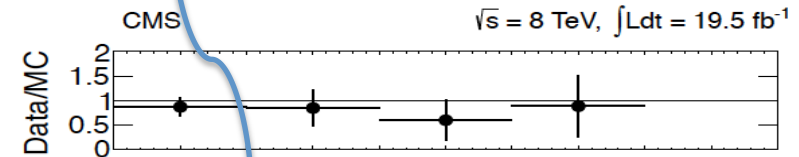
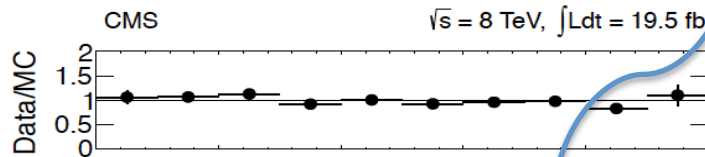
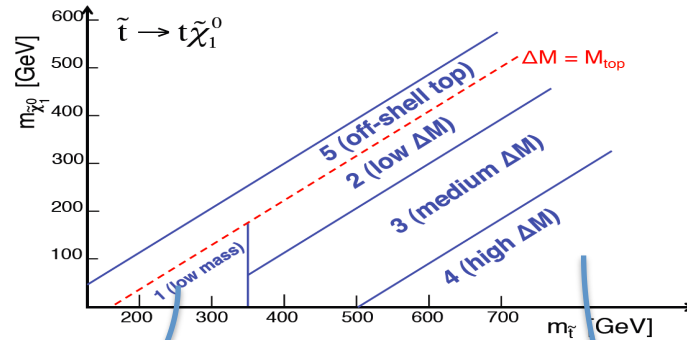
Results

Sample	$\tilde{t} \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$					
	BDT1 Loose	BDT1 Tight	BDT2	BDT3	BDT4	BDT5
$t\bar{t} \rightarrow \ell\ell$	438 ± 37	68 ± 11	46 ± 10	5 ± 2	0.3 ± 0.3	48 ± 13
1 ℓ Top	251 ± 93	37 ± 17	22 ± 12	4 ± 3	0.8 ± 0.9	30 ± 12
W+jets	27 ± 7	7 ± 2	6 ± 2	2 ± 1	0.8 ± 0.3	5 ± 2
Rare	47 ± 23	11 ± 6	10 ± 5	3 ± 1	1.0 ± 0.5	4 ± 2
Total	763 ± 102	124 ± 21	85 ± 16	13 ± 4	2.9 ± 1.1	87 ± 18
Data	728	104	56	8	2	76
$\tilde{t} \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ (250/50)	285 ± 8.5	50 ± 3.5	28 ± 2.6	4.4 ± 1.0	0.3 ± 0.3	34 ± 2.9
$\tilde{t} \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ (650/50)	12 ± 0.2	7.2 ± 0.2	9.8 ± 0.2	6.5 ± 0.2	4.3 ± 0.1	2.9 ± 0.1

Data are consistent with the prediction

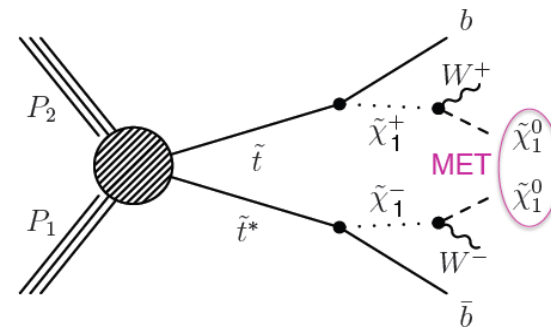
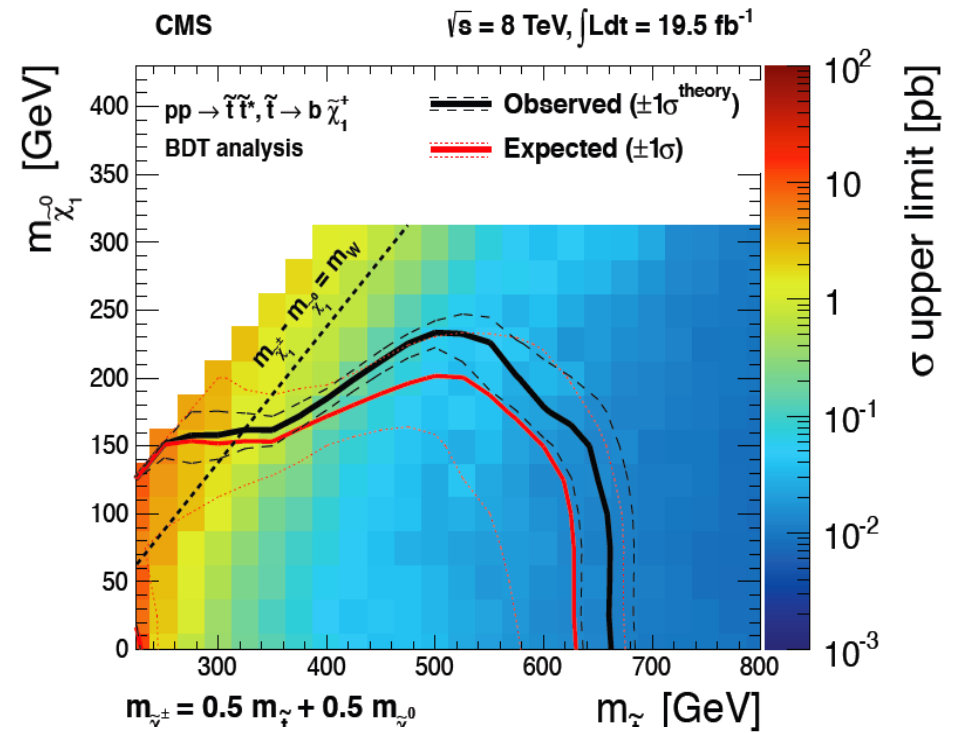
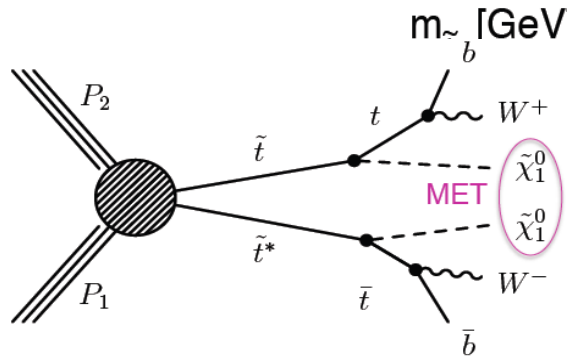
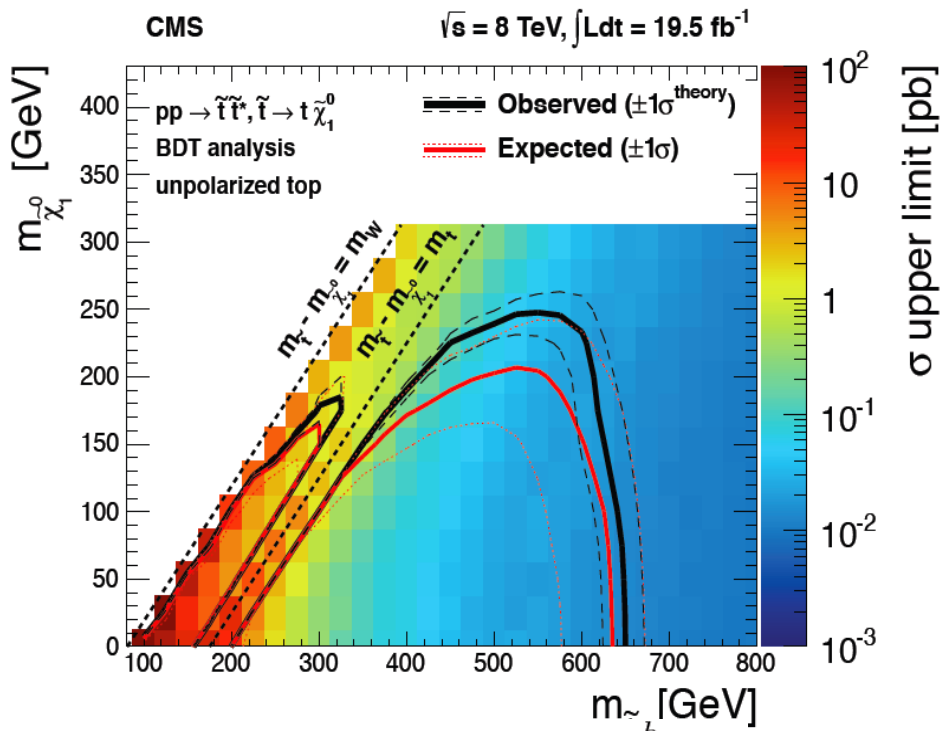


Results



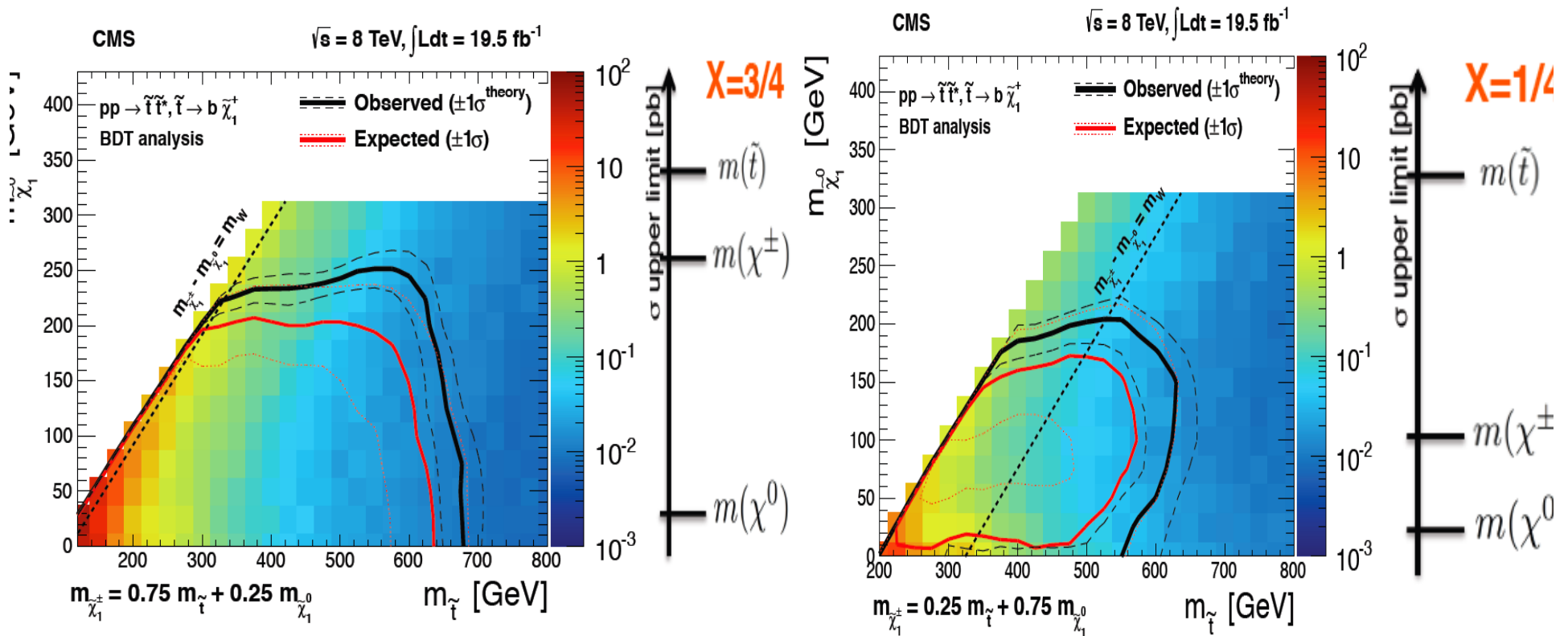
Data are consistent with the prediction

SUS-13-011 interpretation



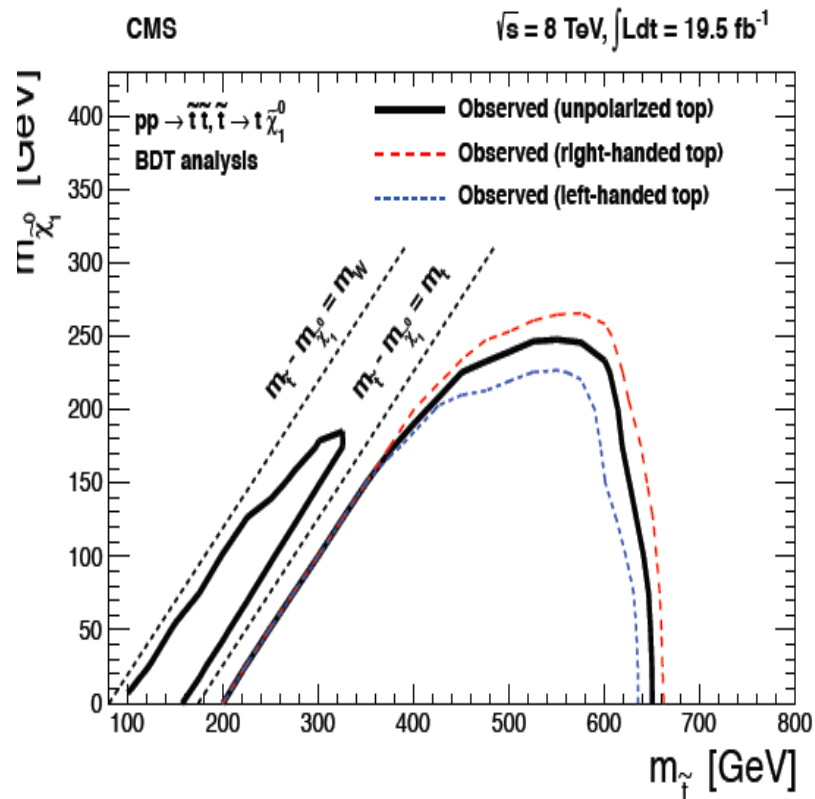
Interpretation of our results (1)

Different mass hierarchies are investigated.



Interpretation of our results (2)

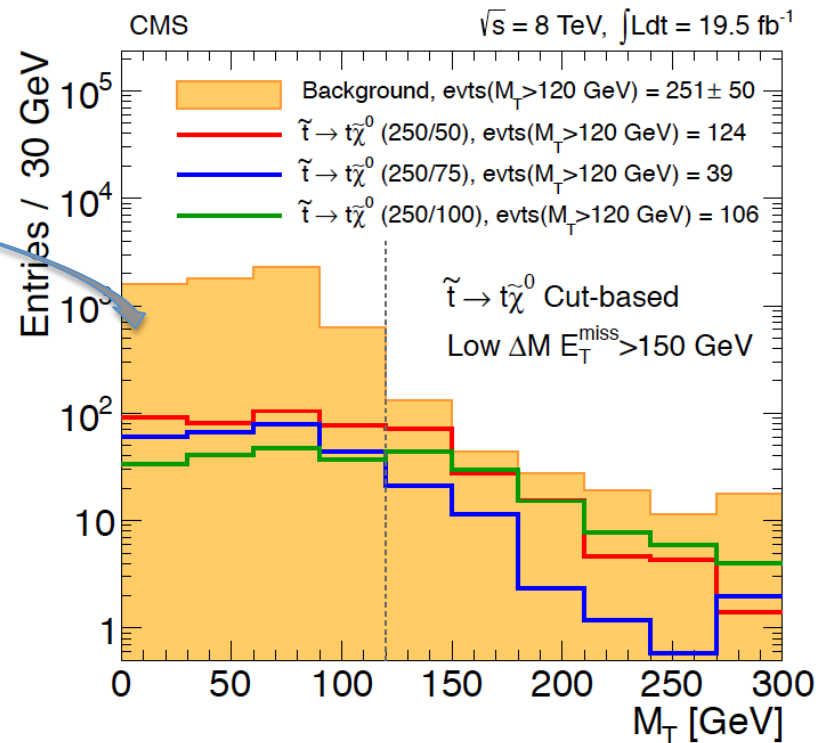
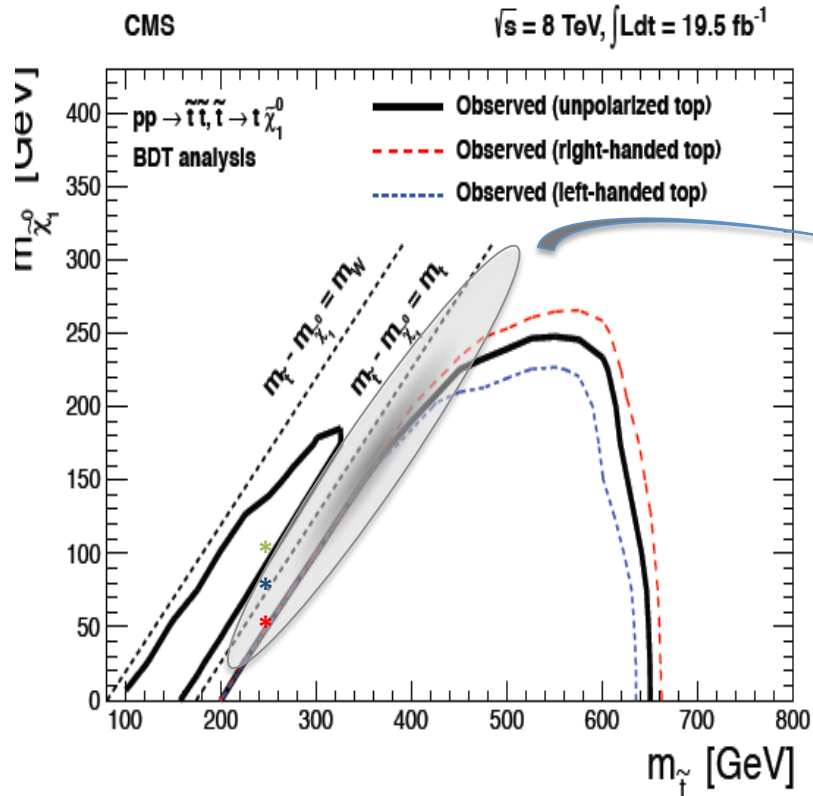
Small variation of the cross section UL for fully left and right handed polarized tops



Interpretation of our results (2)

Small variation of the cross section UL for fully left and right handed polarized tops

Still some unexplored region: when $\Delta m(\text{stop}, \text{LSP}) \sim m_{\text{Top}}$ the MT doesn't have a long tail



razor

Cluster all objects in one events into two megajets

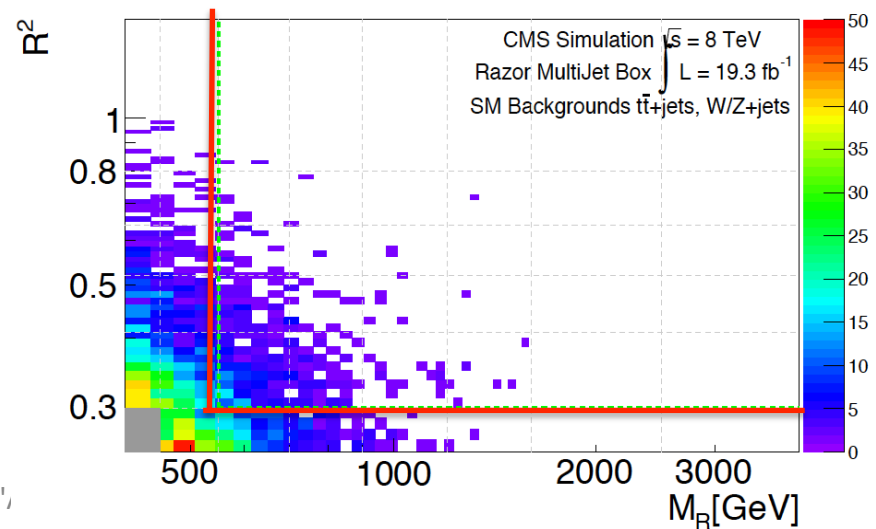
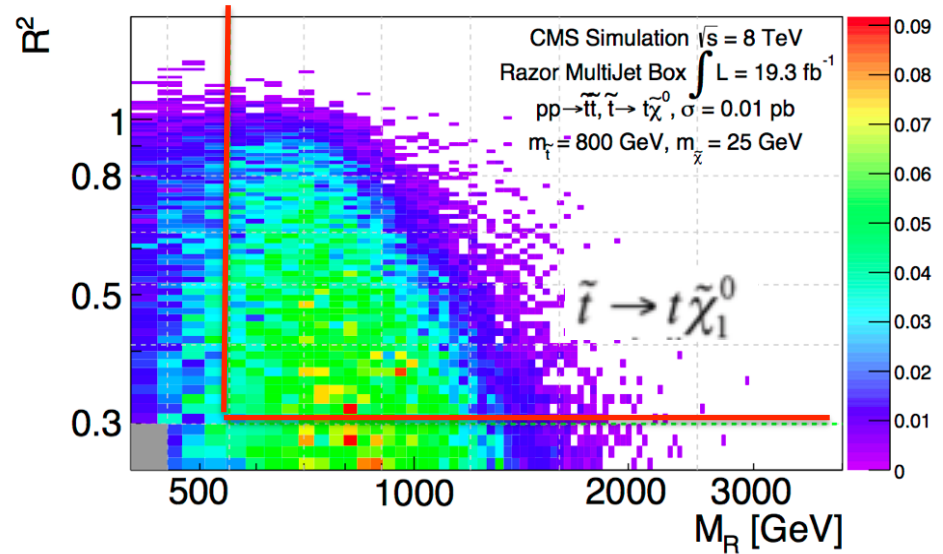
Reduce the pz impact by boosting to the rest frame in two megajets-system

$$M_R \equiv \sqrt{(E_{j_1} + E_{j_2})^2 - (p_z^{j_1} + p_z^{j_2})^2}$$

Divide MET equally for each decay chain

$$M_T^R \equiv \sqrt{\frac{E_T^{miss} (p_T^{j_1} + p_T^{j_2}) - \vec{E}_T^{miss} \cdot (\vec{p}_T^{j_1} + \vec{p}_T^{j_2})}{2}}$$

$$R \equiv \frac{M_T^R}{M_R}$$

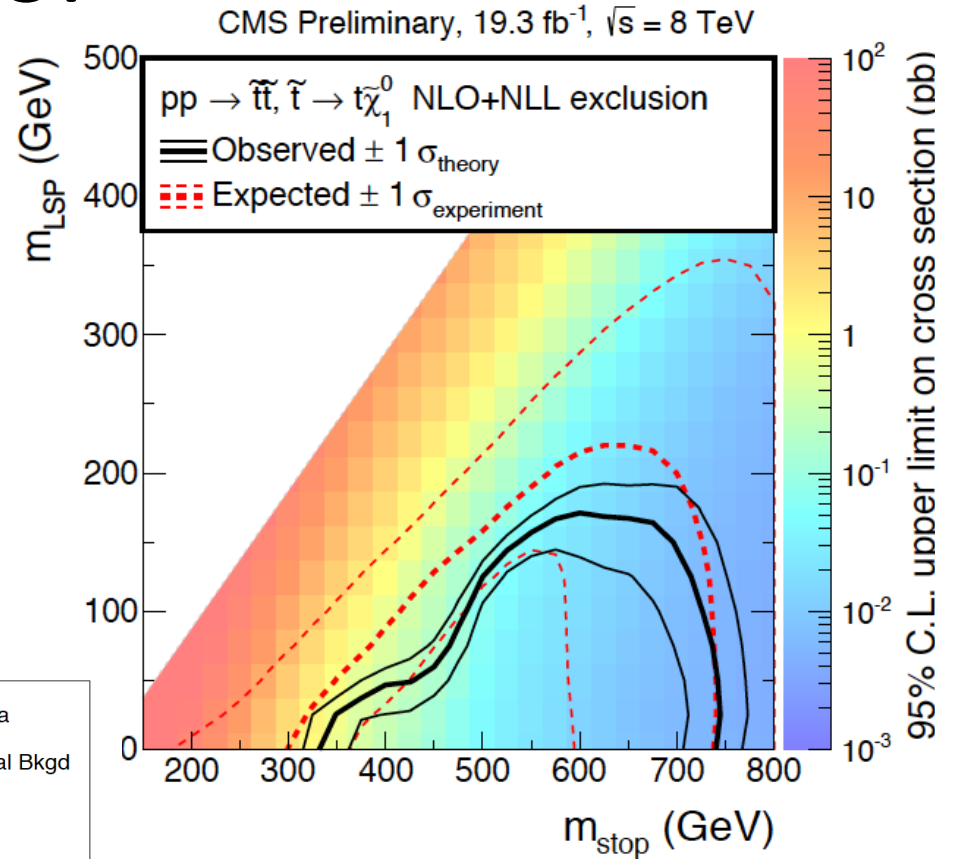
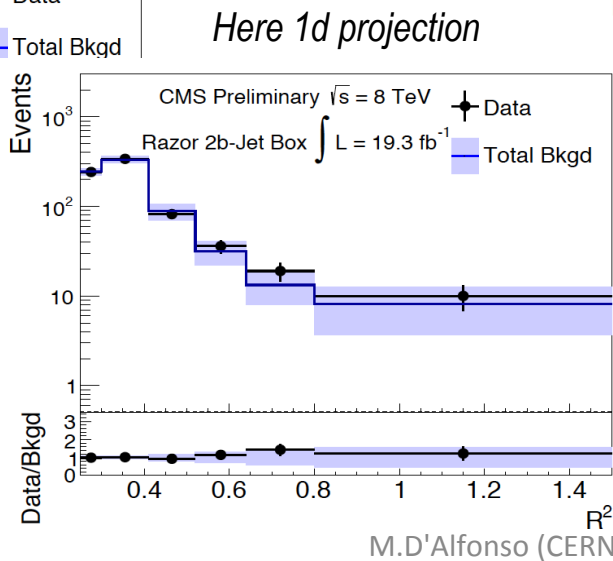
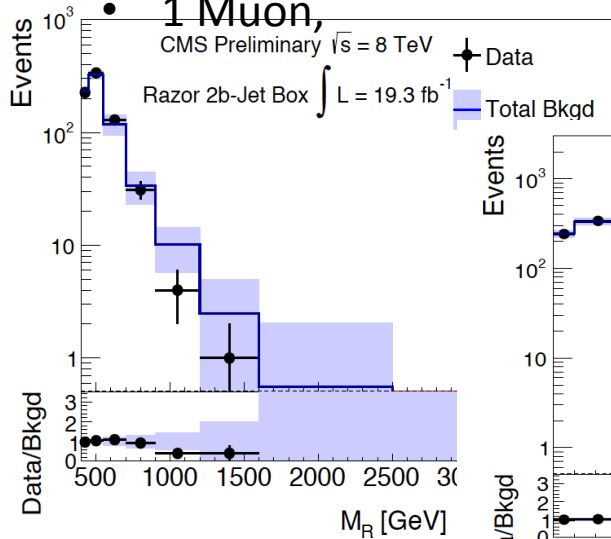


razor

Events are classified in exclusive categories and the R^2 and M_R distribution are simultaneously fitted in each of them.

For the stop searches, the most sensitive categories are

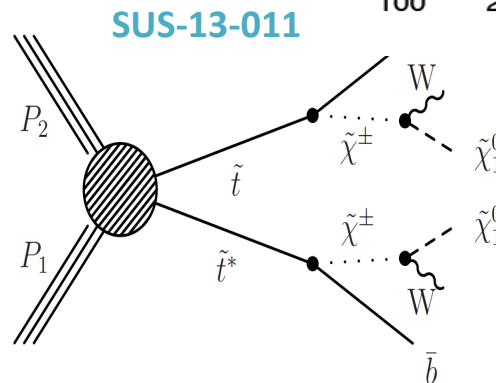
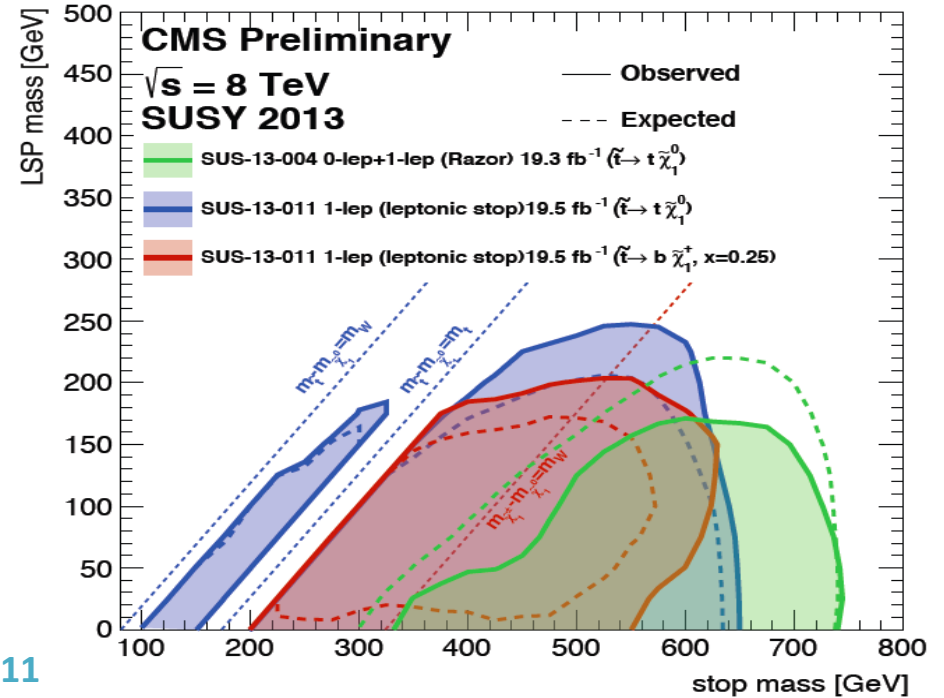
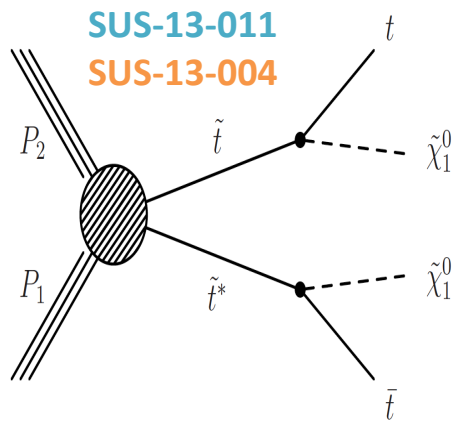
- 0 lepton, $\geq 1b$, ≥ 4 jets
- 0 lepton, $\geq 2b$
- 1 Muon,



See more details in J.Thompson talk

summary direct stop production

$\tilde{t}\text{-}\tilde{t}$ production



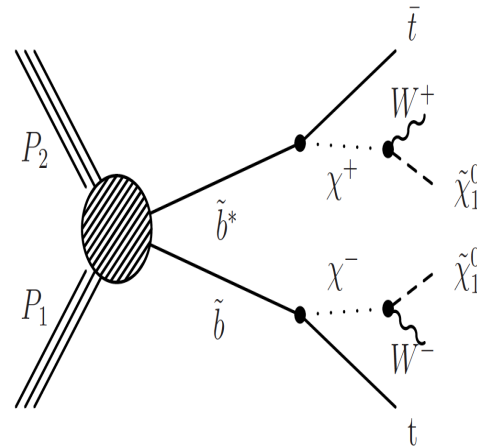
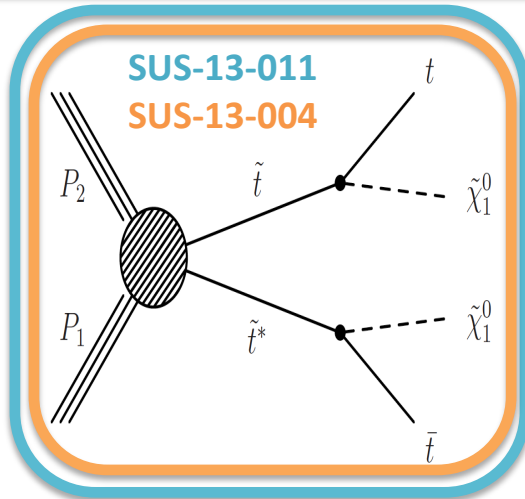
Other possibilities covered too

Direct to LSP

WW

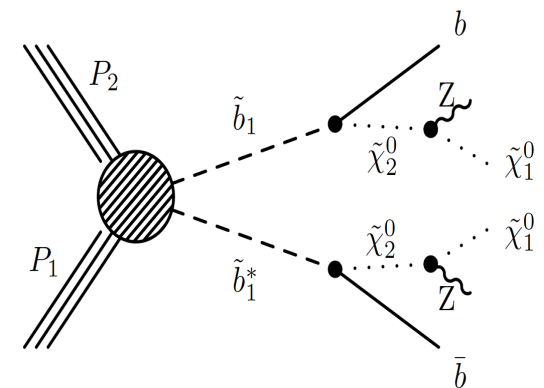
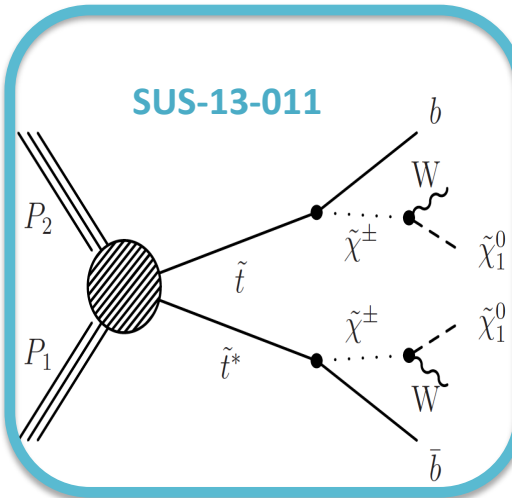
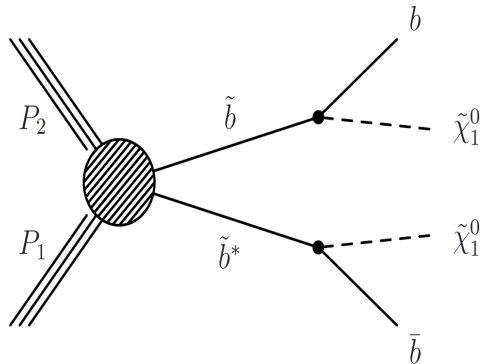
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Final states

bb



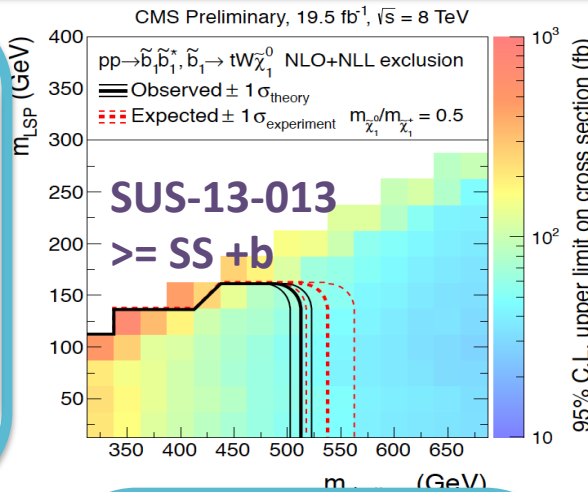
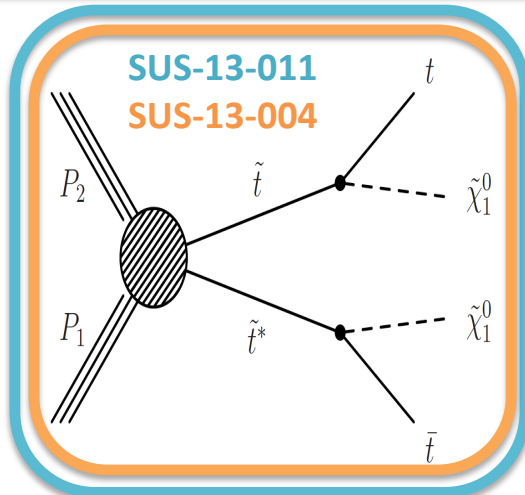
Other possibilities covered too

Direct to LSP

WW

ZZ

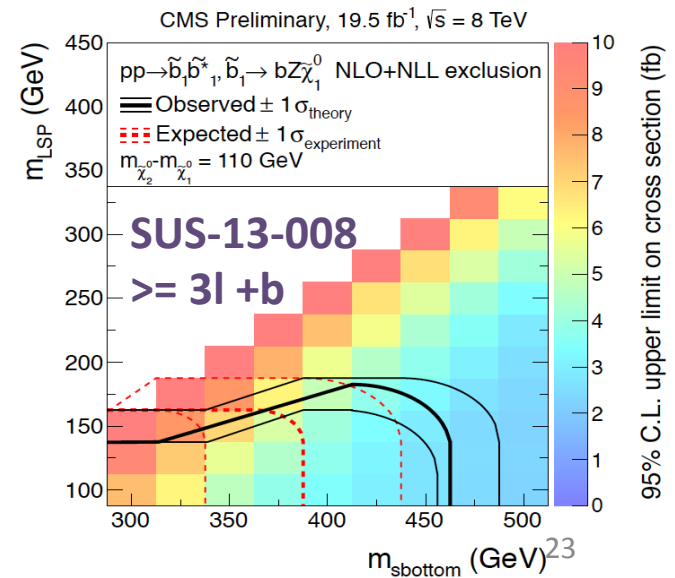
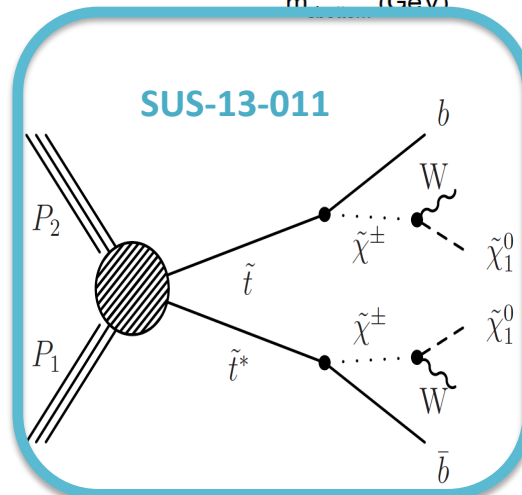
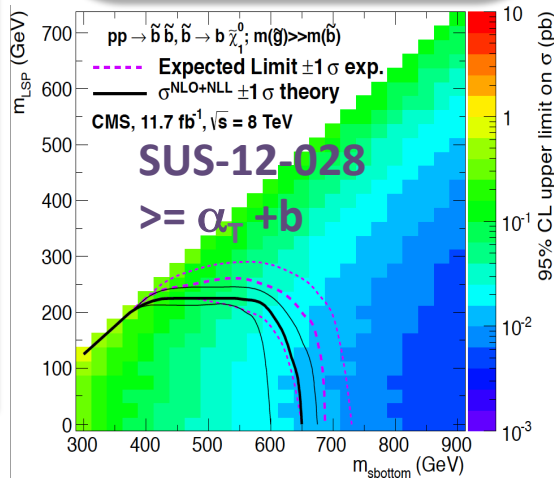
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Final states

See
SUS-13-028 J.Thompson
SUS-13-013 M.Buchmann
SUS-13-008 A.Gozzellino

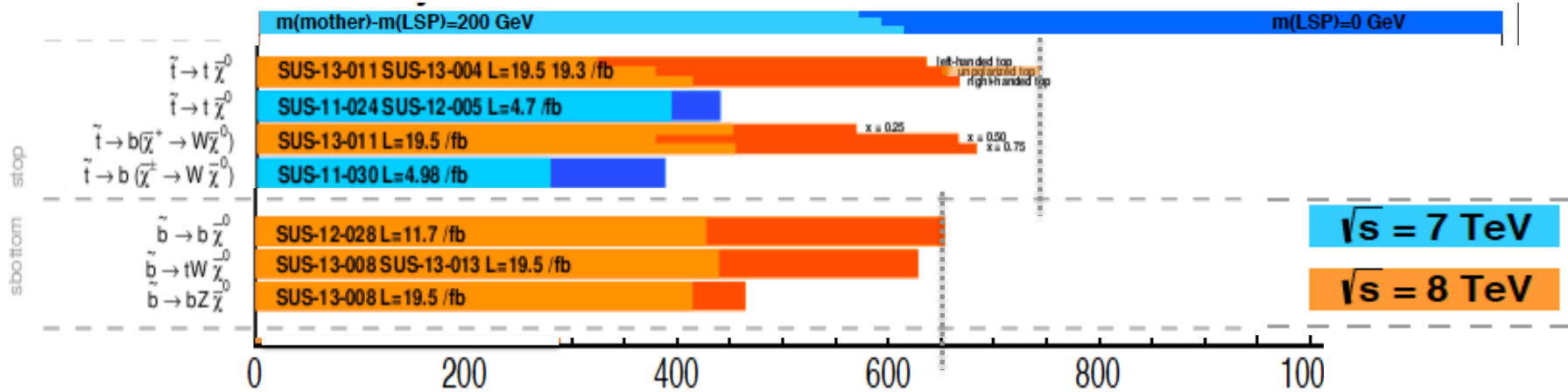
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SUSY13, Trieste, 8/29/13

M.D'Alfonso (CERN)

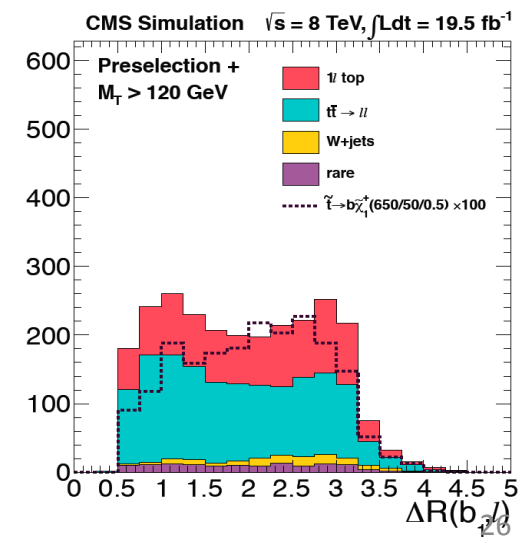
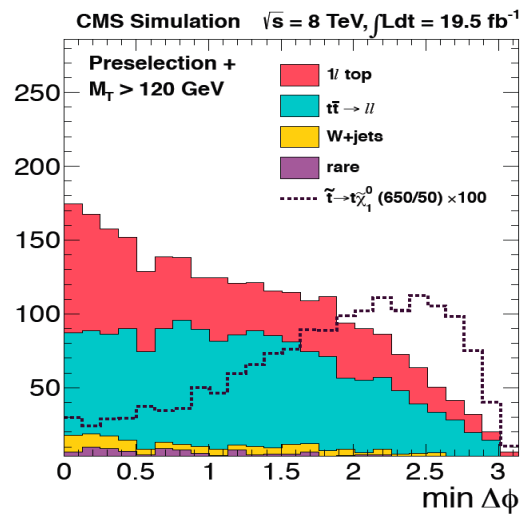
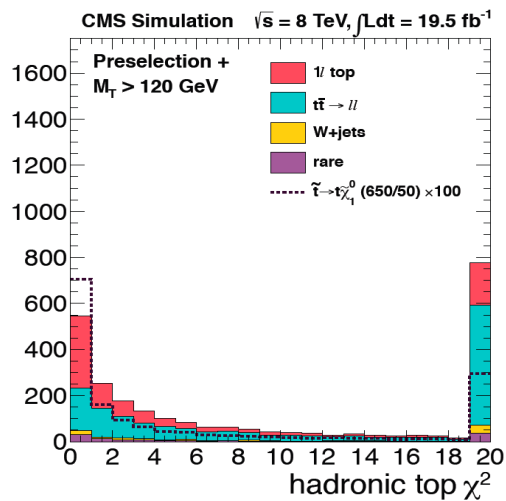
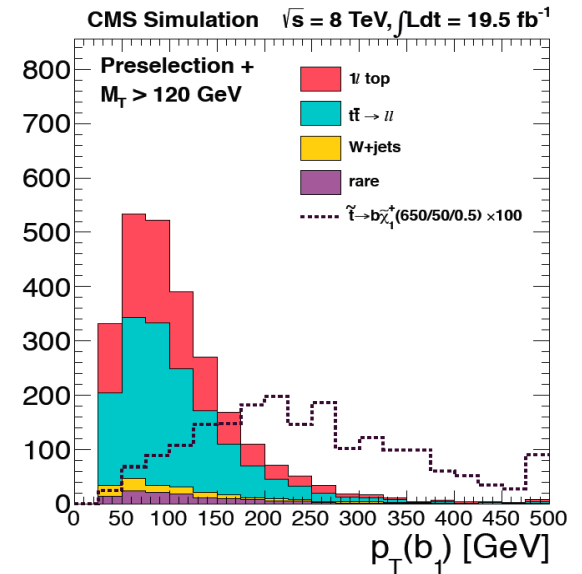
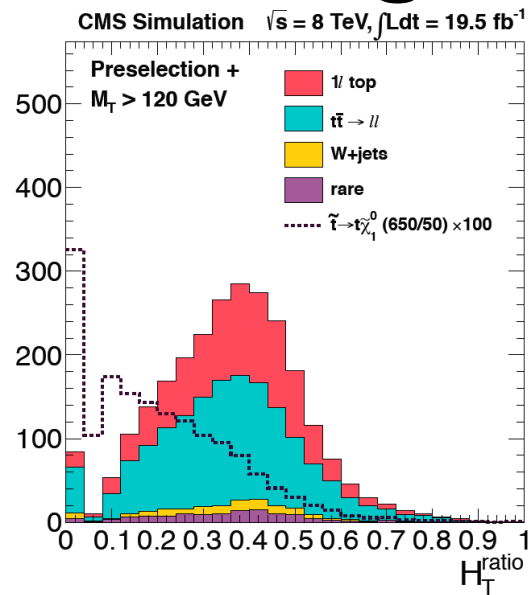
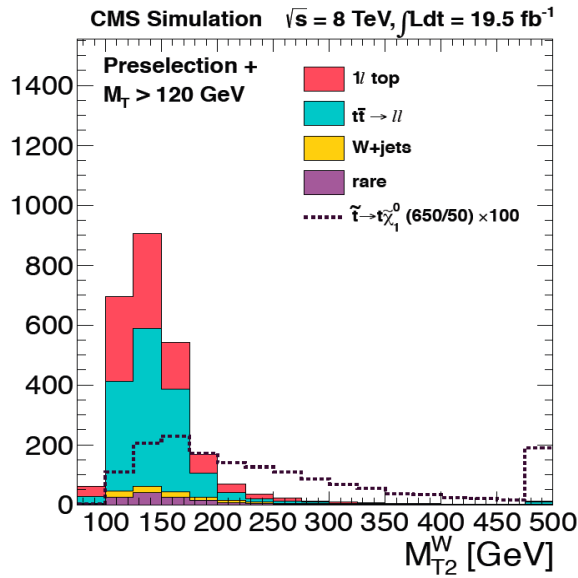
Summary and conclusions



- Dedicated searches for the 3rd generation squarks started at 7 TeV with 5 fb⁻¹.
- Progressively covering more phase space at 8 TeV.
 - Covered different decay modes with different signatures.
 - More updates coming soon.
- Looking forward to the 14 TeV run.

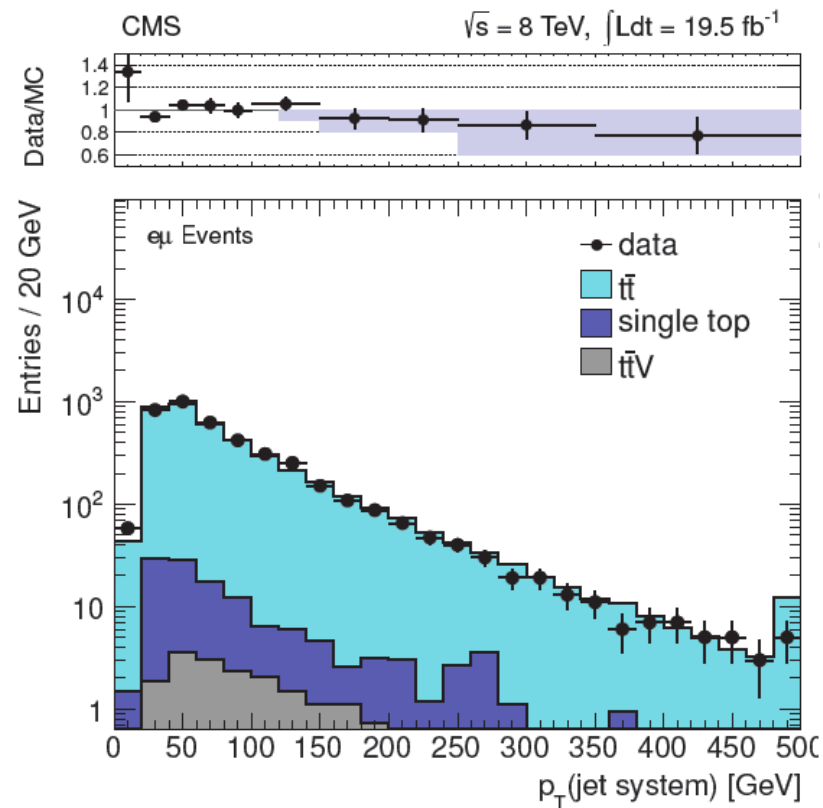
backup

Discriminating variables



Interpretation of our results

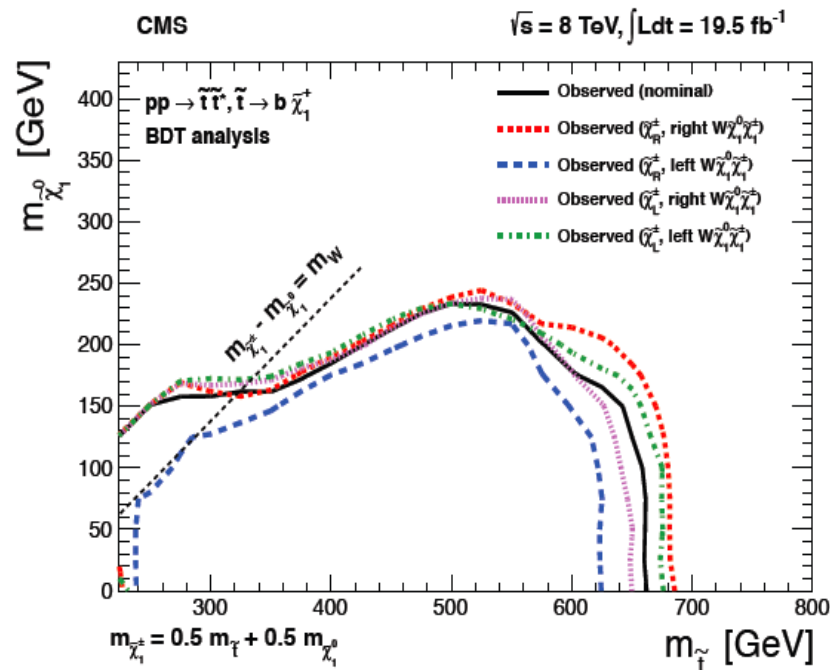
Investigated DATA/MC comparison for the $t\bar{t}$ recoil system.
The signal acceptance are corrected.



More on polarization

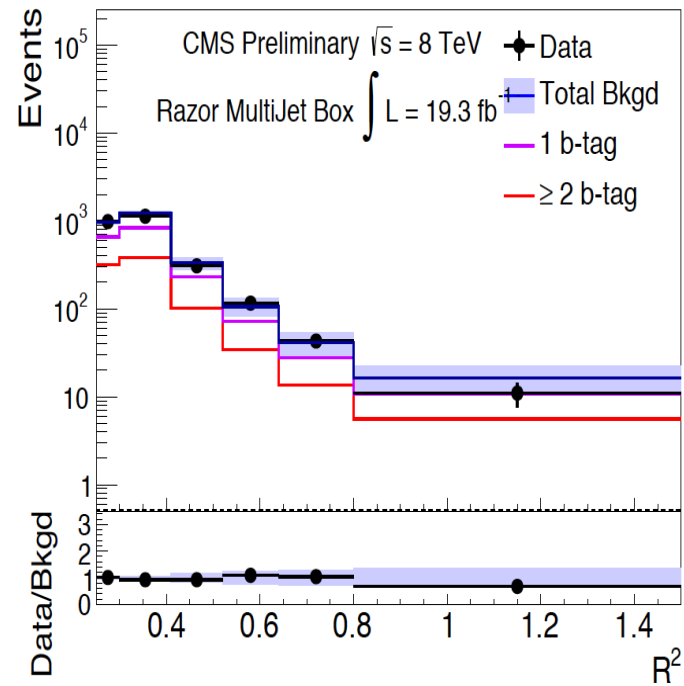
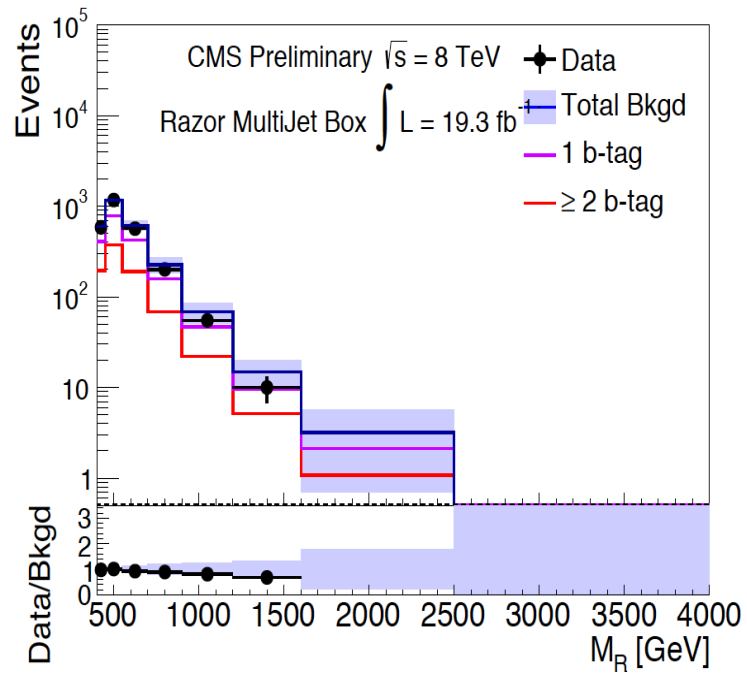
Top polarization in stop decay depends on left/right stop mixing and the LSP composition.

The top polarization to left-handed and right handed scenario has impact on the lepton ρ_T and M_T .



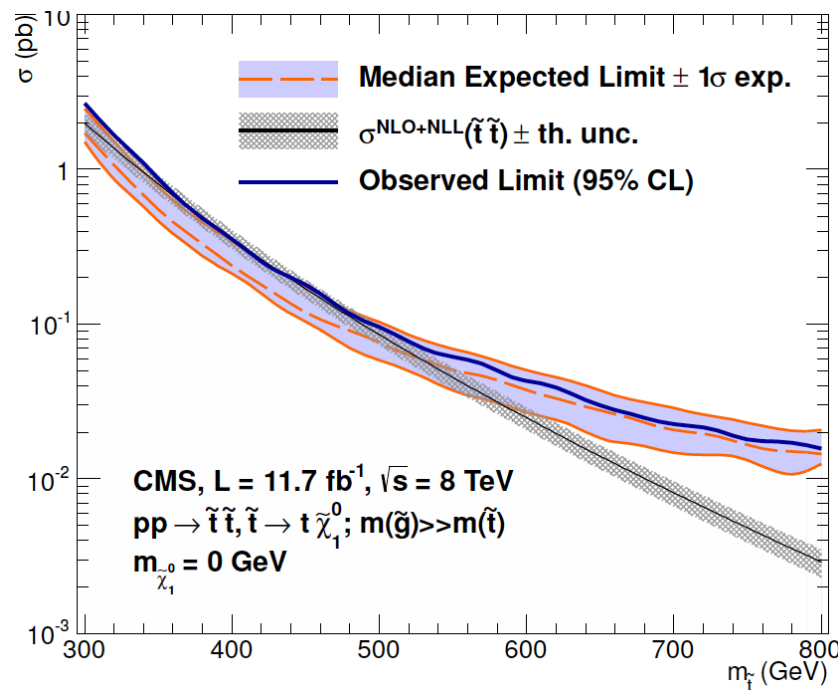
RAZOR

SUS-13-004

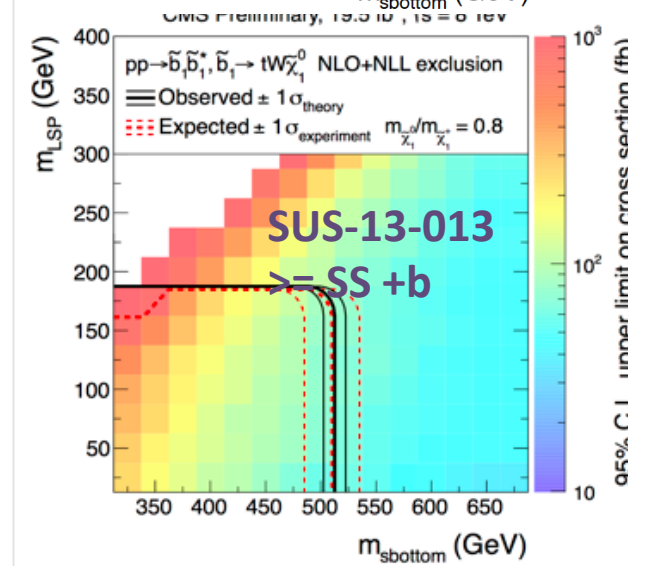
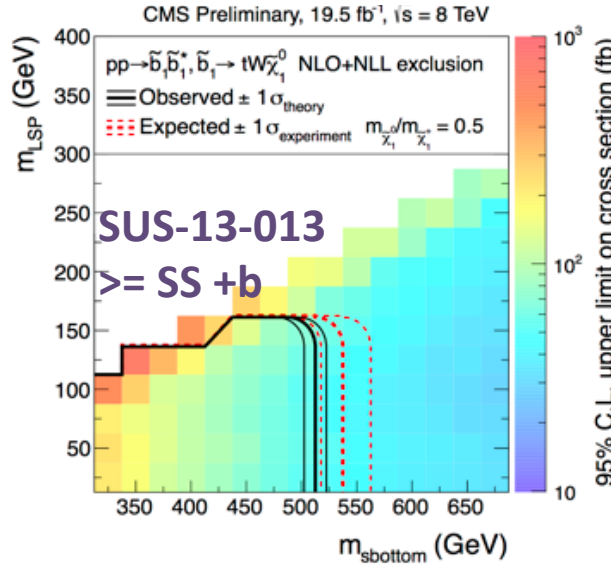
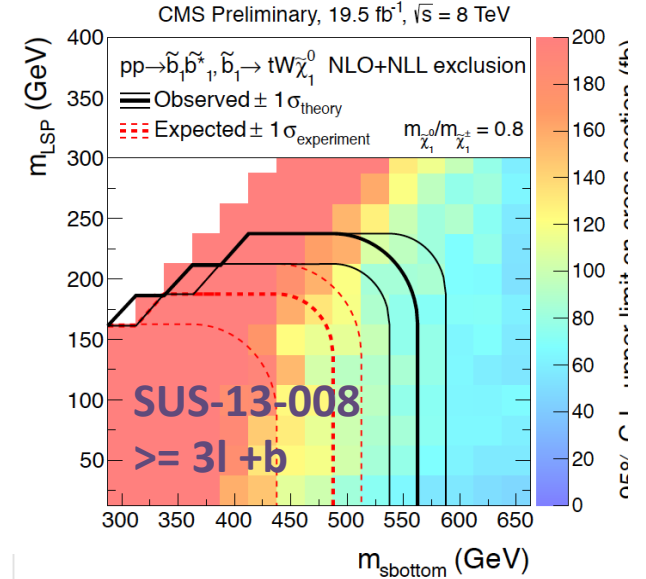
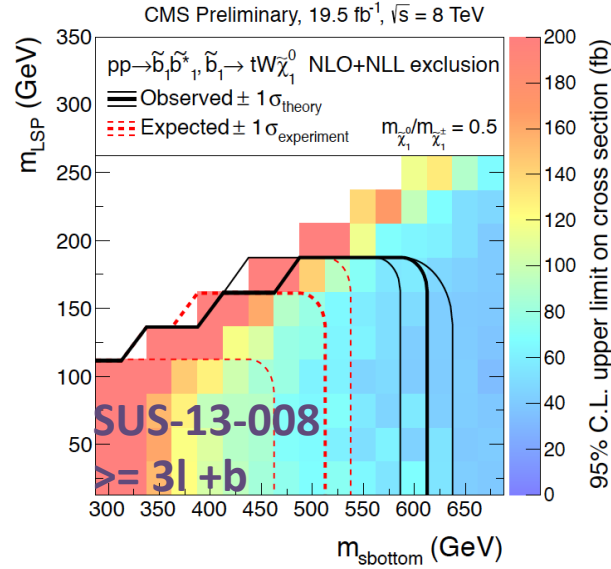
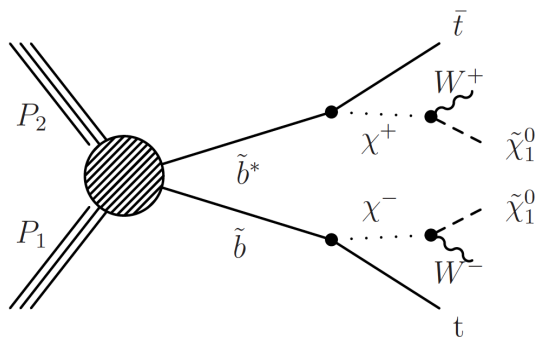


Other stops bounds

SUS-12-028 - alphaT



Sbottom results



Different mass hierarchies .
Different signatures investigated too.