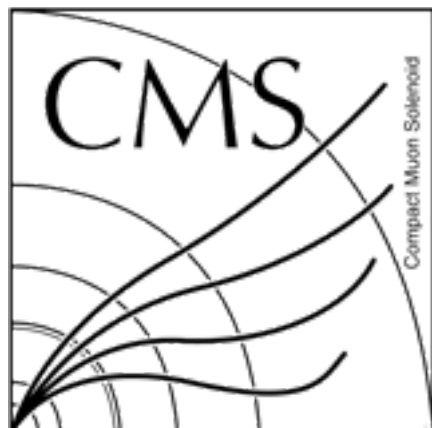


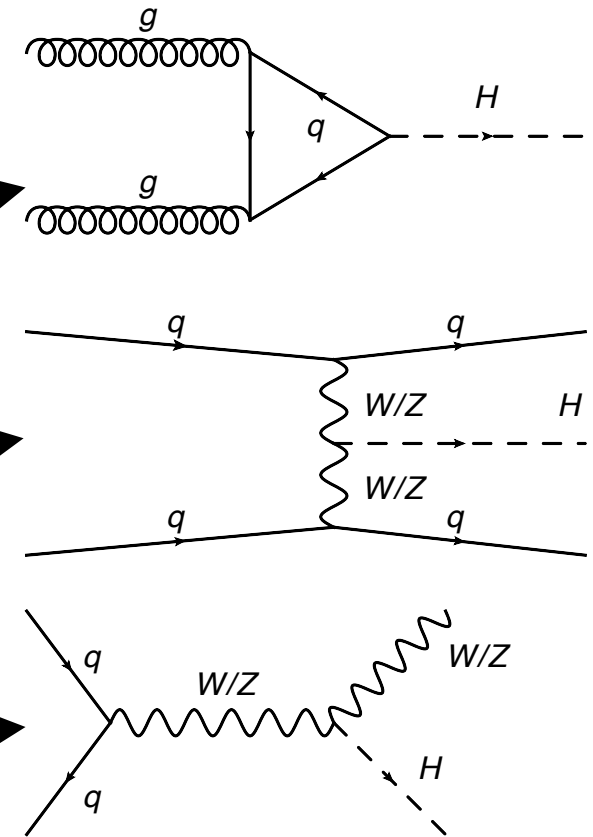
Search for Higgs bosons at CMS in final states containing a tau

Mauro Verzetti - University of Zurich
On behalf of the CMS collaboration
SUSY2013 - Trieste - 26-31 August 2013

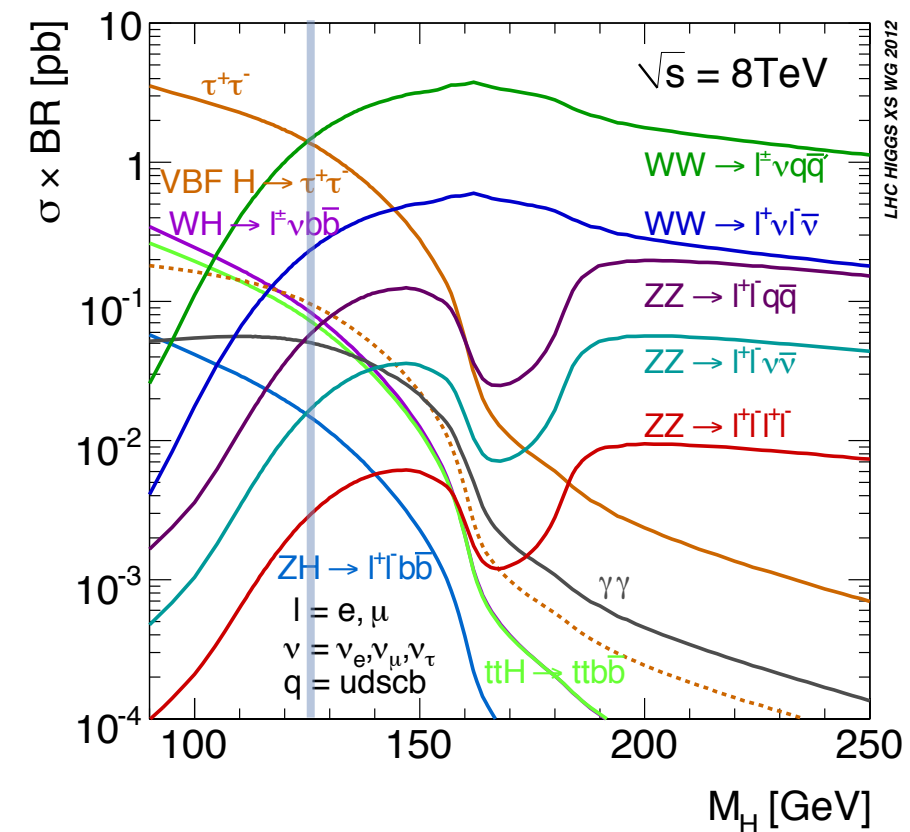


SM Higgs @ LHC

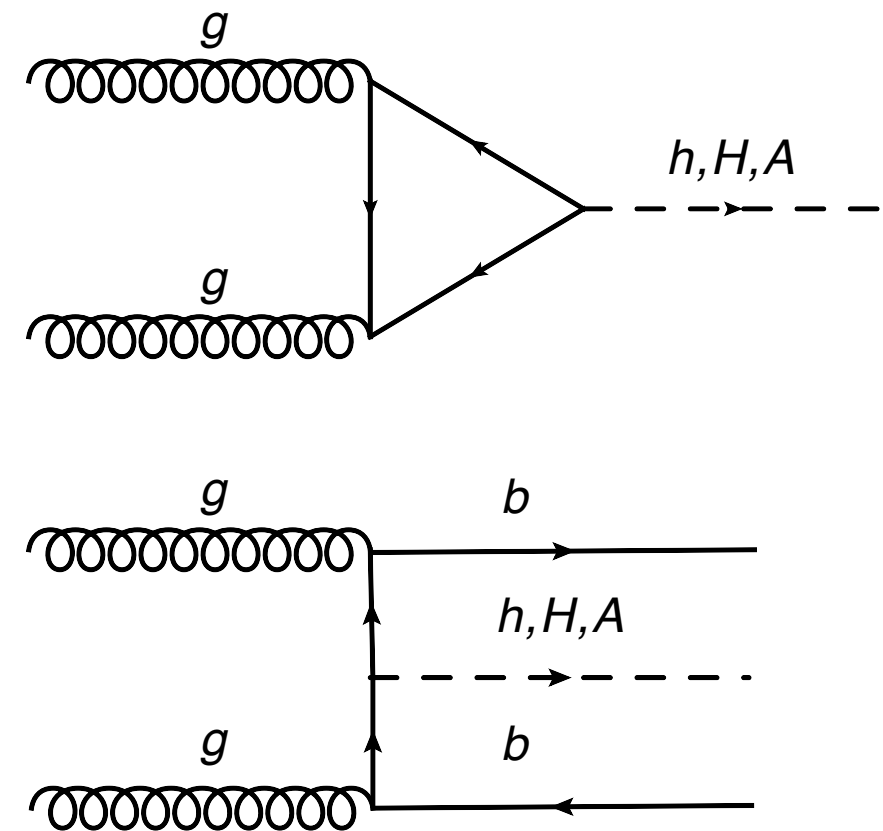
- Mainly comes in three flavors:
 - gluon fusion
 - **Vector Boson Fusion**
 - Associated production with a vector boson



- Taus offer a great environment to search the Higgs boson due to the high $\sigma \times BR$ at low masses



- MSSM extension:
 - Five physical bosons:
 h, H, A, H^\pm
 - At tree level masses and $\sigma \times \text{BR}$ controlled by two parameters: m_A and $\tan\beta$.
- Dominant decays into taus and b-quarks
- Enhanced production in association with b-quarks





$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ searches @ CMS

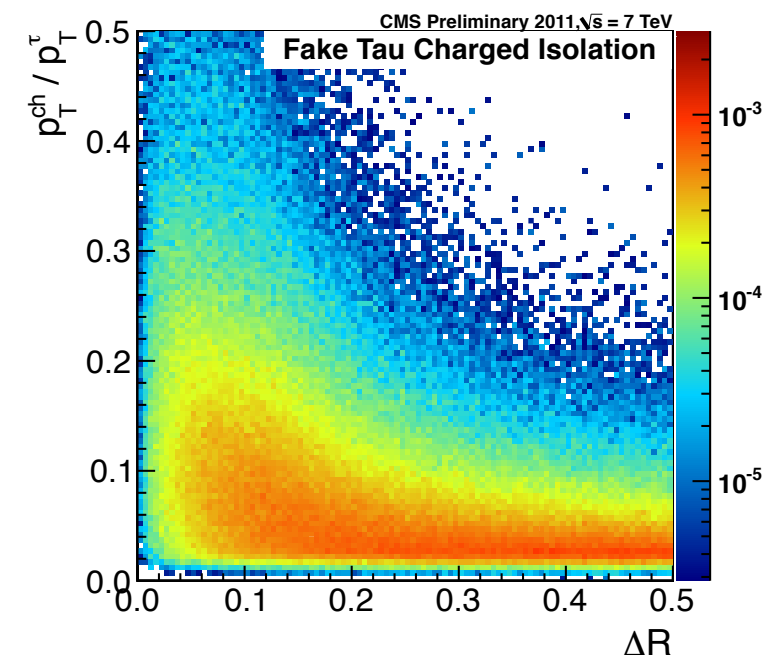
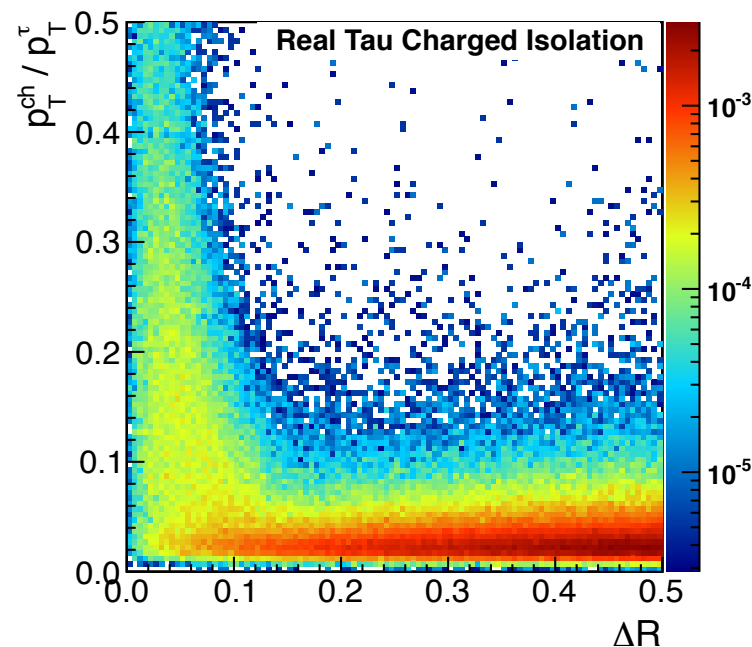
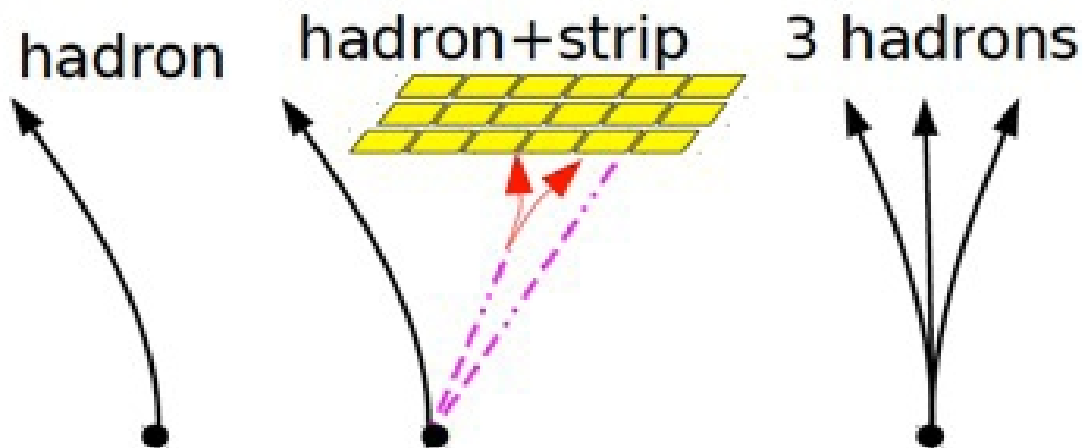


- SM Higgs boson searches include:
 - Five channels for direct production ($e\tau_h, \mu\tau_h, e\mu, \tau_h\tau_h, \mu\mu$)
 - Three macro-channels for associate VH production ($WH \rightarrow \ell\tau_h, WH \rightarrow \ell\tau_h\tau_h, ZH \rightarrow 2\ell 2\tau$)
- Exploiting the full statistics collected by CMS so far (24.3 / fb at $\sqrt{s} = 7-8\text{TeV}$)
- MSSM searches include only ($\ell\tau_h, e\mu, \mu\mu$) and use only 17 / fb ($\sqrt{s} = 7-8\text{TeV}$)

Tools

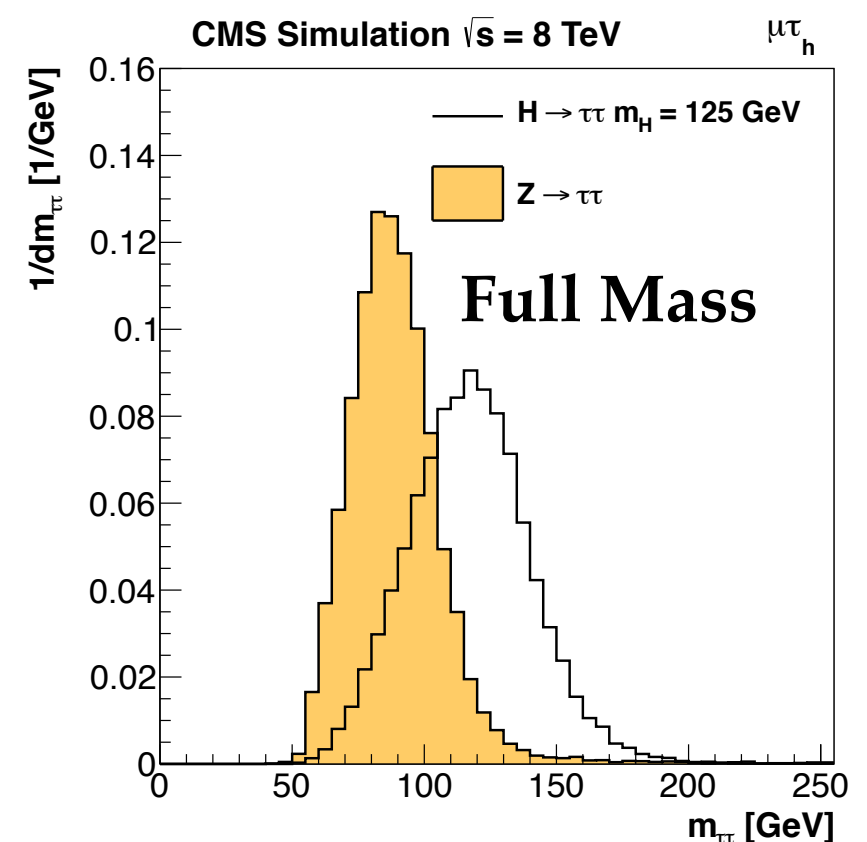
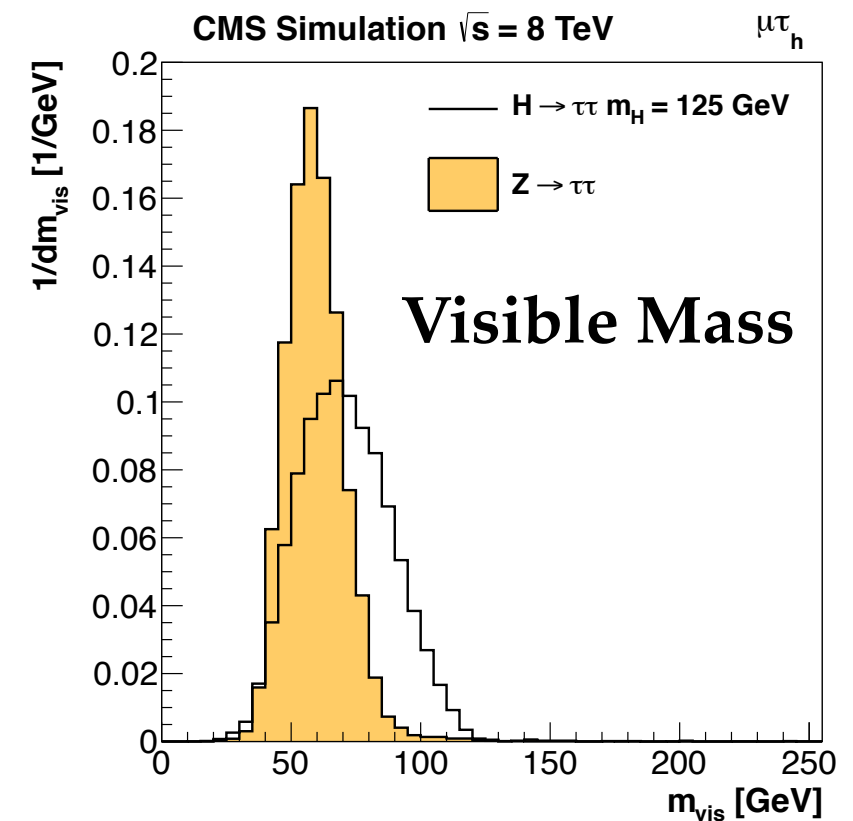
Tau identification

- Identification:
 - Based on Particle Flow objects
 - Reconstructs the decay modes starting from charged hadrons and ECAL strips
- Additional discriminators to reject light leptons
- Isolation:
 - BDT using the energy deposits in concentric rings around the tau
 - Pile-Up correction using FastJet rho



Mass reconstruction

- Tau decay involves one or two neutrinos smearing the visible invariant mass of the pair
- Use dynamical-likelihood method of full $m_{\tau\tau}$ hypothesis
- Computed event-by-event using the momenta of visible product, missing energy and its expected resolution
- Better resolution and Z/H separation



SM VH \rightarrow $\tau\tau$

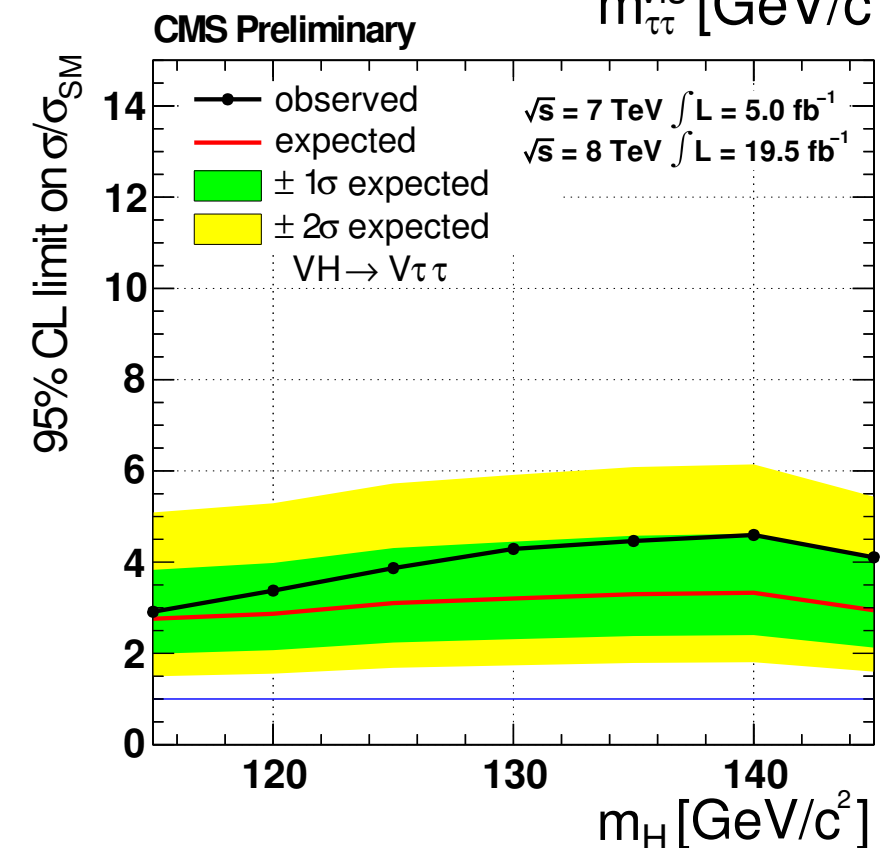
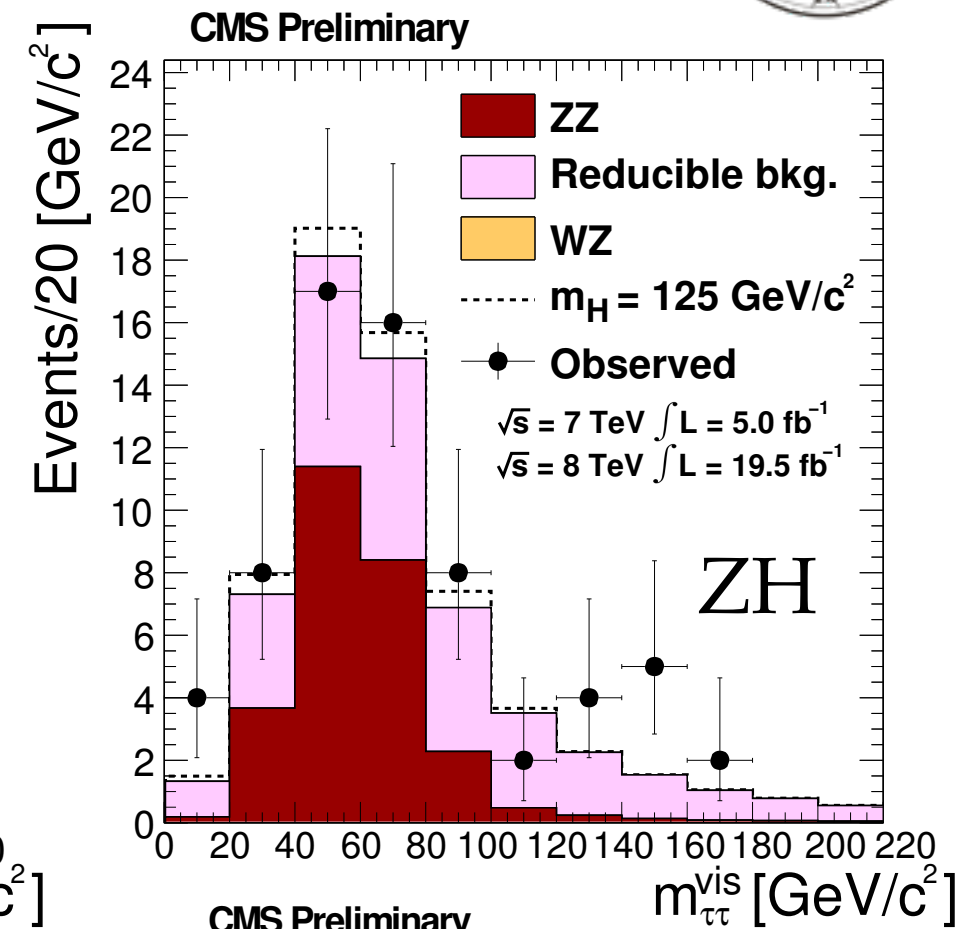
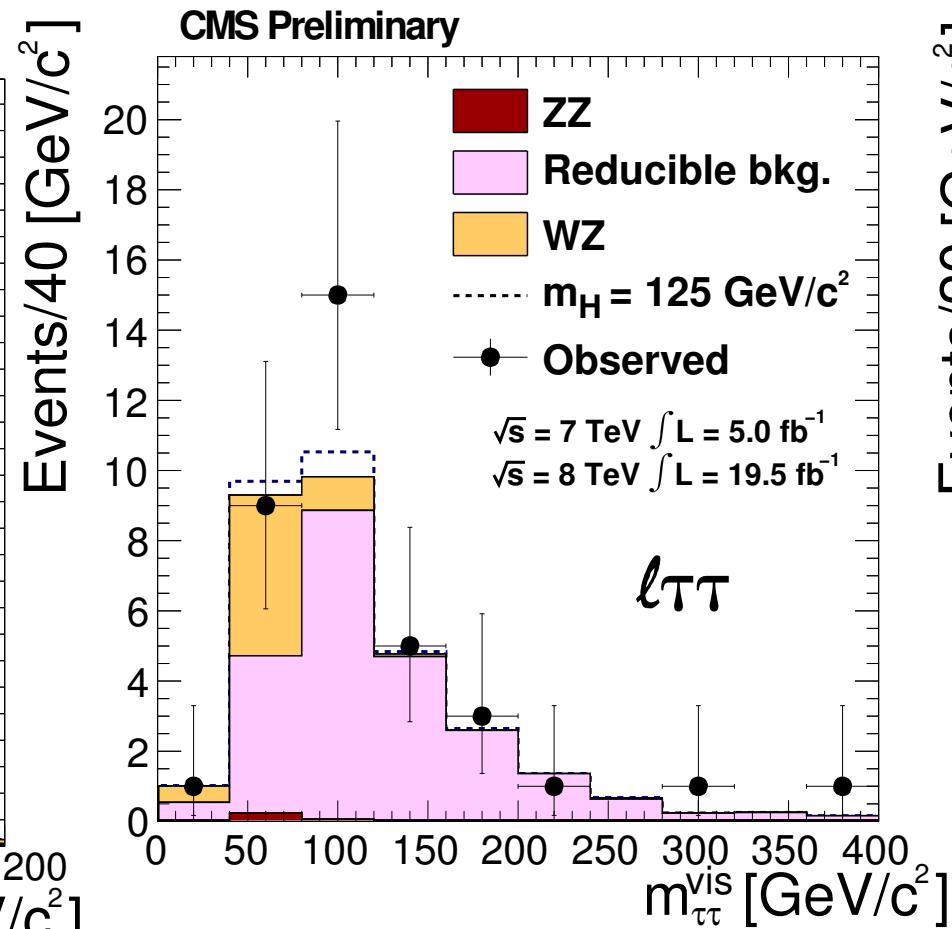
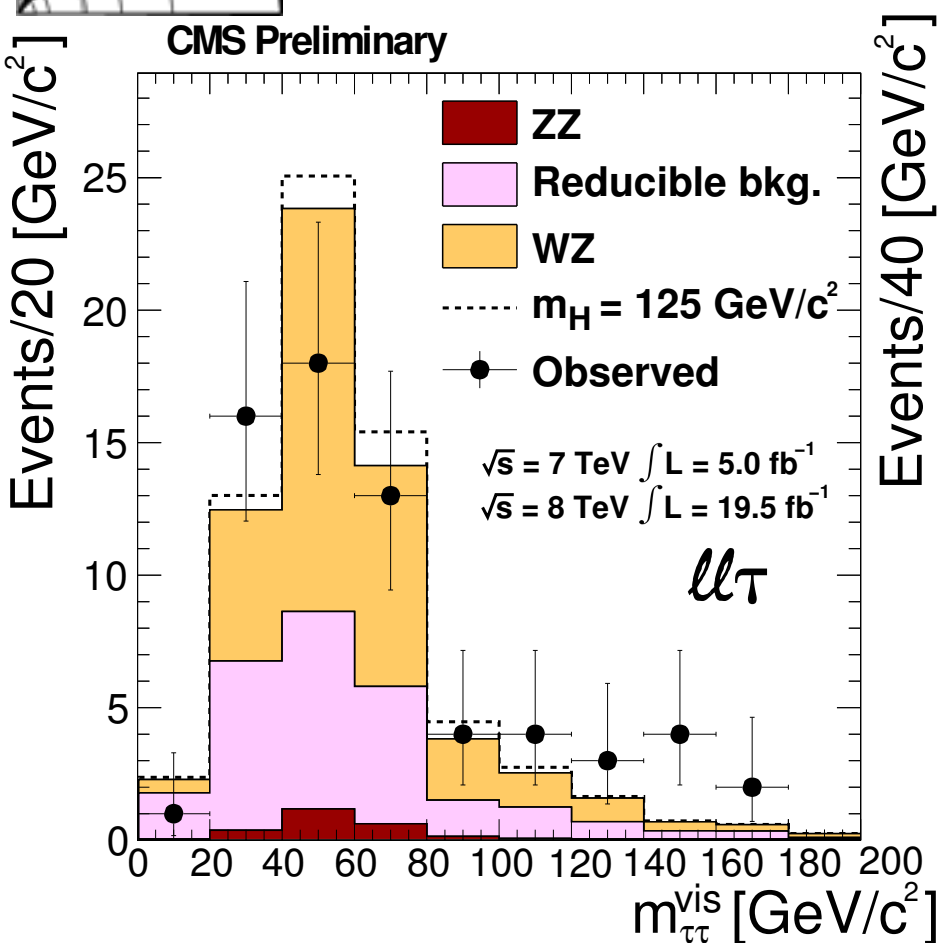
CMS PAS HIG-12-053



Analysis Highlights

- Background suppression:
 - WH $\ell\tau$:
 - Light leptons are required to be Same Sign to suppress Drell-Yan and $t\bar{t}$
 - Cut on $LT = \sum p_T^{\text{obj}}$ to further reduce the backgrounds
 - WH $\ell\tau\tau$:
 - Tighter isolation and tau p_T requirements to suppress QCD and W+Jets
 - $M_T(\ell, \text{MET})$ and MET cut to suppress DY
 - ZH:
 - Cut on LT to further reduce the backgrounds
- Veto any additional light lepton and b-tagged jets to reduce $t\bar{t}$ and ensure **orthogonality of the signal region w.r.t. other searches**
- Reducible background estimated with the **fake-rate method**
 - Fully data-driven
 - Uses sidebands where the objects fail the identification
- Irreducible background (diboson production) estimated with simulation

Results and limits



- Limit extracted from the **visible mass** of the tau pair
- Contribution of VH with $H \rightarrow WW$ is taken into account
 - negligible for $l\tau\tau$
 - drives high mass limit

SM $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

CMS PAS HIG-13-004



Analysis strategy

- Select two well identified **Opposite Sign** lepton/hadronic taus
- Topological cut to suppress main background:
 - $M_T(\ell, MET) < 20$ GeV to suppress $W+Jets$ ($\ell\tau_h$)
 - $p_\zeta - 0.85 p_\zeta^{vis} > -20$ GeV to suppress $W+Jets$ ($e\mu$)
 - BDT selection to reject $Z\mu\mu$ events ($\mu\mu$)
 - $p_T^H > 140$ (110) GeV to reject QCD ($\tau_h\tau_h$)
- Simultaneous binned template fit of $m_{\tau\tau}$ in all the channels and categories



Event categories

of Jets

$\ell\tau_h, e\mu, \mu\mu$

$\tau_h/\mu p_T$	<p style="text-align: center;">0 Jet, low p_T</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Negligible signal contribution Constrains backgrounds Signal is not fitted 	<p style="text-align: center;">1 Jet, low p_T</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Boosted higgs Better mass resolution 	<p style="text-align: center;">VBF</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ≥ 2 Jets $M_{jj} > 500$ GeV $\Delta\eta_{jj} > 3.5$ Central jet veto VBF-enhanced region
	<p style="text-align: center;">0 Jet, high p_T</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Negligible signal contribution Constrains backgrounds Signal is not fitted 	<p style="text-align: center;">1 Jet, high p_T</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Boosted higgs Better mass resolution $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ suppresses by p_T requirement 	
$\tau_h\tau_h$	<p style="text-align: center;">0 Jet</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Not available due to trigger constraints 	<p style="text-align: center;">1 Jet</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> $p_T^H > 140$ GeV QCD suppression 	<p style="text-align: center;">VBF</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> $p_T^{\tau\tau} > 110$ GeV $M_{jj} > 250$ GeV $\Delta\eta_{jj} > 2.5$ Central jet veto

Background estimation

$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$

Embedded MC: real $Z\mu\mu$ events with a simulated tau replacing the muon. Normalization from $Z\mu\mu$ data.

Uncertainties:

8% TauID efficiency
 0-8% Category efficiency
 3% Tau energy scale (shape)

W+Jets

Shape taken from MC simulation, normalization from high $M_T(\mu, MET)$ sideband

Uncertainties:

10-20% normalization

$Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$

Shape taken from simulation, an yield corrected looking at visible mass region

Uncertainties:

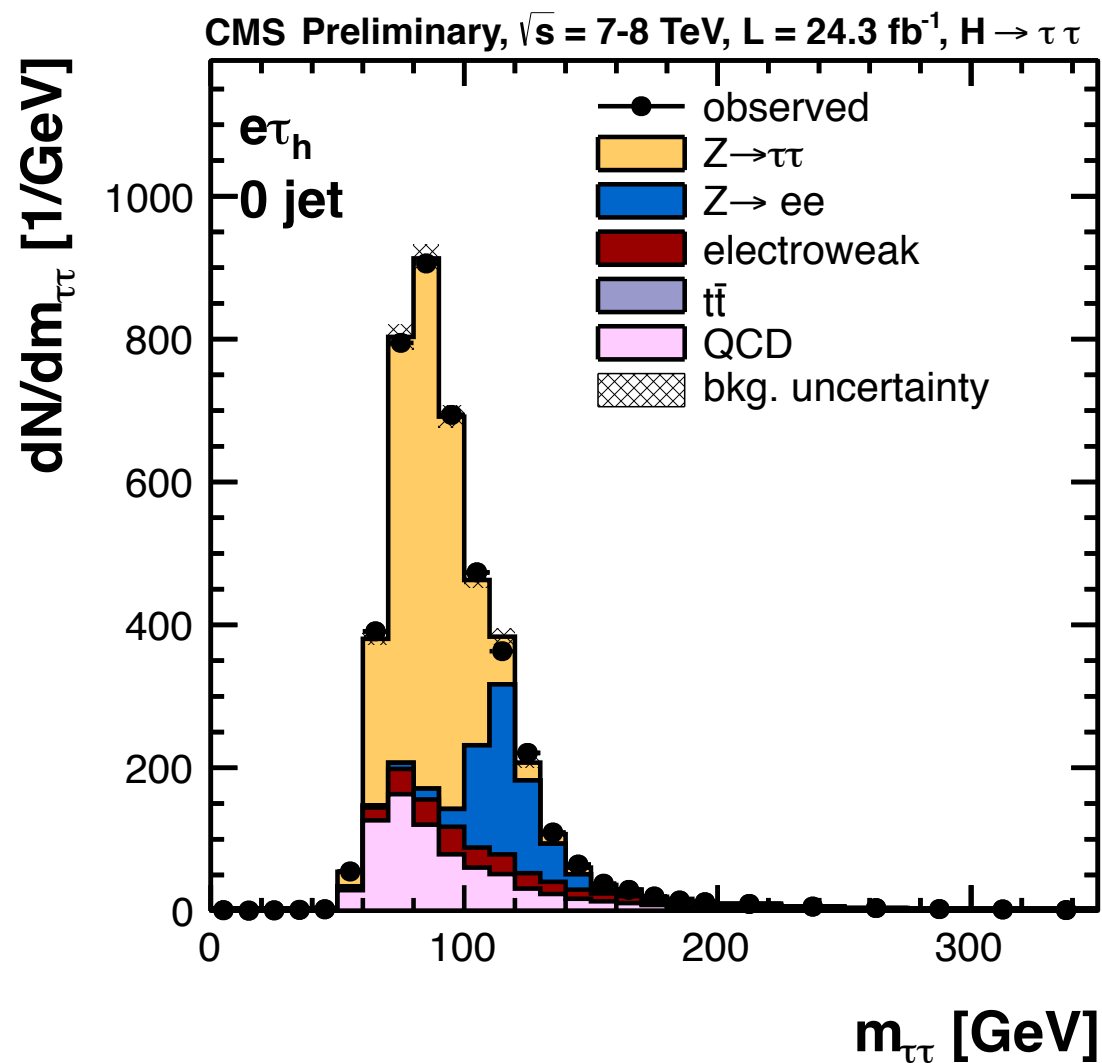
20/30% for $ee/\mu\mu$

QCD

Jets identified as lepton/tau. Estimation taken from Same Sign events and corrected for OS/SS ratio

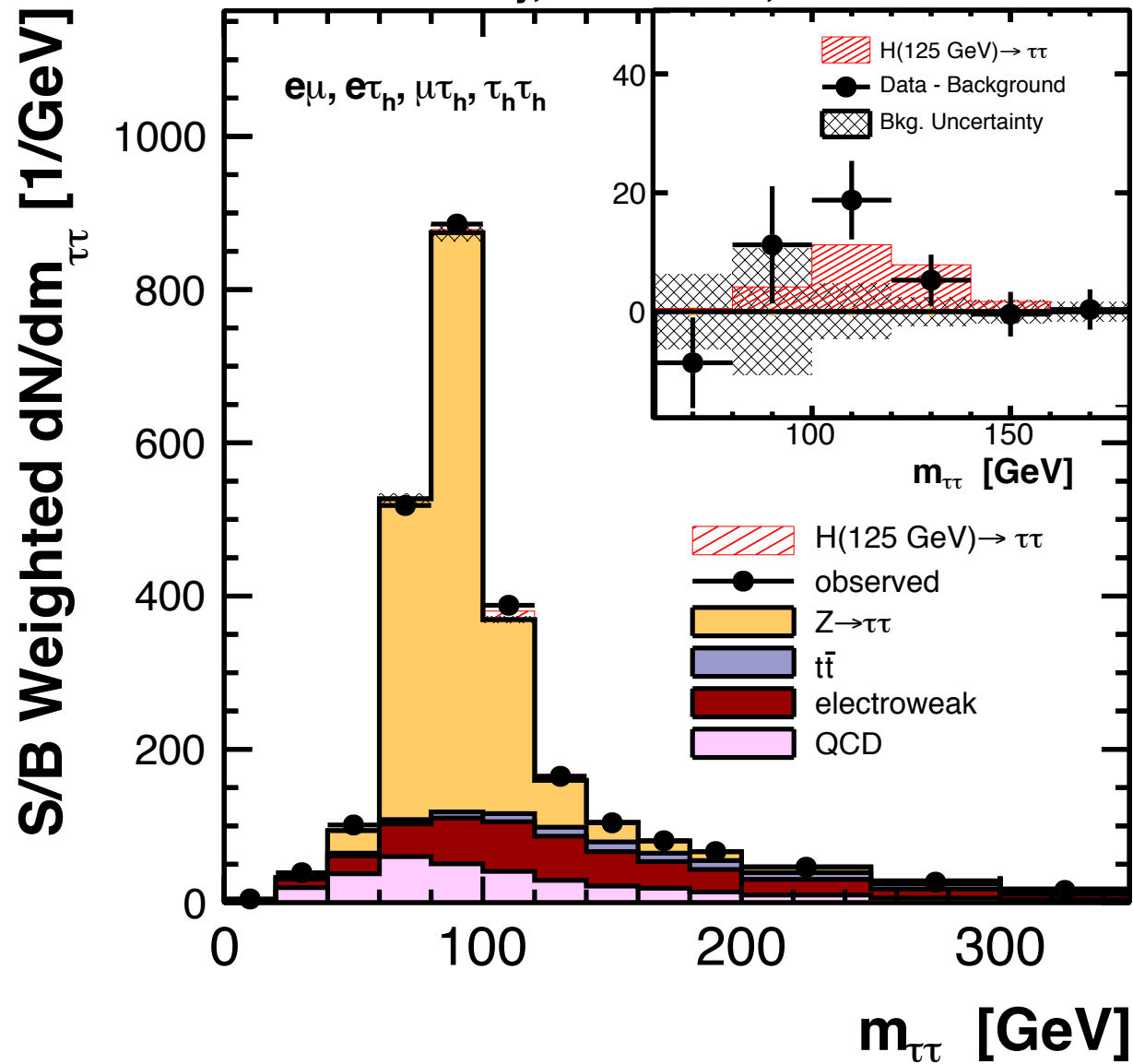
Uncertainties:

10% Normalization
 bin-by-bin uncertainties on low-stats categories

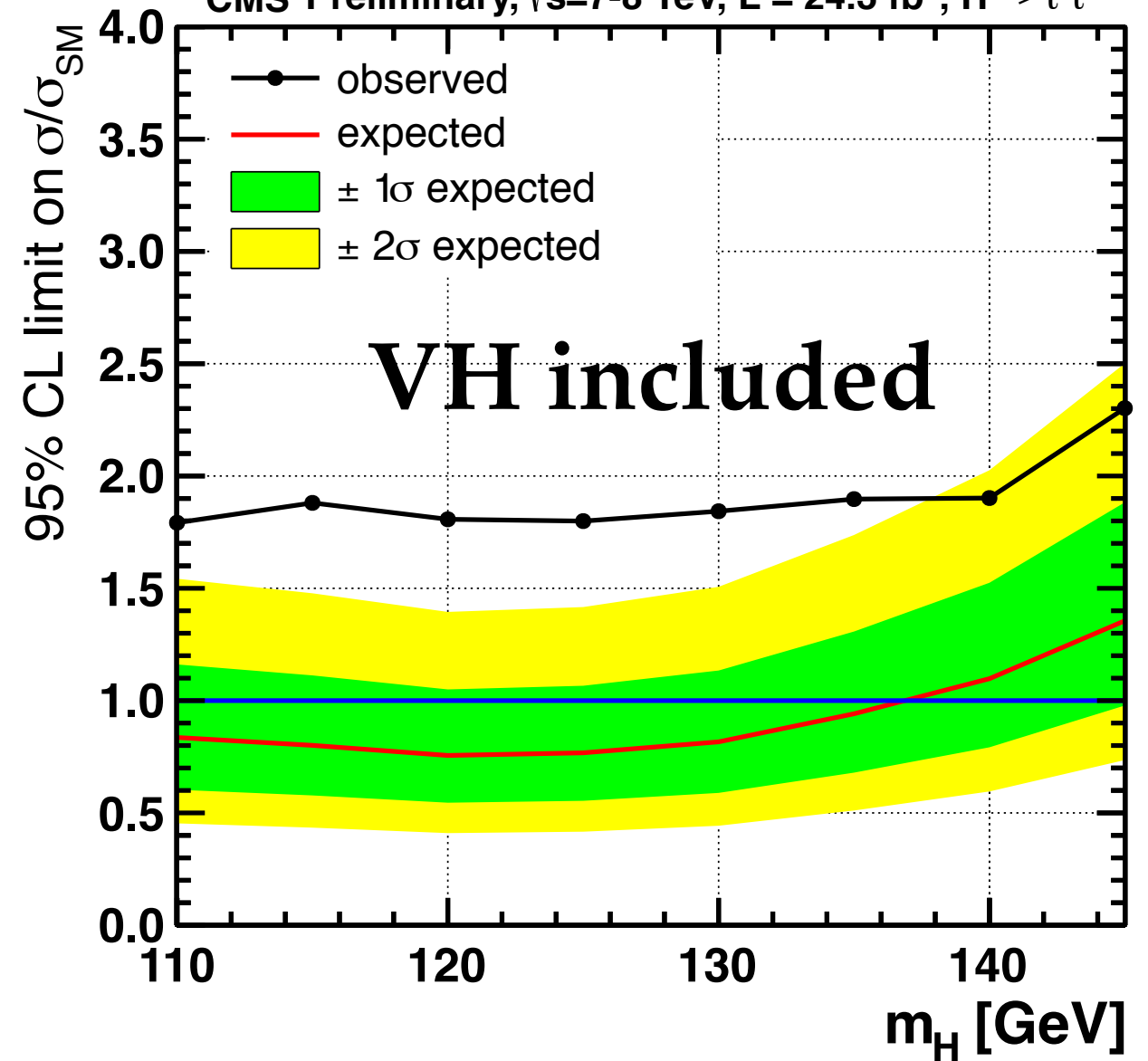


Results and limits

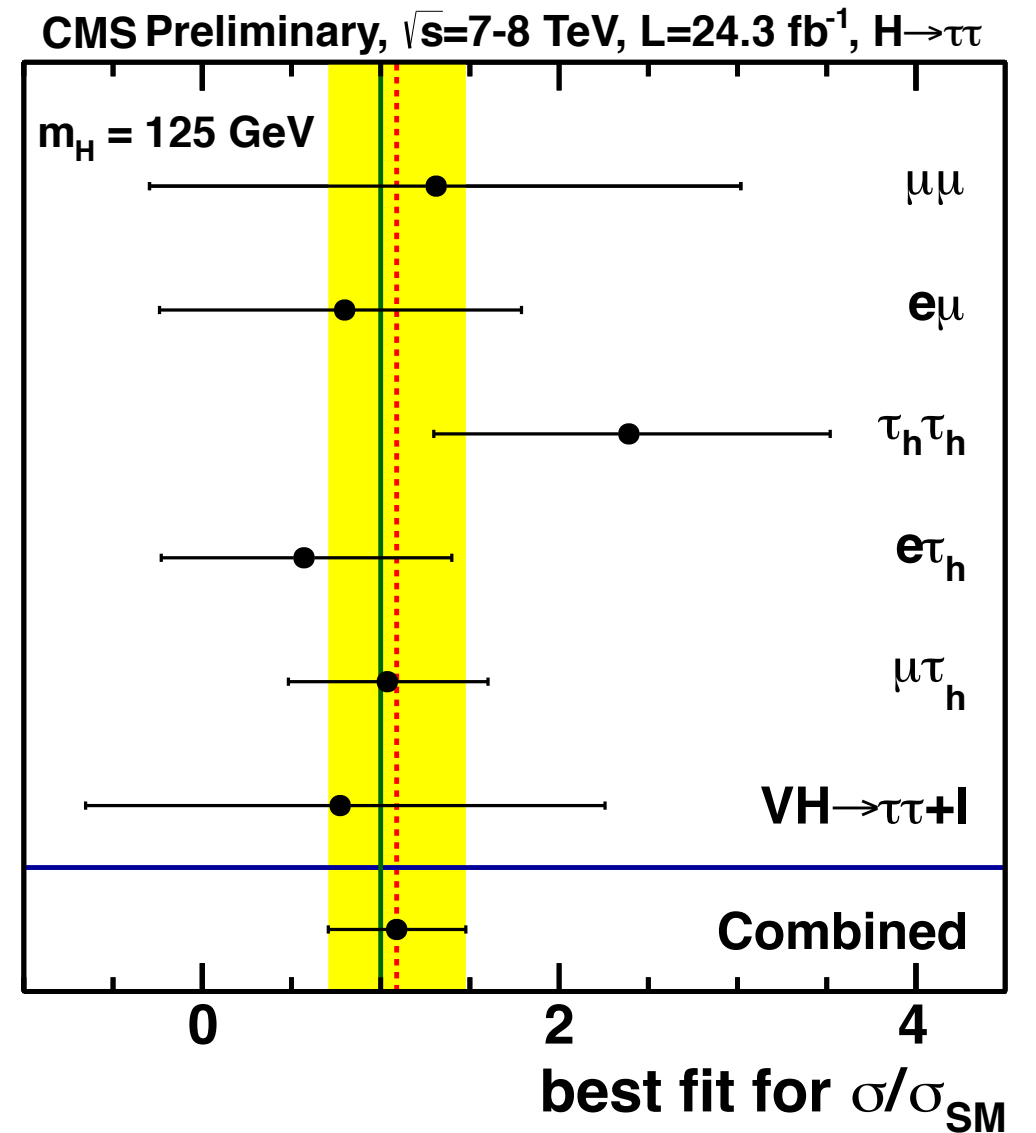
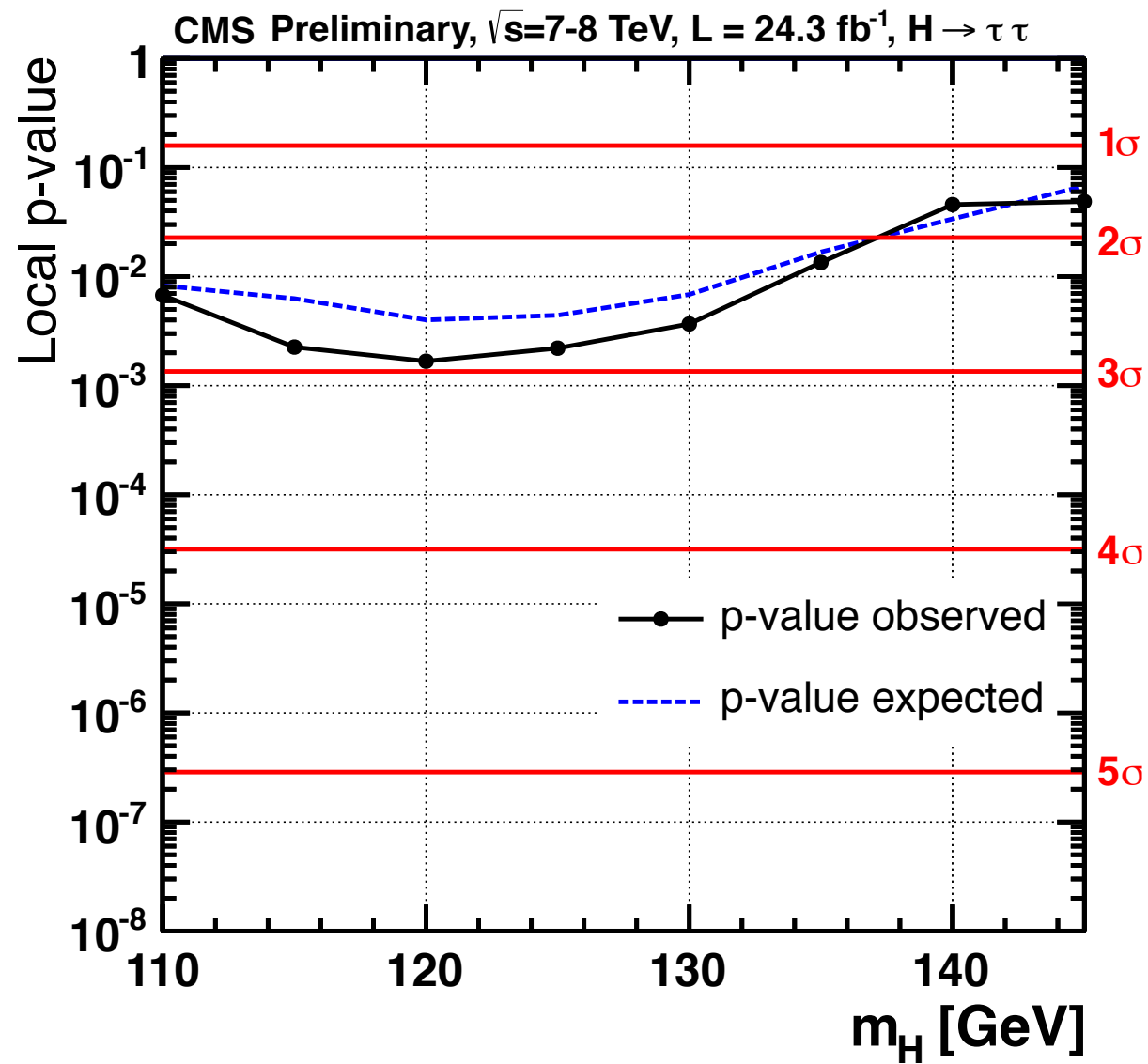
CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s} = 7-8$ TeV, $L = 24.3$ fb $^{-1}$



CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s}=7-8$ TeV, $L = 24.3$ fb $^{-1}$, $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

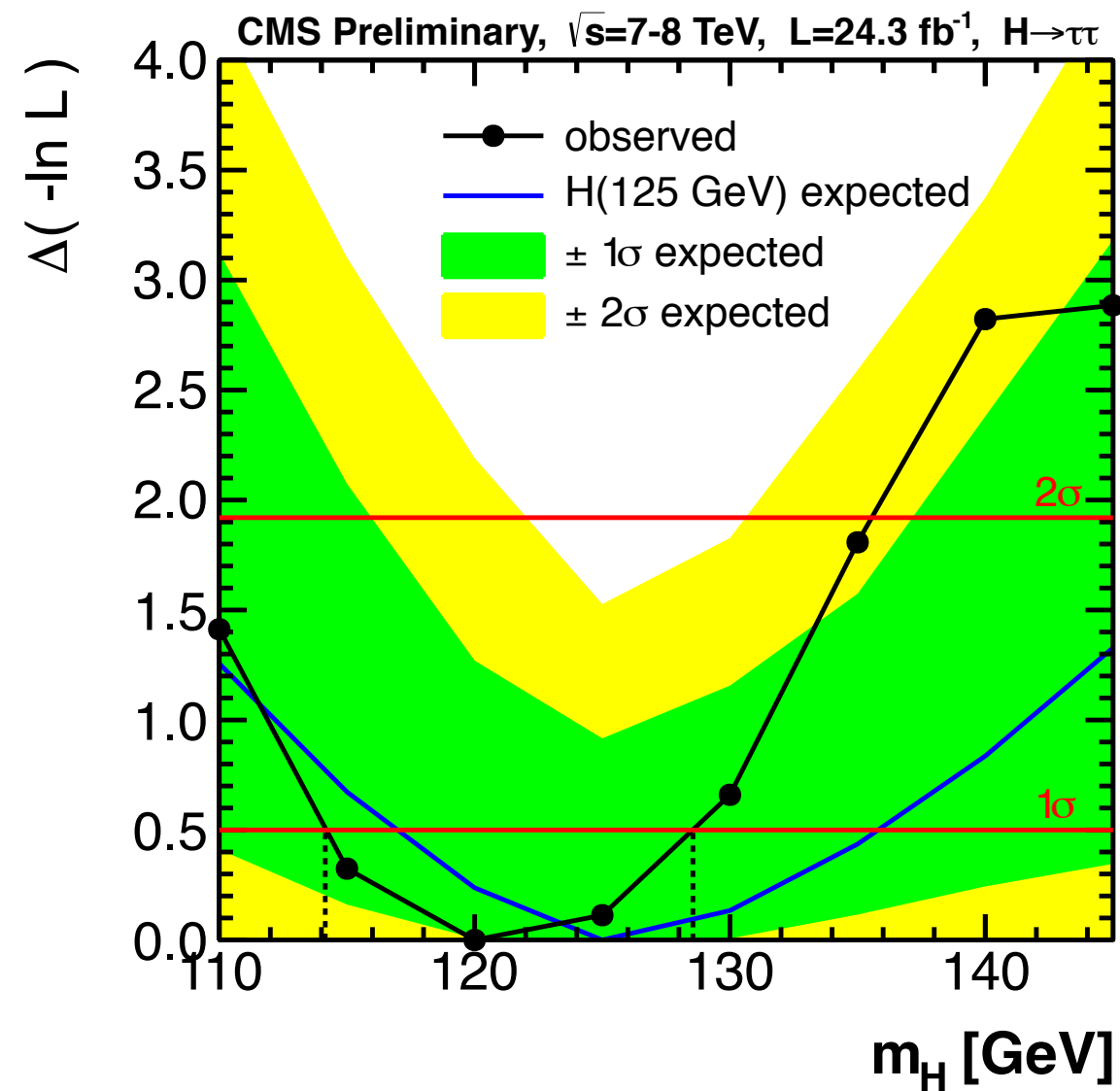


Results and limits



VH included

Results and limits



MSSM $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

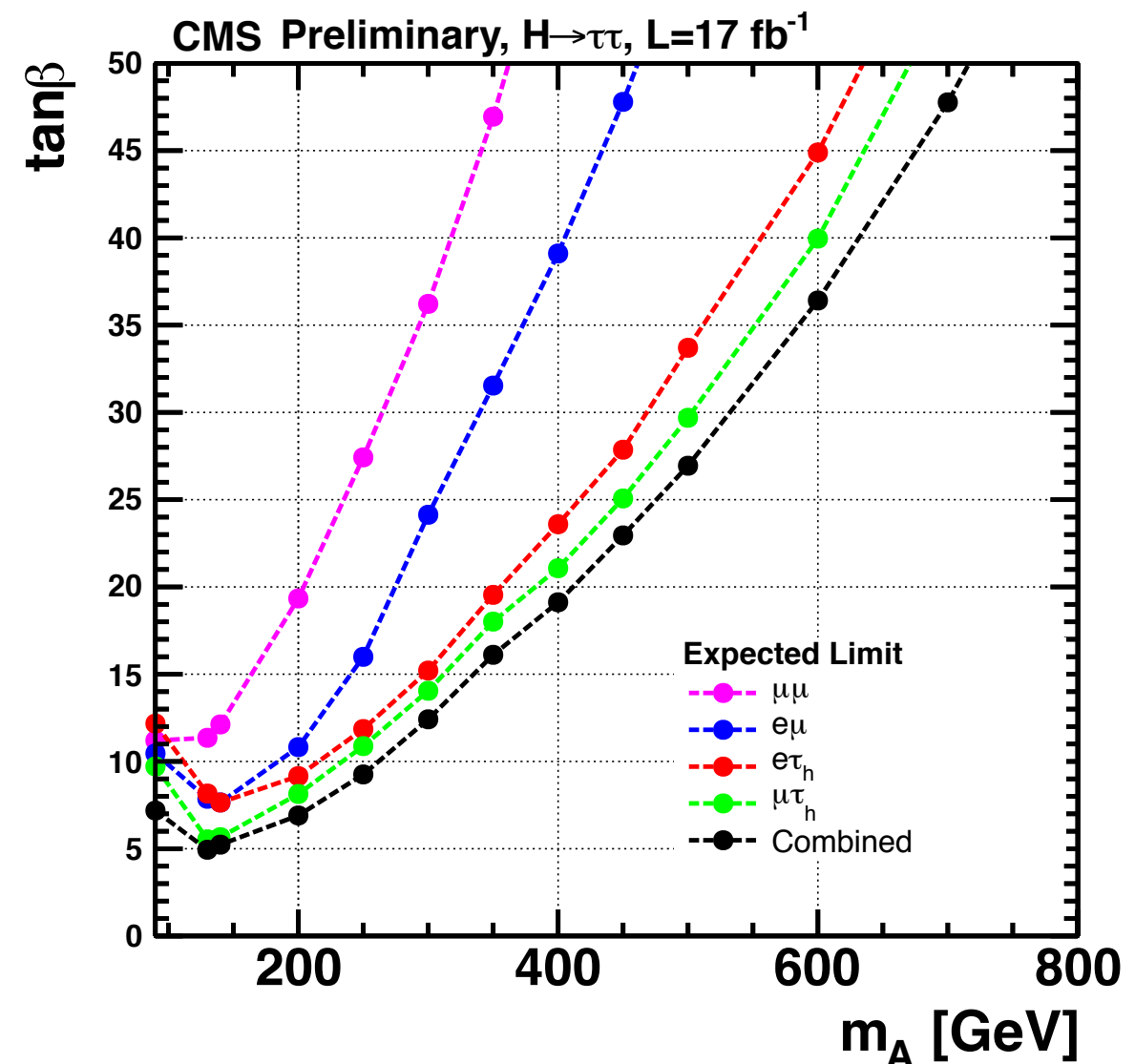
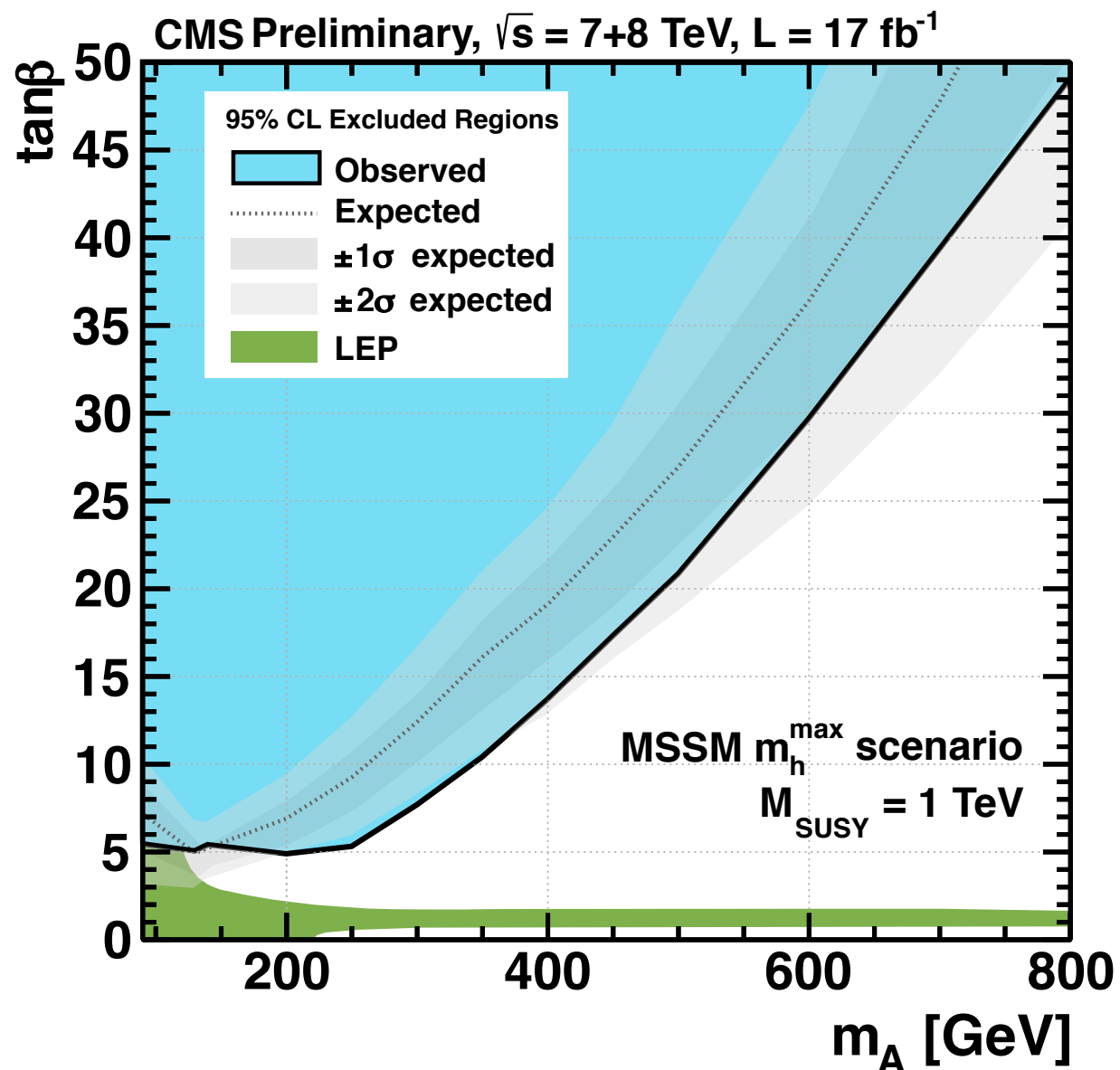
CMS PAS HIG-12-050



Analysis Strategy

- MSSM shares all the analysis strategy and background estimation with the SM search
- Then only difference is the event categorization:
 - **B-Tag:** at least 1 b-tagged jet with $p_T > 20$ GeV, maximum another jet with $p_T > 30$ GeV. Exploits the **enhanced bbH production** in the MSSM
 - **No B-Tag:** maximum 1 jet with $p_T > 30$ GeV, no b-tagged jets above 20 GeV

- m_A - $\tan\beta$ plot obtained scanning $\tan\beta$ for each m_A hypothesis
- The dependency of the limit to the other two Higgs bosons is included



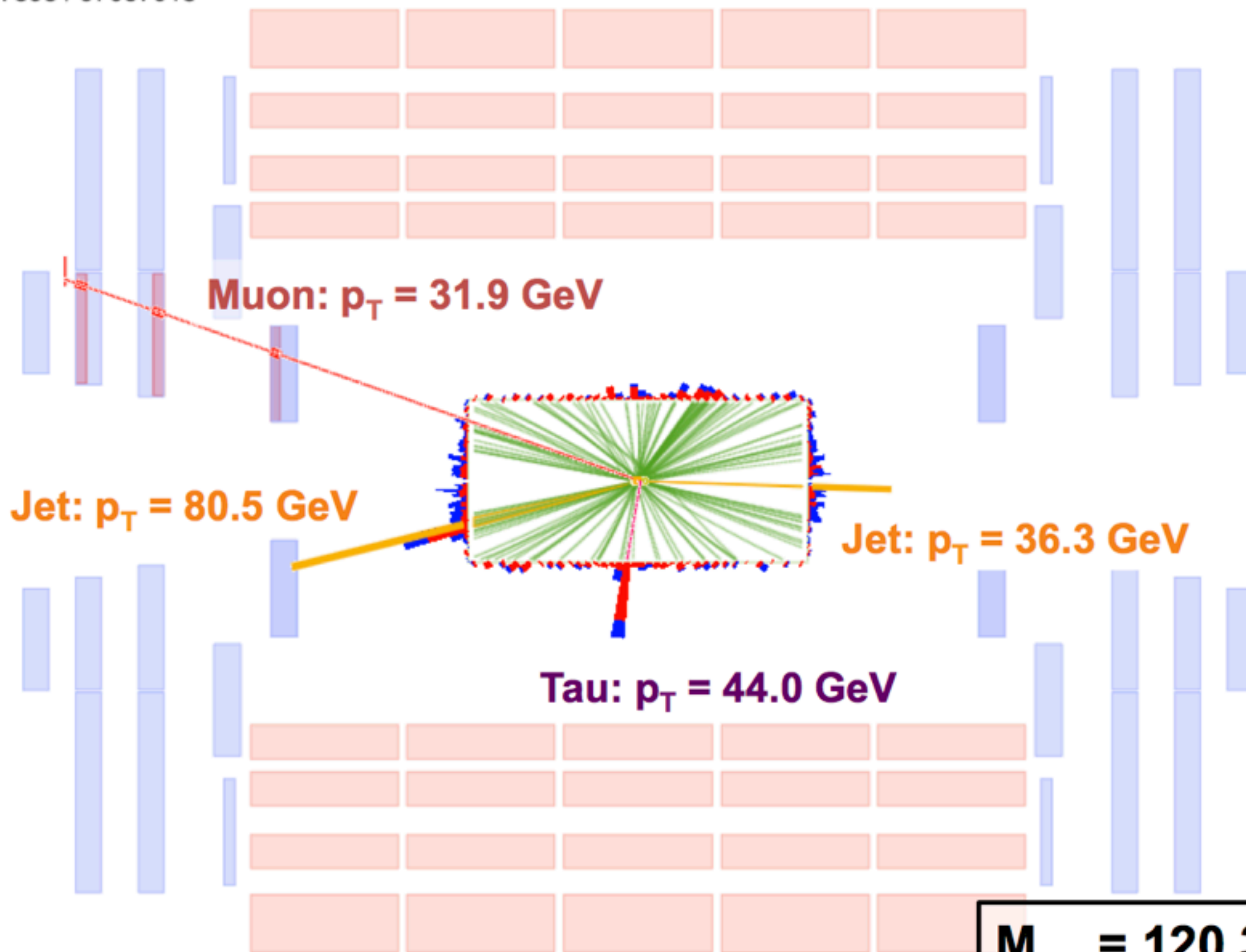
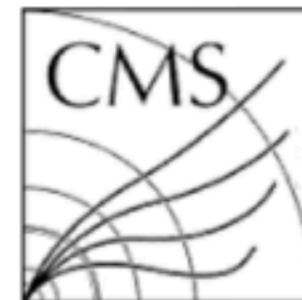


Summary

- **Broad excess compatible with SM Higgs is observed**
- 2.85σ away from null hypothesis at 125GeV
- Signal strength 1.1 ± 0.4
- Presented the current status of MSSM Higgs into taus search
 - No excess is observed

Final results coming!

THANK YOU



$M_{\tau\tau} = 120.3$ GeV

Back-up

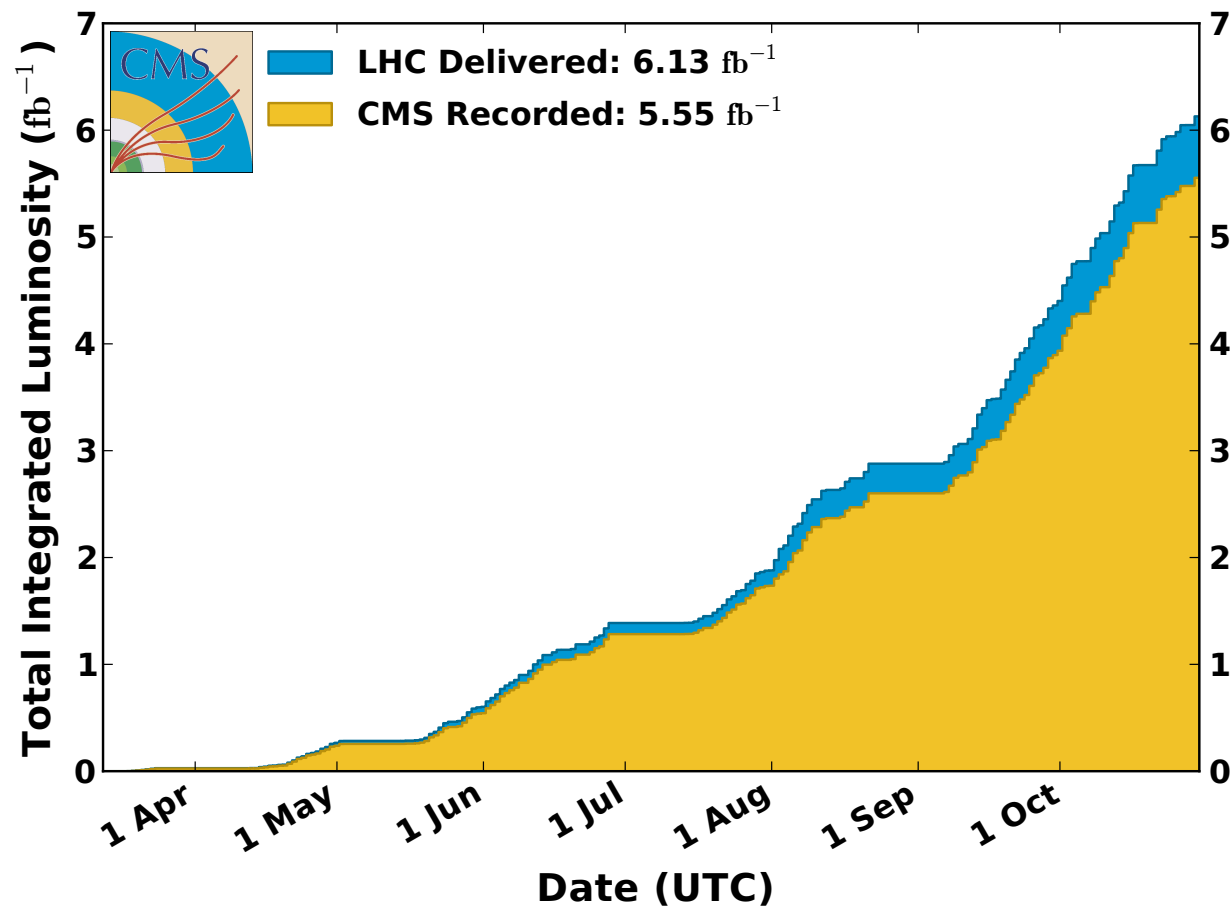


Luminosity



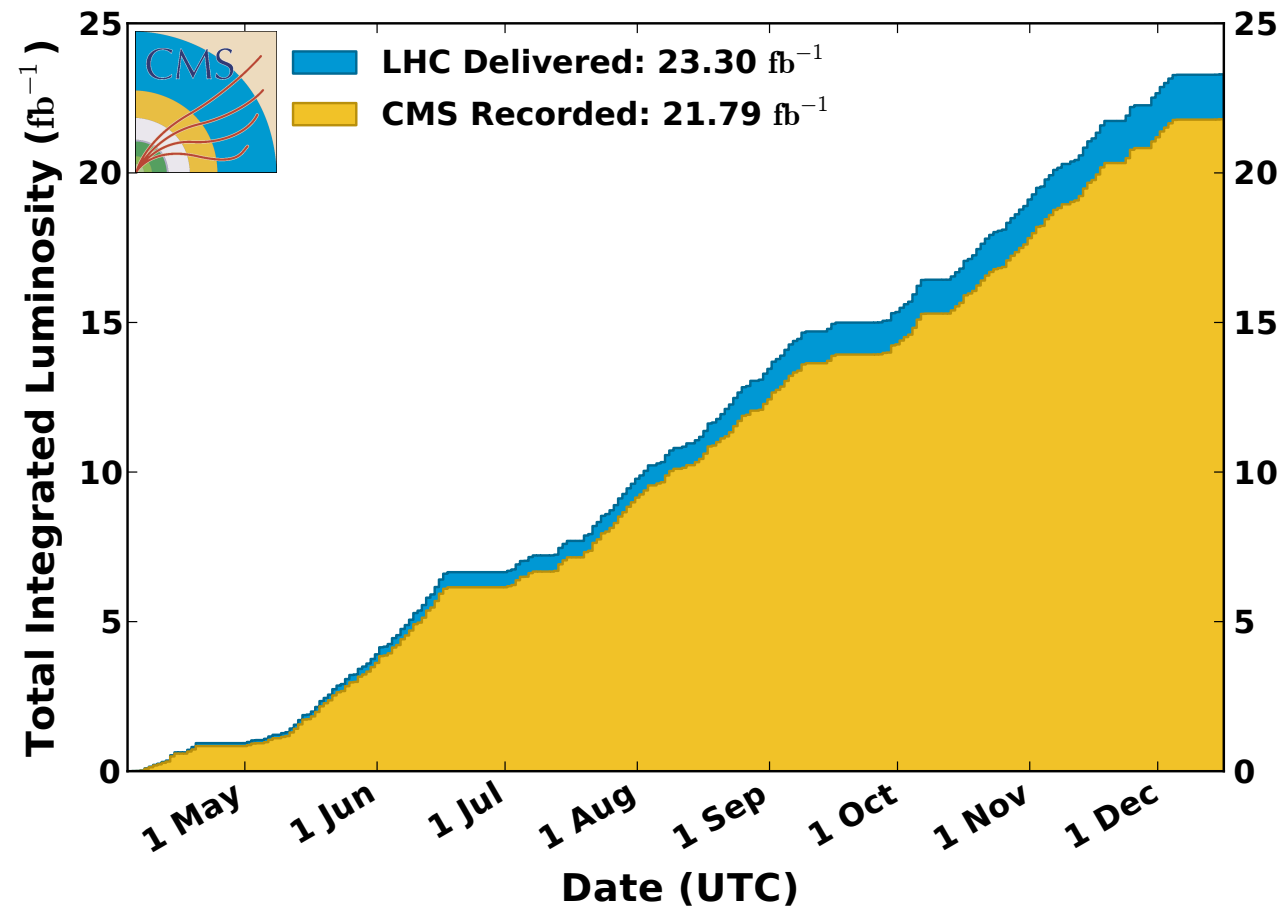
CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp, 2011, $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

Data included from 2011-03-13 17:00 to 2011-10-30 16:09 UTC



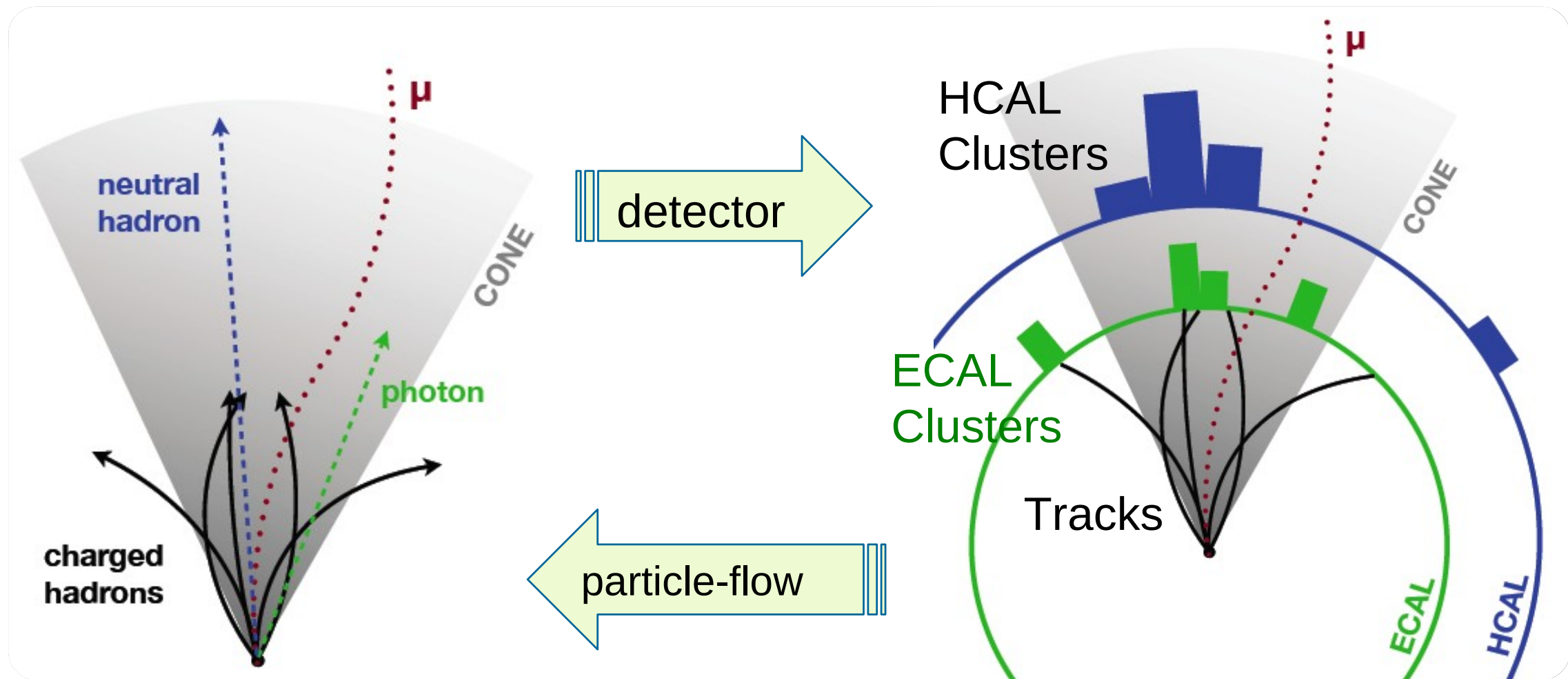
CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp, 2012, $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV

Data included from 2012-04-04 22:37 to 2012-12-16 20:49 UTC



After quality selection
4.9 / fb @ 7TeV (2011)
19.4 / fb @ 8TeV (2012)

Particle Flow



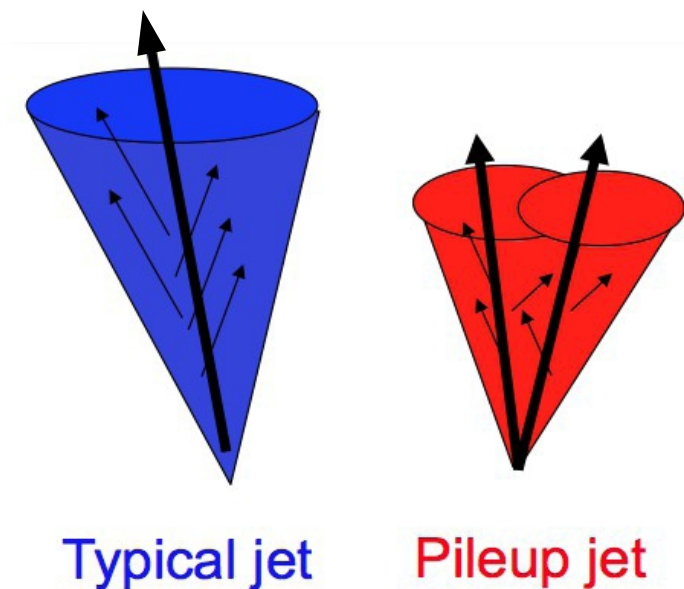


M_h^{Max}

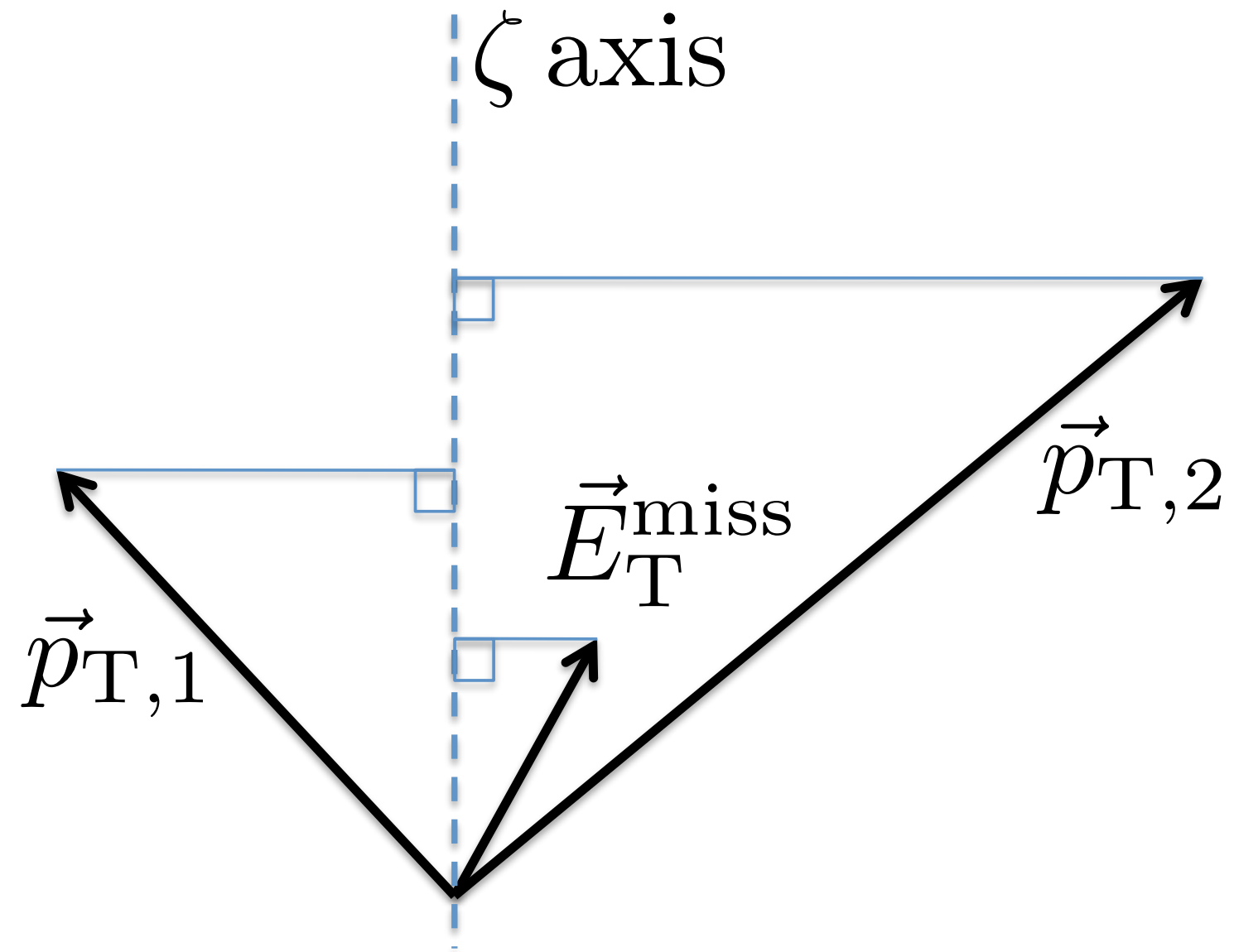


- Benchmark scenario
- Fixed parameters:
 - $M_{\text{SUSY}} = 1\text{TeV}$ - soft SUSY breaking squark mass
 - $X_t = 2\text{TeV}$ - stop trilinear coupling
 - $M_2 = 200\text{ GeV}$ - SU2 gaugino mass parameter
 - $\mu = 200\text{ GeV}$ - Higgs mixing parameter
 - $M_3 = 800\text{ GeV}$ - gluino mass parameter
- Why to use this scenario?
 - Link with past experiments: was used by LEP and Tevatron experiments
 - Allows a “heavy” light scalar higgs
 - Conservative in $m_A\text{-tan}\beta$ exclusion
 - SUSY QCD corrections are small: easier to compute xsections

- Used for event categorization
- Pile-up jets are usually softer
 - High E_T PU jets from jet superimposition
- PU jets rejected with the aid of an MVA
 - track-vertex association
 - jet shape
- Reduces background in VBF by a factor ~ 2

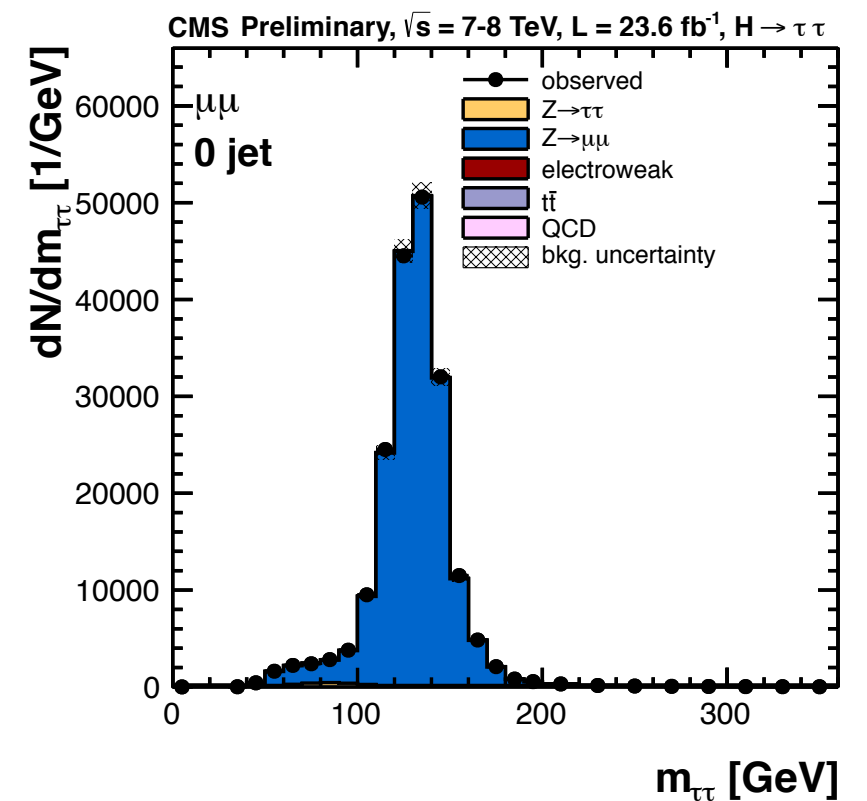
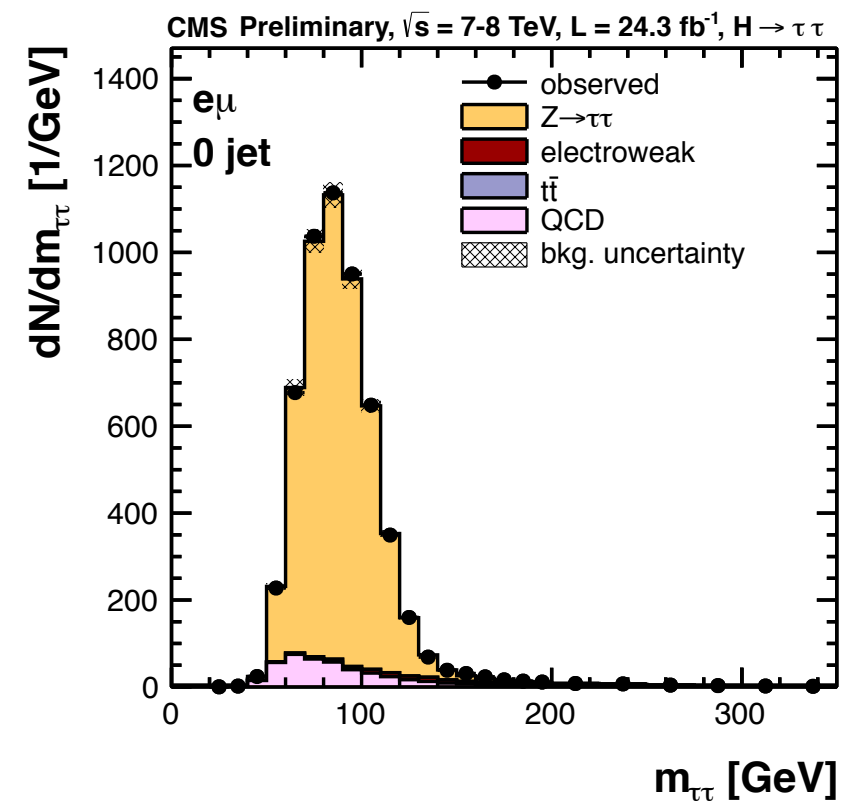
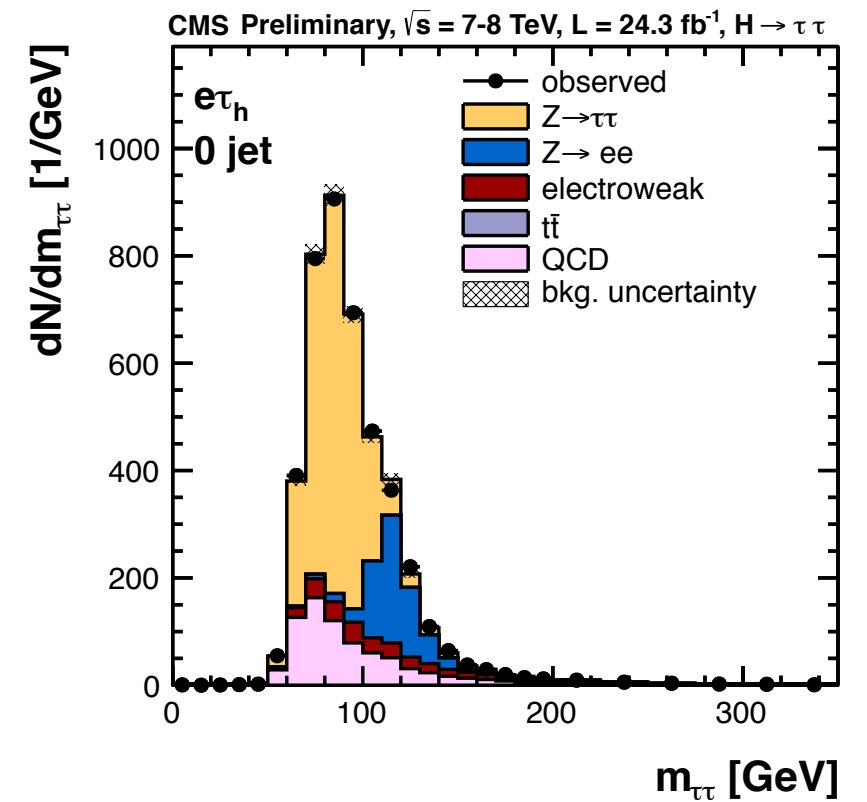
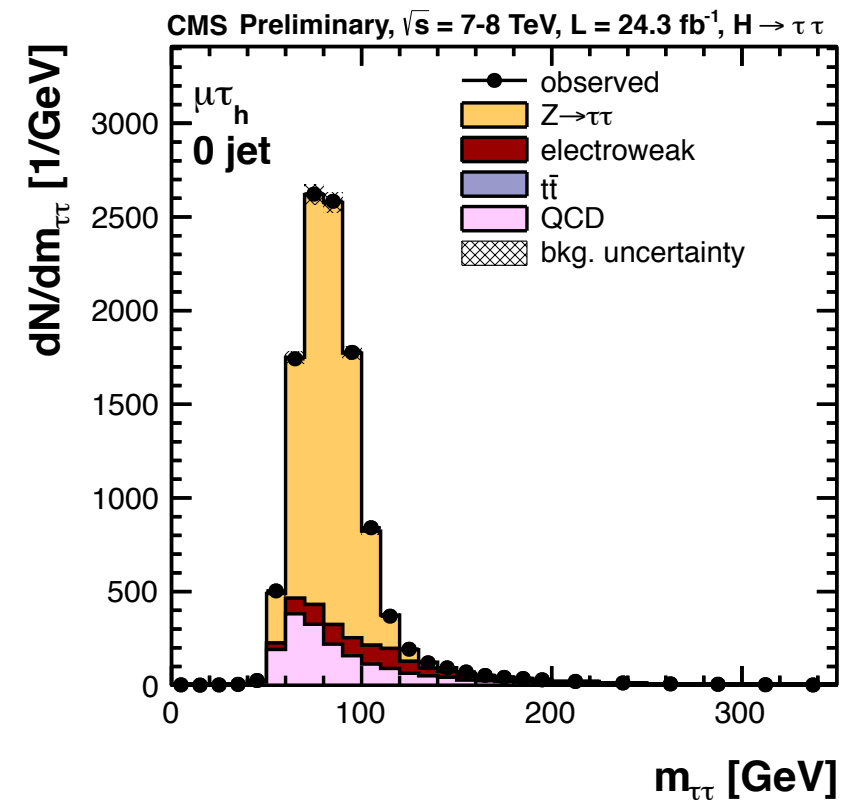


PZeta



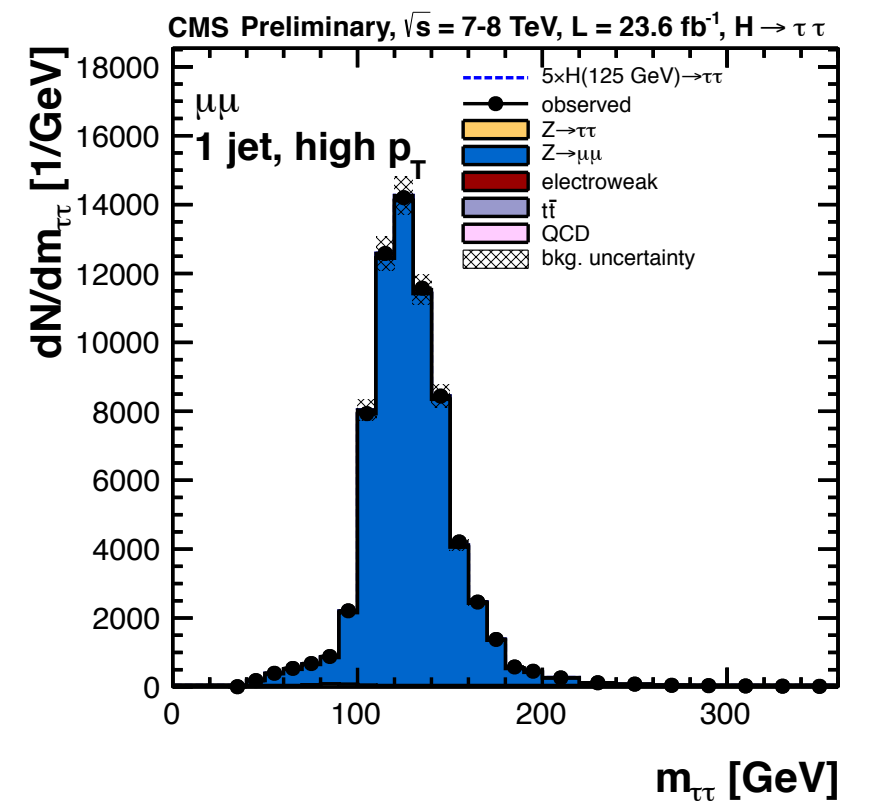
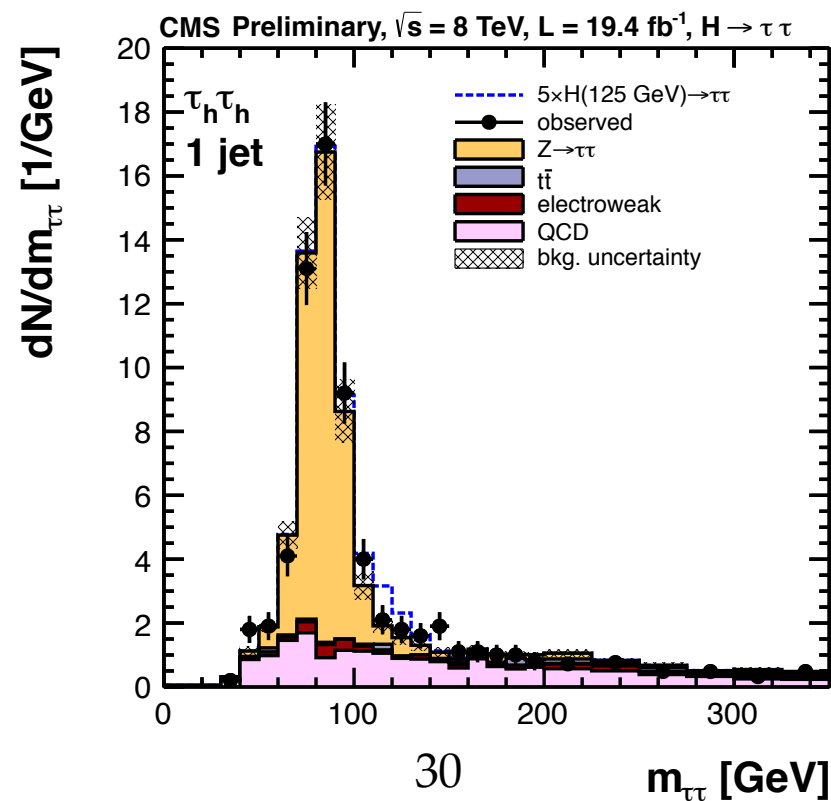
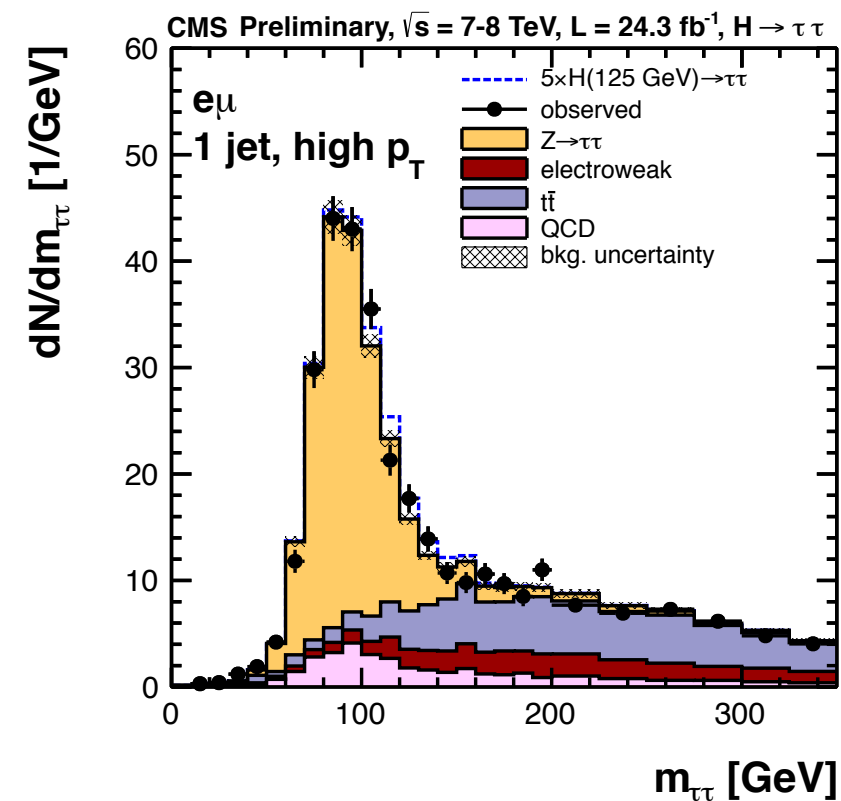
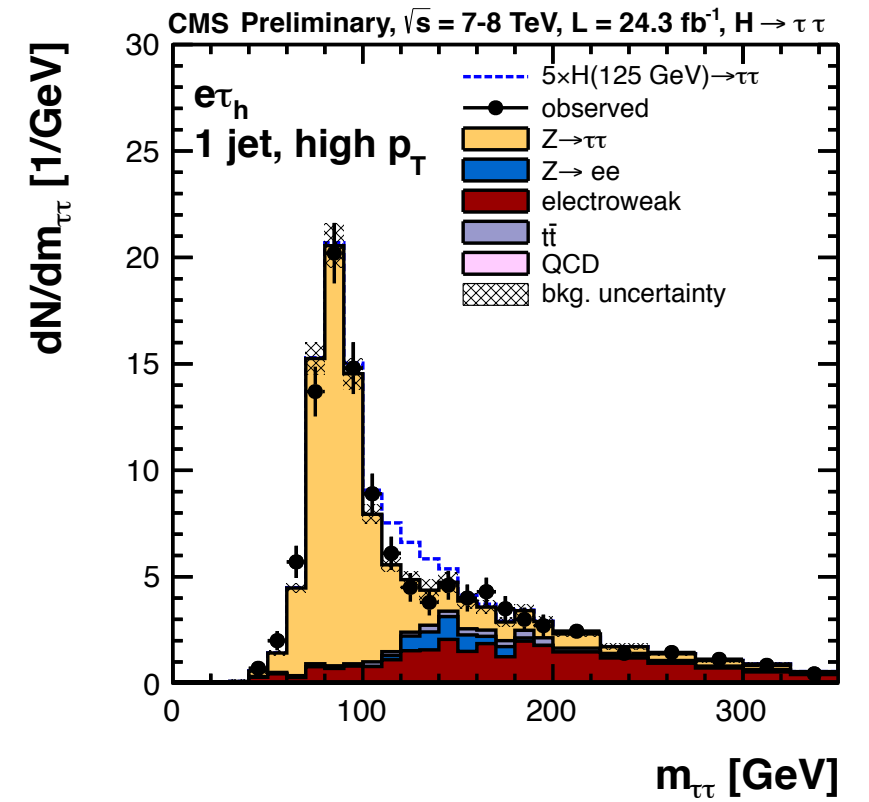
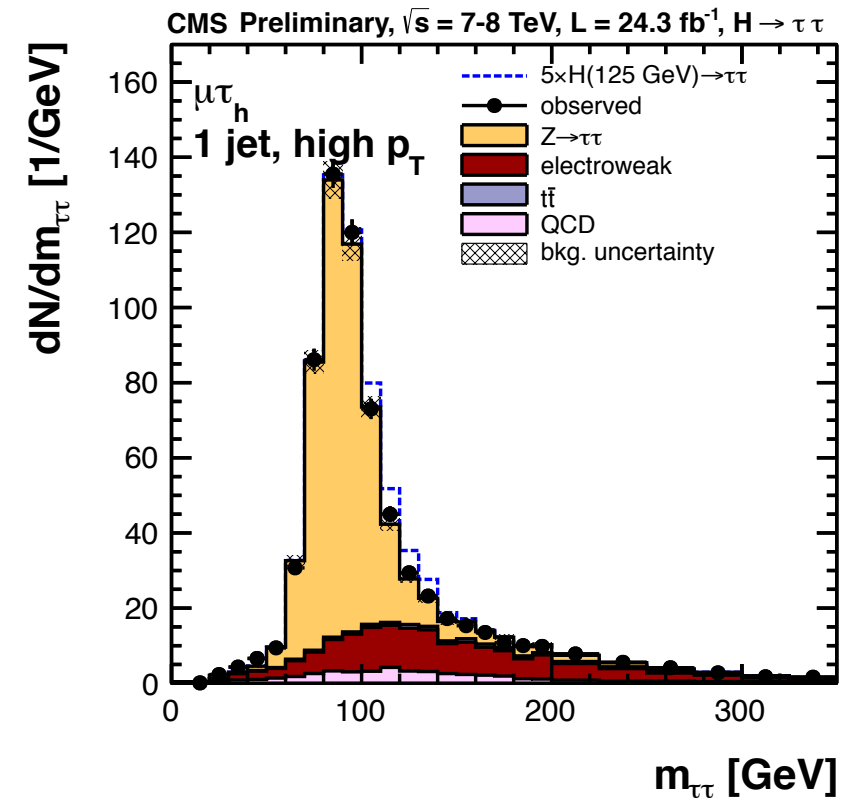


$H\tau\tau$ 0 Jet distributions

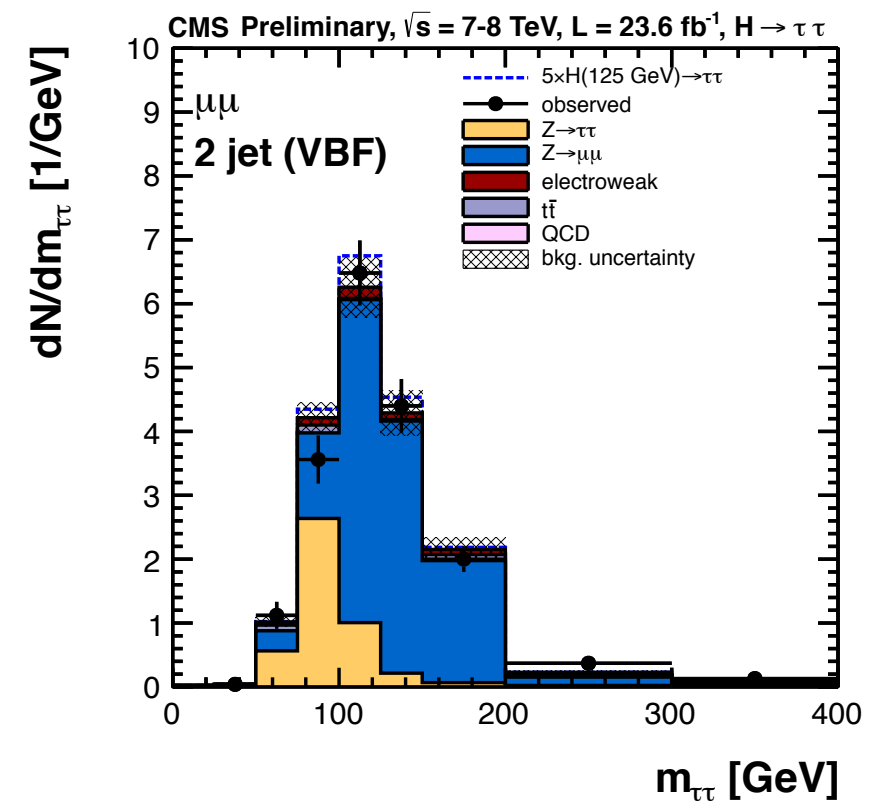
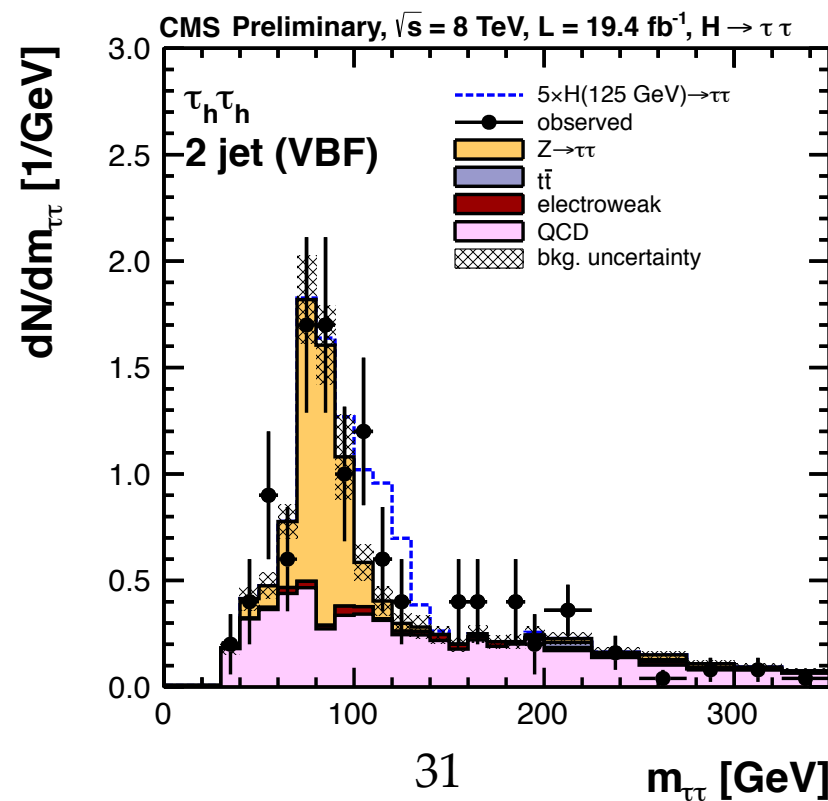
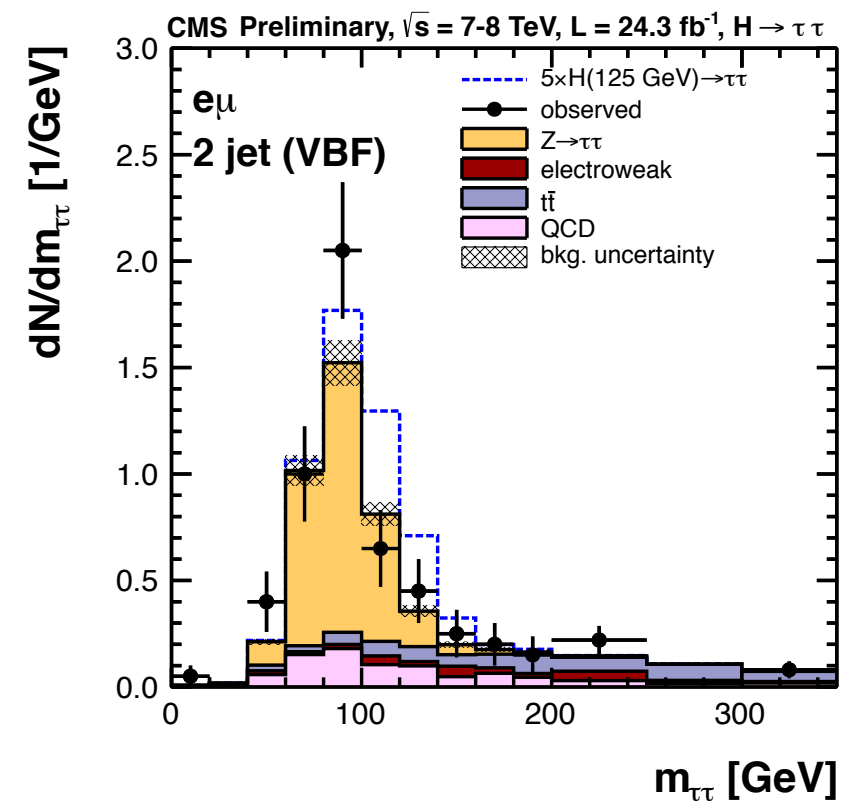
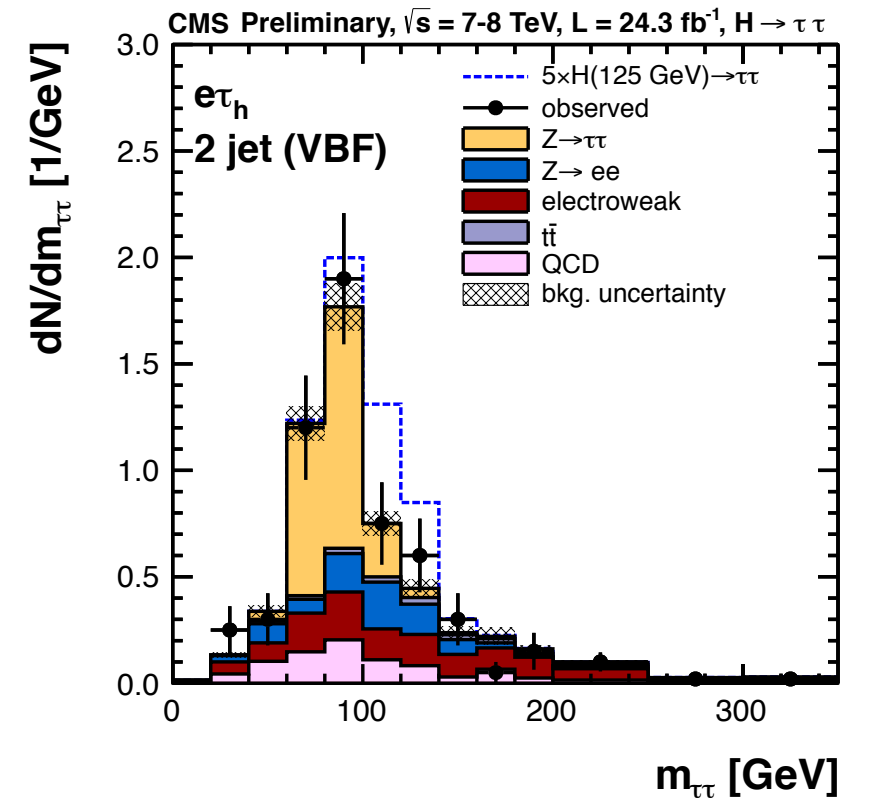
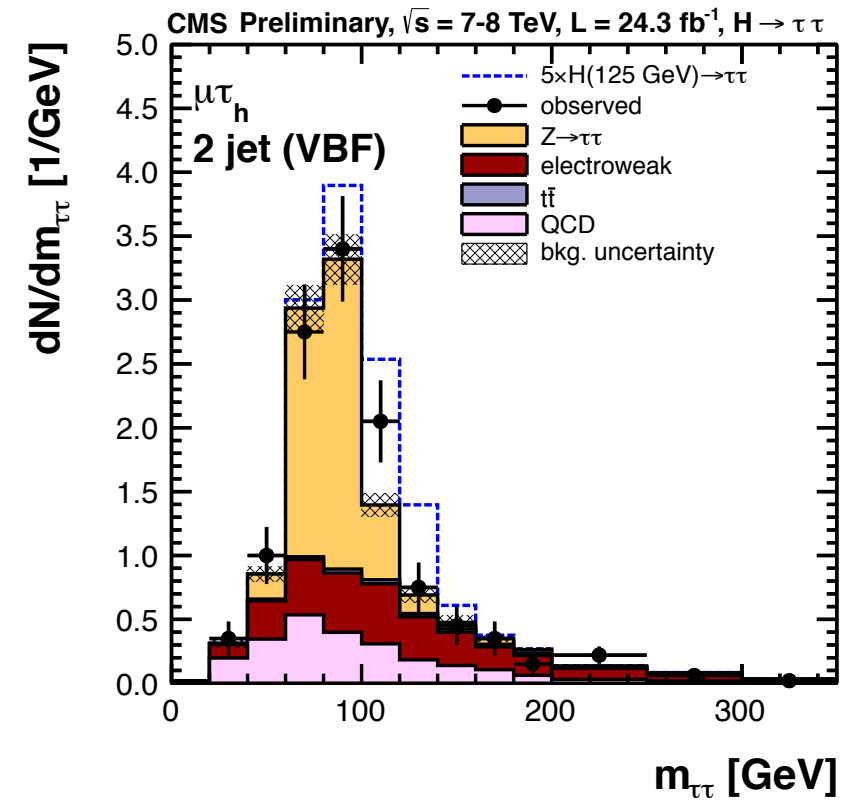




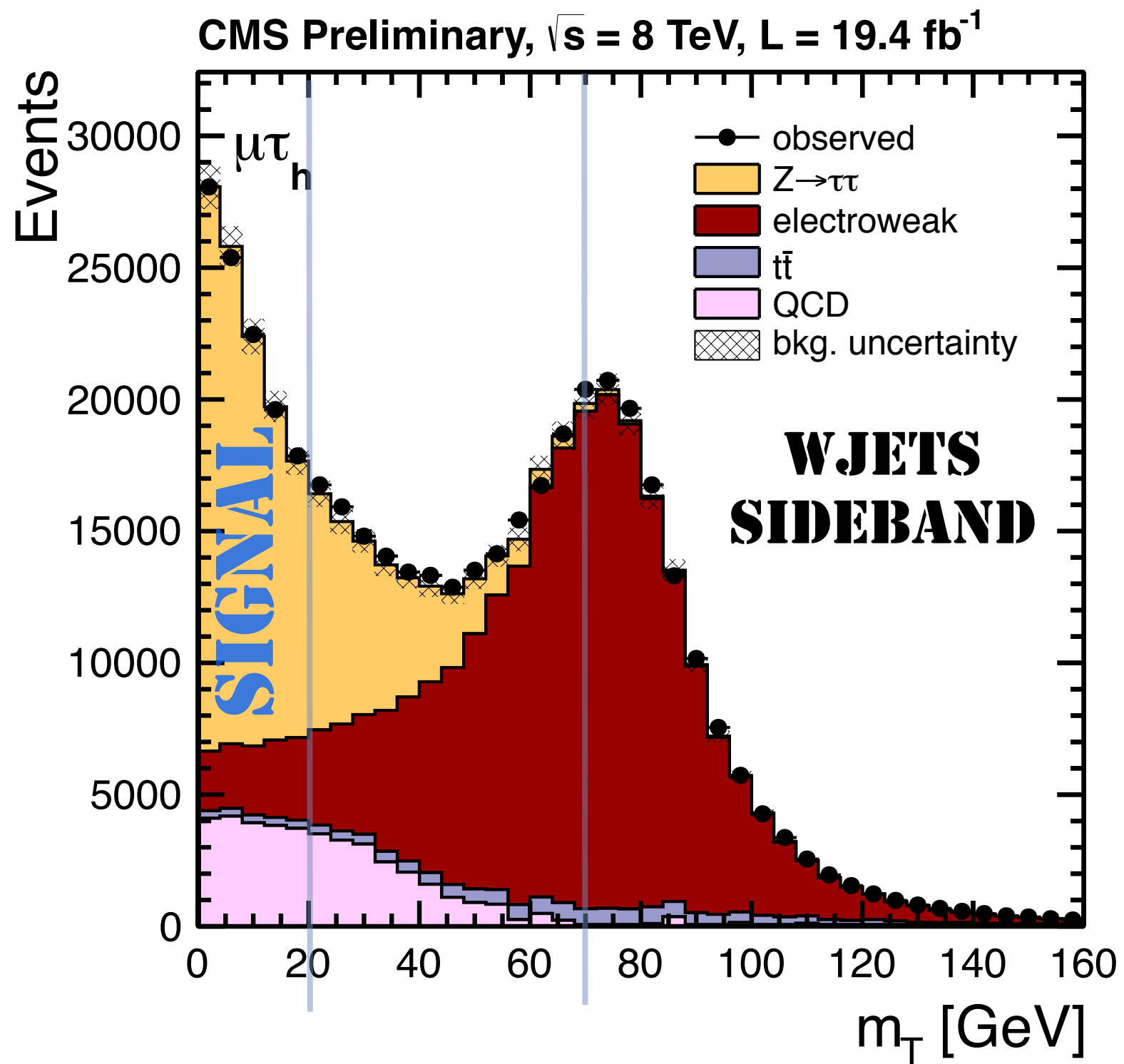
H $\tau\tau$ 1 Jet distributions



H $\tau\tau$ VBF distributions



M_T sidebands





Yields



$\mu\tau_h$			
Process	0-Jet	1-Jet high	VBF
$Z_{\tau\tau}$	84833 ± 1927	4686 ± 232	109 ± 11
QCD	18313 ± 478	481 ± 38	48 ± 7
EWK	8841 ± 653	1585 ± 153	63 ± 9
ttbar	11 ± 1	155 ± 11	5 ± 1
Total Bkg.	111998 ± 2090	6908 ± 281	225 ± 16
$H_{\tau\tau}$		73 ± 13	11 ± 2
Observed	112279	7011	240

$e\tau_h$			
Process	0-Jet	1-Jet high	VBF
$Z_{\tau\tau}$	25161 ± 708	792 ± 62	47 ± 6
QCD	7706 ± 307	3 ± 0.3	17 ± 4
EWK	9571 ± 510	365 ± 53	44 ± 6
ttbar	4 ± 0.5	47 ± 4	4 ± 1
Total Bkg.	42443 ± 924	1207 ± 82	113 ± 9
$H_{\tau\tau}$		15 ± 3	5 ± 1
Observed	42481	1217	117

$e\mu$			
Process	0-Jet	1-Jet high	VBF
$Z_{\tau\tau}$	48882 ± 1282	1830 ± 105	61 ± 6
QCD	4374 ± 249	395 ± 36	19 ± 2
EWK	1185 ± 89	461 ± 44	7 ± 1
ttbar	74 ± 5	1100 ± 66	19 ± 2
Total Bkg.	54514 ± 1309	3785 ± 137	105 ± 7
$H_{\tau\tau}$		23 ± 4	5 ± 0.6
Observed	54694	3774	118

$\mu\tau_h$			
Process	0-Jet	1-Jet high	VBF
$Z_{\mu\mu}$	$(19 \pm 5) \times 10^4$	$(68.5 \pm 2.7) \times 10^4$	380 ± 38
$Z_{\tau\tau}$	20669 ± 470	3888 ± 157	116 ± 9
QCD	1299 ± 226	561 ± 161	6 ± 11
EWK	4732 ± 1594	7827 ± 1297	22 ± 9
ttbar	4708 ± 2110	2168 ± 522	15 ± 5
Total Bkg.	$(195 \pm 5) \times 10^4$	$(69.9 \pm 2.7) \times 10^4$	539 ± 42
$H_{\tau\tau}$		37 ± 5	5 ± 1
Observed	1956931	700020	548



Yields



$\tau_h\tau_h$		
Process	1-Jet	VBF
Ztautau	428 ± 90	47 ± 28
QCD	210 ± 31	61 ± 10
EWK	41 ± 9	4 ± 1
ttbar	29 ± 6	2 ± 2
Total Bkg.	709 ± 95	114 ± 30
Htautau	9 ± 4	4 ± 2
Observed	718	120



VH Yields



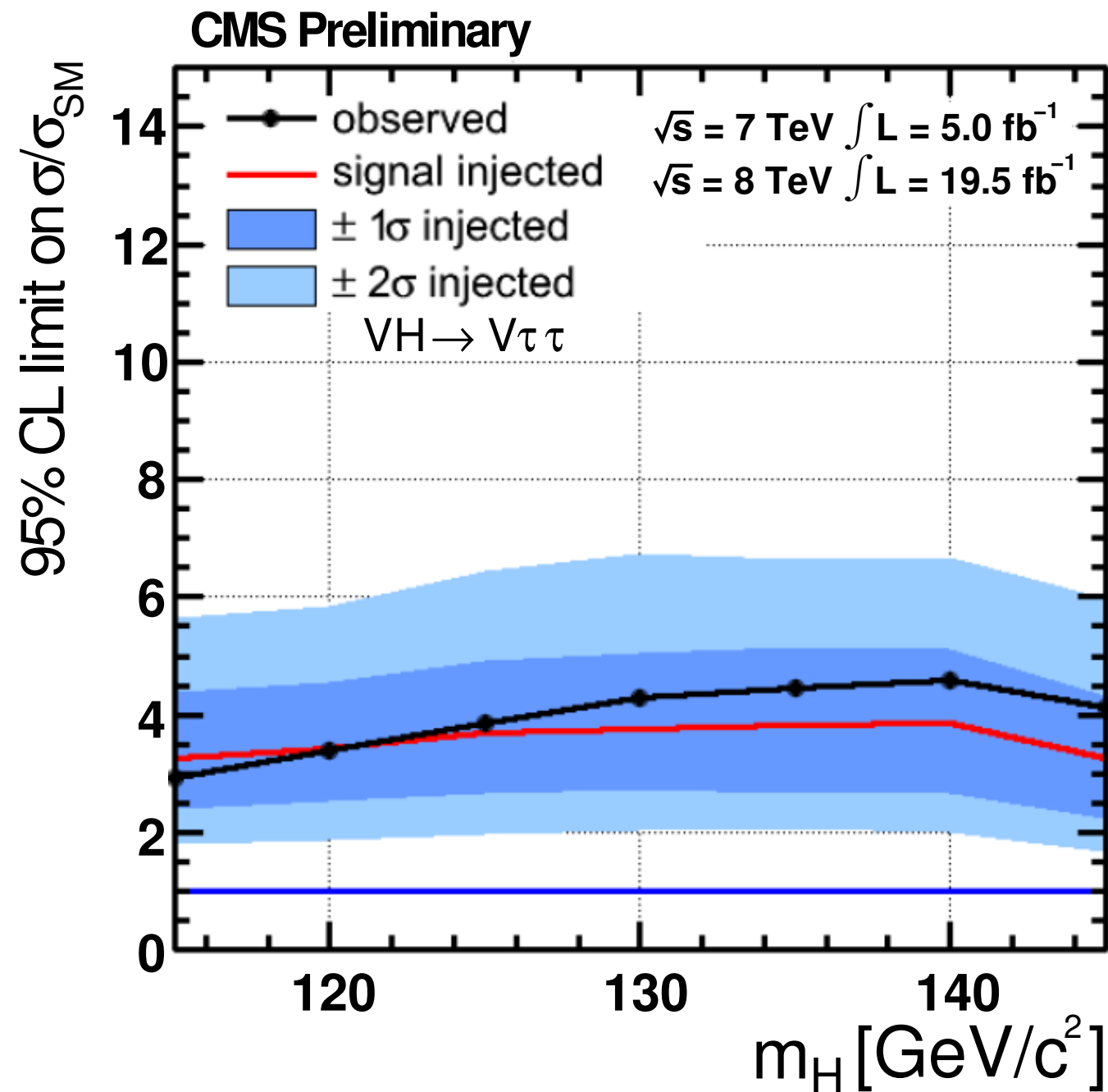
Process	$ll\tau_h$	$l\tau_h\tau_h$	$llLL$
Reducible backgrounds	26.3 ± 4.7	20.8 ± 4.2	25.2 ± 10.0
WZ	35.3 ± 3.9	6.3 ± 0.9	
ZZ	2.5 ± 0.3	0.39 ± 0.08	27.2 ± 3.8
Total bkg.	64.1 ± 6.2	27.5 ± 4.3	52 ± 11
$VH \rightarrow V\tau\tau (m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}/c^2)$	3.6 ± 0.4	1.2 ± 0.2	2.1 ± 0.2
$VH \rightarrow VWW (m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}/c^2)$	0.50 ± 0.05	0	1.13 ± 0.09
Observed	65	36	66



Fake-rate method

- The probability for a jet to pass the lepton / tau requirement is computed in a **signal-free** control region and **parametrized** (mainly in function of the object p_T)
- Each event failing the lepton requirements is then weighted.
- **Weighted events are used as reducible background estimation**

Injected signal limit





Limits

m_H [GeV/ c^2]	-2σ	-1σ	Median	$+1\sigma$	$+2\sigma$	Obs. Limit
115	1.50	1.99	2.76	3.83	5.09	2.91
120	1.56	2.07	2.87	3.98	5.29	3.38
125	1.68	2.24	3.10	4.31	5.72	3.87
130	1.74	2.31	3.20	4.45	5.91	4.29
135	1.79	2.38	3.30	4.58	6.08	4.46
140	1.81	2.40	3.33	4.62	6.14	4.60
145	1.60	2.13	2.95	4.09	5.44	4.11